

# NATIONAL ACCOUNTS YEARBOOK

## 2021

**Edited by** : **Directorate-General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics**  
**Executive Yuan, the Republic of China**  
No. 2, Guangzhou St., Zhongzheng District, Taipei City 10065, Taiwan,  
R.O.C.  
TEL : 886-2-2380-3466

**Printed on** : **January 2023**

**Price** : **NT\$150**

**This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial License ( Taiwan / v2.5). Uses are permitted with credit to the original and for the noncommercial purpose.**

**GPN 2005600002**

**ISSN 1011-2146**

第 1 表 國內生產毛額與國民所得  
Table 1. Gross Domestic Product and National Income

年  Year	國內生產毛額 Gross Domestic Product					國民所得毛額 GNI		國民所得 National Income	
	當期價格 At Current Prices			連鎖實質值 (105年為參考年) Chained (2016) Dollars		當期價格 At Current Prices		當期價格 At Current Prices	
	金額 (百萬元)	年增率 (%)	折合美金 (百萬元)	金額 (百萬元)	年增率 (經濟成長率)	金額 (百萬元)	折合美金 (百萬元)	金額 (百萬元)	折合美金 (百萬元)
	Amount (Million NT\$)	Annual Change Rate (%)	Amount (Million US\$)	Amount (Million NT\$)	Annual Change Rate (Economic Growth Rate) (%)	Amount (Million NT\$)	Amount (Million US\$)	Amount (Million NT\$)	Amount (Million US\$)
40年 1951	12 327	—	1 197	156 918	—	12 320	1 196	12 276	1 192
50年 1961	71 122	12.19	1 778	349 761	7.05	71 039	1 776	67 543	1 689
60年 1971	269 084	16.29	6 727	985 232	13.43	268 962	6 724	251 184	6 280
70年 1981	1 804 431	18.52	49 047	2 512 595	7.10	1 794 778	48 784	1 612 497	43 830
73年 1984	2 418 240	11.47	61 036	3 159 591	10.05	2 448 215	61 792	2 205 432	55 665
74年 1985	2 535 056	4.83	63 599	3 311 483	4.81	2 582 170	64 781	2 326 610	58 370
75年 1986	2 965 448	16.98	78 347	3 692 701	11.51	3 042 373	80 380	2 772 721	73 256
76年 1987	3 344 935	12.80	104 956	4 163 551	12.75	3 418 256	107 256	3 108 455	97 535
77年 1988	3 615 662	8.09	126 378	4 497 627	8.02	3 713 008	129 780	3 383 964	118 279
78年 1989	4 032 464	11.53	152 687	4 889 907	8.72	4 133 153	156 500	3 791 784	143 574
79年 1990	4 474 288	10.96	166 392	5 160 859	5.54	4 591 514	170 752	4 178 789	155 403
80年 1991	5 018 019	12.15	187 100	5 592 915	8.37	5 153 461	192 150	4 682 161	174 577
81年 1992	5 609 357	11.78	222 947	6 057 698	8.31	5 729 967	227 741	5 146 484	204 550
82年 1993	6 200 154	10.53	234 943	6 470 467	6.81	6 313 988	239 257	5 676 853	215 114
83年 1994	6 779 396	9.34	256 213	6 955 940	7.50	6 886 649	260 266	6 201 831	234 385
84年 1995	7 391 062	9.02	279 013	7 407 974	6.50	7 501 637	283 188	6 715 711	253 519
85年 1996	8 031 305	8.66	292 473	7 865 538	6.18	8 140 368	296 445	7 297 677	265 757
86年 1997	8 705 149	8.39	303 315	8 341 508	6.05	8 793 900	306 408	7 895 859	275 117
87年 1998	9 366 337	7.60	279 926	8 692 254	4.20	9 433 416	281 931	8 374 791	250 293
88年 1999	9 804 503	4.68	303 827	9 277 419	6.73	9 893 116	306 573	8 745 179	271 000
89年 2000	10 328 549	5.34	330 725	9 863 229	6.31	10 465 202	335 101	9 229 455	295 532
90年 2001	10 119 429	-2.02	299 303	9 724 993	-1.40	10 308 613	304 898	8 979 918	265 599
91年 2002	10 630 911	5.05	307 429	10 258 057	5.48	10 867 017	314 257	9 448 363	273 232
92年 2003	10 924 029	2.76	317 374	10 691 422	4.22	11 246 157	326 733	9 833 040	285 678
93年 2004	11 596 241	6.15	346 881	11 434 651	6.95	11 959 648	357 752	10 396 797	311 002
94年 2005	12 036 675	3.80	374 042	12 050 225	5.38	12 321 781	382 902	10 656 342	331 148
95年 2006	12 572 587	4.45	386 492	12 745 595	5.77	12 878 527	395 897	11 044 201	339 508
96年 2007	13 363 917	6.29	406 940	13 618 739	6.85	13 689 358	416 850	11 540 037	351 402
97年 2008	13 115 096	-1.86	415 824	13 727 568	0.80	13 420 912	425 520	11 097 384	351 851
98年 2009	12 919 445	-1.49	390 788	13 506 148	-1.61	13 321 803	402 958	10 922 061	330 371
99年 2010	14 060 345	8.83	444 245	14 889 912	10.25	14 476 060	457 379	12 131 269	383 294
100年 2011	14 262 201	1.44	483 957	15 436 975	3.67	14 634 307	496 583	12 227 309	414 907
101年 2012	14 677 765	2.91	495 536	15 779 909	2.22	15 109 951	510 127	12 496 672	421 900
102年 2013	15 270 728	4.04	512 957	16 171 821	2.48	15 673 232	526 477	13 194 356	443 210
103年 2014	16 258 047	6.47	535 332	16 935 007	4.72	16 697 152	549 791	14 212 193	467 968
104年 2015	17 055 080	4.90	534 474	17 183 235	1.47	17 494 741	548 253	14 860 645	465 705
105年 2016	17 555 268	2.93	543 002	17 555 268	2.17	18 006 409	556 957	15 305 453	473 413
106年 2017	17 983 347	2.44	590 780	18 136 589	3.31	18 430 708	605 477	15 733 800	516 879
107年 2018	18 375 022	2.18	609 251	18 642 014	2.79	18 789 823	623 005	15 968 442	529 458
108年 2019	18 908 632	2.90	611 336	19 213 196	3.06	19 384 783	626 731	16 312 542	527 402
109年 2020	19 914 806	5.32	673 252	19 863 877	3.39	20 486 586	692 582	17 232 544	582 574
110年 2021	21 738 982	9.16	775 838	21 160 524	6.53	22 197 466	792 201	18 806 943	671 197

說明：連鎖實質值不具可加性，不宜用以計算實質分配比。

第 2 表 平均每人所得與消費  
Table 2. Per Capita Income and Consumption

當期價格

At Current Prices

年  Year	平均每人國民所得毛額 Per Capita GNI			平均每人國民所得 Per Capita National Income			平均每人民間消費支出 Per Capita Private Final Consumption		
	金額 (元)	年增率 (%)	折合美金 (美元)	金額 (元)	年增率 (%)	折合美金 (美元)	金額 (元)	年增率 (%)	折合美金 (美元)
	Amount  (NT\$)	Annual Change Rate  (%)	Amount  (US\$)	Amount  (NT\$)	Annual Change Rate  (%)	Amount  (US\$)	Amount  (NT\$)	Annual Change Rate  (%)	Amount  (US\$)
40年 1951	1 588	—	154	1 582	—	154	1 157	—	112
50年 1961	6 440	8.42	161	6 123	8.01	153	4 331	7.95	108
60年 1971	18 035	13.86	451	16 843	13.61	421	9 687	9.21	242
70年 1981	99 544	15.92	2 706	89 434	16.15	2 431	51 381	17.01	1 397
73年 1984	129 331	11.03	3 264	116 505	11.68	2 941	62 744	7.79	1 584
74年 1985	134 548	4.03	3 376	121 231	4.06	3 041	65 592	4.54	1 646
75年 1986	156 731	16.49	4 141	142 839	17.82	3 774	70 169	6.98	1 854
76年 1987	174 249	11.18	5 468	158 457	10.93	4 972	78 262	11.53	2 456
77年 1988	187 150	7.40	6 541	170 565	7.64	5 962	89 153	13.92	3 116
78年 1989	206 086	10.12	7 803	189 065	10.85	7 159	103 975	16.63	3 937
79年 1990	226 418	9.87	8 420	206 065	8.99	7 663	115 464	11.05	4 294
80年 1991	251 345	11.01	9 372	228 358	10.82	8 514	127 865	10.74	4 768
81年 1992	276 753	10.11	11 000	248 572	8.85	9 880	143 437	12.18	5 701
82年 1993	302 119	9.17	11 448	271 633	9.28	10 293	157 972	10.13	5 986
83年 1994	326 588	8.10	12 343	294 112	8.28	11 115	176 163	11.52	6 658
84年 1995	352 725	8.00	13 315	315 771	7.36	11 920	186 626	5.94	7 045
85年 1996	379 656	7.64	13 826	340 354	7.79	12 395	203 906	9.26	7 426
86年 1997	406 483	7.07	14 163	364 972	7.23	12 717	219 234	7.52	7 639
87年 1998	432 018	6.28	12 911	383 537	5.09	11 463	234 303	6.87	7 002
88年 1999	449 473	4.04	13 929	397 319	3.59	12 312	245 064	4.59	7 594
89年 2000	471 734	4.95	15 105	416 031	4.71	13 322	257 199	4.95	8 236
90年 2001	461 419	-2.19	13 647	401 946	-3.39	11 888	257 619	0.16	7 620
91年 2002	483 770	4.84	13 990	420 616	4.64	12 164	264 992	2.86	7 663
92年 2003	498 441	3.03	14 481	435 810	3.61	12 662	270 289	2.00	7 853
93年 2004	528 094	5.95	15 797	459 084	5.34	13 733	286 490	5.99	8 570
94年 2005	542 099	2.65	16 846	468 828	2.12	14 569	298 293	4.12	9 270
95年 2006	564 267	4.09	17 346	483 897	3.21	14 875	304 188	1.98	9 351
96年 2007	597 334	5.86	18 189	503 548	4.06	15 333	313 787	3.16	9 555
97年 2008	583 576	-2.30	18 503	482 543	-4.17	15 299	315 264	0.47	9 996
98年 2009	577 241	-1.09	17 460	473 259	-1.92	14 315	310 358	-1.56	9 388
99年 2010	625 560	8.37	19 765	524 234	10.77	16 563	323 280	4.16	10 214
100年 2011	630 965	0.86	21 410	527 186	0.56	17 889	335 222	3.69	11 375
101年 2012	649 322	2.91	21 922	537 021	1.87	18 130	344 466	2.76	11 630
102年 2013	671 384	3.40	22 552	565 198	5.25	18 985	353 073	2.50	11 860
103年 2014	713 443	6.26	23 492	607 264	7.44	19 996	367 586	4.11	12 104
104年 2015	745 634	4.51	23 367	633 367	4.30	19 849	374 530	1.89	11 737
105年 2016	765 711	2.69	23 684	650 854	2.76	20 132	386 209	3.12	11 946
106年 2017	782 437	2.18	25 704	667 945	2.63	21 943	395 902	2.51	13 006
107年 2018	796 852	1.84	26 421	677 201	1.39	22 454	407 568	2.95	13 514
108年 2019	821 527	3.10	26 561	691 326	2.09	22 351	418 844	2.77	13 542
109年 2020	868 732	5.75	29 369	730 744	5.70	24 704	407 134	-2.80	13 764
110年 2021	945 850	8.88	33 756	801 377	9.67	28 600	413 201	1.49	14 747

**第 3 表 各業生產毛額結構**  
**Table 3. Composition of Gross Domestic Product by Kind of Activity**

當期價格  
At Current Prices

單位：% Unit : %

年 Year	國內生 產毛額 (不含統 計差異) GDP (SD is not included)	農業 Agri- cul- ture	工業 In- dustry			服務業 Ser- vices					
			製造業 Manu- fac- turing	電力及 燃氣供 應業 Electricity and Gas Supply	營建 工程業 Con- struc- tion	批發及 零售業 Wholesale and Retail Trade	運輸及 倉儲業 Transpor- tation and Storage	金融及 保險業 Financial and Insurance Activities	公共行政及 國防：強制 性社會安全 Public Admi- nistration and Defence; Co- mpulsory So- cial Security		
71年 1982	100.00	7.69	43.03	32.69	4.07	4.80	49.28	12.57	4.22	3.46	9.09
72年 1983	100.00	7.25	44.06	33.92	4.33	4.44	48.69	12.21	4.23	3.08	8.70
73年 1984	100.00	6.25	45.18	35.55	4.28	4.07	48.56	12.21	4.48	3.21	8.48
74年 1985	100.00	5.71	44.73	35.11	4.49	3.91	49.56	12.18	4.64	3.79	8.62
75年 1986	100.00	5.39	46.03	37.73	3.70	3.52	48.58	11.87	4.41	3.77	7.75
76年 1987	100.00	5.22	45.29	36.86	3.69	3.67	49.49	11.73	4.41	4.44	7.39
77年 1988	100.00	4.95	43.16	34.86	3.25	3.96	51.89	12.04	4.59	5.20	7.88
78年 1989	100.00	4.76	40.61	32.38	3.01	4.21	54.63	12.03	4.50	7.02	8.15
79年 1990	100.00	4.00	39.22	31.10	2.81	4.36	56.78	12.71	4.37	7.38	8.81
80年 1991	100.00	3.64	38.78	30.77	2.77	4.29	57.59	12.93	4.37	6.66	9.02
81年 1992	100.00	3.46	37.26	29.17	2.64	4.43	59.28	13.40	4.30	7.03	8.77
82年 1993	100.00	3.49	36.30	27.93	2.58	4.72	60.21	13.40	4.22	7.24	8.53
83年 1994	100.00	3.35	34.80	26.48	2.49	4.92	61.85	13.66	4.26	7.91	8.27
84年 1995	100.00	3.31	33.62	25.53	2.41	4.81	63.06	14.35	4.26	7.42	8.35
85年 1996	100.00	3.04	32.99	25.46	2.31	4.43	63.97	14.78	4.30	7.56	8.35
86年 1997	100.00	2.44	32.67	25.37	2.23	4.27	64.89	15.06	4.29	8.59	8.09
87年 1998	100.00	2.36	32.15	25.19	2.23	3.93	65.49	15.56	4.30	8.22	7.94
88年 1999	100.00	2.44	31.07	24.67	2.12	3.52	66.49	16.20	4.34	8.45	7.95
89年 2000	100.00	2.02	30.94	25.25	1.92	3.08	67.05	16.91	4.02	8.16	7.89
90年 2001	100.00	1.90	28.89	23.59	1.96	2.65	69.21	16.82	4.09	8.16	8.31
91年 2002	100.00	1.81	30.66	25.52	1.95	2.47	67.53	16.48	4.00	7.90	7.95
92年 2003	100.00	1.70	31.59	26.71	1.85	2.31	66.71	16.29	3.74	7.41	8.05
93年 2004	100.00	1.66	32.24	27.49	1.53	2.48	66.10	16.71	3.69	7.43	7.76
94年 2005	100.00	1.64	31.76	27.22	1.43	2.36	66.60	17.23	3.46	7.52	7.71
95年 2006	100.00	1.59	31.83	27.15	1.26	2.65	66.58	17.47	3.17	7.17	7.54
96年 2007	100.00	1.47	32.52	27.99	1.02	2.68	66.01	17.52	3.14	7.14	7.18
97年 2008	100.00	1.57	30.87	26.97	0.31	2.74	67.56	17.91	3.02	7.03	7.53
98年 2009	100.00	1.70	31.08	26.29	1.47	2.50	67.22	17.44	2.88	6.23	7.71
99年 2010	100.00	1.61	33.39	28.67	1.30	2.60	65.00	16.89	3.09	6.19	7.29
100年 2011	100.00	1.74	32.62	28.27	0.88	2.67	65.64	17.14	2.85	6.37	7.30
101年 2012	100.00	1.70	32.66	28.33	0.92	2.62	65.64	16.85	2.91	6.40	7.29
102年 2013	100.00	1.73	33.72	29.12	1.31	2.57	64.54	16.78	2.81	6.36	6.85
103年 2014	100.00	1.85	35.57	30.94	1.46	2.51	62.57	15.95	2.86	6.45	6.40
104年 2015	100.00	1.76	36.29	31.42	1.78	2.47	61.95	15.65	3.03	6.46	6.11
105年 2016	100.00	1.87	36.87	32.22	1.69	2.34	61.27	15.25	2.91	6.41	5.98
106年 2017	100.00	1.82	36.83	32.53	1.34	2.31	61.35	15.40	3.03	6.53	5.83
107年 2018	100.00	1.69	36.31	32.13	1.14	2.39	62.00	15.55	2.96	6.66	5.83
108年 2019	100.00	1.68	35.46	30.96	1.19	2.66	62.86	15.73	2.99	6.76	5.84
109年 2020	100.00	1.58	37.32	32.30	1.49	2.87	61.10	15.46	2.78	6.71	5.74
110年 2021	100.00	1.43	38.76	34.01	1.10	3.05	59.81	15.49	3.83	6.72	5.46

說明：SD係統計差異(Statistical Discrepancy)。

**第4表 各業生產毛額實質成長率**  
**Table 4. Growth Rates in Chained Dollars of**  
**Gross Domestic Product by Kind of Activity**

單位：%

Unit：%

年 Year	經濟 成長率 Eco- nomic Growth Rate	農業 Agri- cul- ture	工業 In- dustry			服務業 Ser- vices					
			製造業 Manu- fac- turing	電力及 燃氣供 應業 Electricity and Gas Supply	營建 工程業 Con- struc- tion	批發及 零售業 Wholesale and Retail Trade	運輸及 倉儲業 Transportation and Storage	金融及 保險業 Financial and Insurance Activities	公共行政及 國防；強制 性社會安全 Public Admi- nistration and Defence; Co- mpulsory So- cial Security		
71年 1982	4.81	2.96	2.41	3.08	2.76	-2.02	5.17	4.57	7.77	-4.33	6.27
72年 1983	9.02	3.15	12.45	15.65	8.92	-4.10	7.64	9.03	8.44	-2.46	5.19
73年 1984	10.05	2.79	12.07	14.45	4.91	4.00	9.91	10.03	10.86	16.86	7.43
74年 1985	4.81	1.30	1.22	1.05	0.30	3.01	7.63	6.34	8.34	22.76	6.02
75年 1986	11.51	1.85	14.95	17.80	3.26	5.74	10.00	9.15	5.74	16.45	3.02
76年 1987	12.75	7.11	10.97	10.59	16.95	9.48	13.98	11.45	11.08	32.26	5.33
77年 1988	8.02	1.90	4.47	3.15	10.00	11.49	12.10	12.18	9.32	26.04	9.10
78年 1989	8.72	-0.75	5.44	4.53	6.90	12.53	13.29	11.04	6.89	37.80	8.44
79年 1990	5.54	0.93	-0.04	-1.23	0.87	7.53	9.72	9.40	4.01	12.04	9.98
80年 1991	8.37	1.83	6.32	5.86	14.78	3.67	9.66	9.16	7.15	-1.48	8.16
81年 1992	8.31	-2.42	5.97	5.25	11.59	8.56	9.49	10.86	7.91	12.61	3.17
82年 1993	6.81	4.69	5.31	4.16	8.26	11.14	8.89	7.62	4.92	10.96	4.87
83年 1994	7.50	-4.72	6.68	6.57	8.73	7.45	8.85	8.73	5.82	14.40	3.57
84年 1995	6.50	3.85	5.41	6.12	7.72	1.32	7.26	8.74	6.80	-1.73	7.46
85年 1996	6.18	-1.36	4.83	6.34	4.63	-1.81	7.45	7.90	4.72	7.25	5.96
86年 1997	6.05	-1.70	5.96	7.14	6.41	0.51	6.84	5.10	4.37	21.59	1.65
87年 1998	4.20	-7.56	2.23	2.16	8.19	0.52	4.96	6.09	3.29	0.24	2.09
88年 1999	6.73	3.42	6.58	8.39	2.15	-1.00	7.18	7.65	11.69	7.65	2.72
89年 2000	6.31	2.14	6.82	9.14	1.71	-4.26	6.40	7.96	6.66	1.47	3.35
90年 2001	-1.40	-4.14	-7.07	-6.86	-4.60	-11.44	0.67	1.20	-3.70	-3.59	1.73
91年 2002	5.48	7.38	10.49	11.97	4.02	3.25	3.11	3.31	3.82	2.00	-0.51
92年 2003	4.22	-1.47	9.49	11.48	2.87	-3.21	2.94	2.77	0.90	1.34	2.30
93年 2004	6.95	-5.34	10.95	11.64	7.34	7.29	5.20	6.60	6.30	7.53	0.88
94年 2005	5.38	-4.22	7.92	8.80	3.95	1.78	4.06	6.69	2.65	4.56	1.57
95年 2006	5.77	11.69	7.30	7.98	1.37	4.47	4.57	5.78	3.44	3.17	0.09
96年 2007	6.85	-0.17	12.66	14.72	-5.37	1.24	4.60	5.82	5.12	7.12	-1.17
97年 2008	0.80	0.14	0.26	1.24	-3.08	-9.13	0.56	1.02	-0.57	-3.53	0.54
98年 2009	-1.61	-2.80	-2.52	-2.00	23.63	-10.98	-1.26	-2.17	-5.29	-7.77	1.04
99年 2010	10.25	2.13	21.48	23.32	7.24	13.81	6.35	6.39	8.12	8.38	3.09
100年 2011	3.67	4.59	5.87	6.62	4.05	1.04	3.16	3.80	2.54	4.04	0.24
101年 2012	2.22	-3.21	4.64	5.36	0.70	-1.44	1.28	1.04	1.35	1.55	0.40
102年 2013	2.48	1.59	3.03	3.39	2.44	0.84	2.21	1.13	7.17	3.99	-0.89
103年 2014	4.72	2.04	9.27	10.52	2.82	0.78	3.15	3.24	0.52	7.99	-0.94
104年 2015	1.47	-7.72	0.90	1.34	-3.54	-0.76	1.23	-0.48	-0.73	4.21	0.03
105年 2016	2.17	-9.65	3.74	4.05	6.44	-1.17	1.33	0.21	2.83	2.27	-0.03
106年 2017	3.31	8.27	4.75	5.44	-0.08	-0.78	2.90	4.33	6.29	5.19	0.70
107年 2018	2.79	4.49	2.55	2.58	2.11	1.94	2.97	3.37	5.27	3.77	0.78
108年 2019	3.06	-0.91	1.41	1.09	1.90	5.10	3.59	4.75	1.58	3.85	1.77
109年 2020	3.39	-1.53	7.12	7.50	2.72	5.41	1.33	5.02	-19.43	5.66	1.73
110年 2021	6.53	-4.32	13.24	14.57	2.78	6.52	2.78	3.72	-5.59	10.62	1.32

第5表 國內生產毛額 - 依支出分  
Table 5. Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT \$

年 Year	國內 生產毛額 Gross Domestic Product	國內需求 Domestic Demand					國外淨需求 Net Demand of Rest of the World		
		小計 Total	民間 消費 Private Final Consump- tion	政府 消費 Govern- ment Final Consump- tion	固定資本 形成 Gross Fixed Capital Formation	存貨 變動 Changes in Inventories	小計 Total	商品及 服務輸出 Exports of Goods and Services	減:商品及 服務輸入 Imports of Goods and Services
40年 1951	12 327	12 906	8 974	2 130	1 351	451	- 579	1 257	1 836
50年 1961	71 122	76 087	47 770	13 719	11 964	2 634	- 4 965	9 803	14 768
60年 1971	269 084	262 596	144 469	45 271	64 959	7 897	6 488	93 776	87 288
70年 1981	1 804 431	1 769 151	926 401	294 426	512 534	35 790	35 280	917 245	881 965
73年 1984	2 418 240	2 167 547	1 187 727	390 268	548 398	41 154	250 693	1 322 333	1 071 640
74年 1985	2 535 056	2 207 610	1 258 803	420 605	528 723	- 521	327 446	1 345 612	1 018 166
75年 1986	2 965 448	2 418 180	1 362 089	442 852	592 881	20 358	547 268	1 661 598	1 114 330
76年 1987	3 344 935	2 822 692	1 535 269	496 236	713 899	77 288	522 243	1 859 110	1 336 867
77年 1988	3 615 662	3 370 947	1 768 771	559 909	843 082	199 185	244 715	1 919 625	1 674 910
78年 1989	4 032 464	3 783 974	2 085 275	671 147	990 079	37 473	248 490	1 959 957	1 711 467
79年 1990	4 474 288	4 287 741	2 341 481	806 438	1 109 144	30 678	186 547	2 020 737	1 834 190
80年 1991	5 018 019	4 832 040	2 621 689	909 282	1 237 055	64 014	185 979	2 309 420	2 123 441
81年 1992	5 609 357	5 527 447	2 969 752	976 759	1 489 340	91 596	81 910	2 363 843	2 281 933
82年 1993	6 200 154	6 114 827	3 301 452	1 037 107	1 713 213	63 055	85 327	2 674 195	2 588 868
83年 1994	6 779 396	6 684 570	3 714 693	1 074 417	1 840 862	54 598	94 826	2 897 685	2 802 859
84年 1995	7 391 062	7 288 802	3 969 095	1 250 017	2 025 079	44 611	102 260	3 448 460	3 346 200
85年 1996	8 031 305	7 785 418	4 372 030	1 372 009	2 030 515	10 864	245 887	3 738 767	3 492 880
86年 1997	8 705 149	8 552 139	4 742 938	1 494 258	2 229 399	85 544	153 010	4 127 263	3 974 253
87年 1998	9 366 337	9 287 831	5 116 174	1 603 733	2 479 166	88 758	78 506	4 418 599	4 340 093
88年 1999	9 804 503	9 587 343	5 393 982	1 593 739	2 542 407	57 215	217 160	4 627 041	4 409 881
89年 2000	10 328 549	10 142 191	5 705 842	1 624 793	2 718 886	92 670	186 358	5 444 410	5 258 052
90年 2001	10 119 429	9 637 479	5 755 500	1 709 953	2 234 956	- 62 930	481 950	5 098 642	4 616 692
91年 2002	10 630 911	9 946 359	5 952 563	1 755 670	2 281 998	- 43 872	684 552	5 666 553	4 982 001
92年 2003	10 924 029	10 245 484	6 098 448	1 772 076	2 362 420	12 540	678 545	6 248 779	5 570 234
93年 2004	11 596 241	11 252 112	6 488 097	1 812 161	2 851 228	100 626	344 129	7 404 437	7 060 308
94年 2005	12 036 675	11 593 885	6 780 122	1 857 470	2 922 677	33 616	442 790	7 841 435	7 398 645
95年 2006	12 572 587	11 925 173	6 942 614	1 876 400	3 062 330	43 829	647 414	8 993 922	8 346 508
96年 2007	13 363 917	12 374 320	7 191 198	1 947 925	3 219 358	15 839	989 597	10 169 267	9 179 670
97年 2008	13 115 096	12 488 816	7 250 351	2 010 818	3 049 254	178 393	626 280	10 171 377	9 545 097
98年 2009	12 919 445	11 818 575	7 162 577	2 075 673	2 763 072	- 182 747	1 100 870	8 732 598	7 631 728
99年 2010	14 060 345	13 130 121	7 481 002	2 121 653	3 330 074	197 392	930 224	11 197 740	10 267 516
100年 2011	14 262 201	13 333 657	7 774 972	2 191 998	3 333 162	33 525	928 544	11 528 993	10 600 449
101年 2012	14 677 765	13 630 790	8 015 850	2 284 488	3 313 753	16 699	1 046 975	11 634 675	10 587 700
102年 2013	15 270 728	13 943 063	8 242 378	2 259 221	3 465 988	- 24 524	1 327 665	11 854 435	10 526 770
103年 2014	16 258 047	14 632 191	8 602 842	2 360 910	3 630 558	37 881	1 625 856	12 559 478	10 933 622
104年 2015	17 055 080	14 857 471	8 787 564	2 363 711	3 663 758	42 438	2 197 609	12 157 096	9 959 487
105年 2016	17 555 268	15 361 883	9 082 075	2 482 242	3 807 567	- 10 001	2 193 385	11 808 128	9 614 743
106年 2017	17 983 347	15 583 517	9 325 676	2 486 552	3 795 869	- 24 580	2 399 830	12 095 508	9 695 678
107年 2018	18 375 022	16 319 768	9 610 482	2 623 385	4 001 128	84 773	2 055 254	12 191 349	10 136 095
108年 2019	18 908 632	17 036 206	9 883 066	2 652 859	4 526 606	- 26 325	1 872 426	11 922 648	10 050 222
109年 2020	19 914 806	17 196 721	9 601 096	2 772 825	4 817 276	5 524	2 718 085	11 567 527	8 849 442
110年 2021	21 738 982	18 495 301	9 697 117	2 937 859	5 676 424	183 901	3 243 681	14 440 048	11 196 367

**第 6 表 民間消費結構**  
**Table 6. Composition of Private Final Consumption Expenditure**

當期價格  
At Current Prices

單位：% Unit：%

年 Year	合 計 Total	食非 酒 品精 飲 及料 Food and Non- alco- holic bever- ages	菸 酒 Alco- holic bever- ages and Tobacco	衣 服 著 飾 鞋 用 襪 品 Cloth- ing and Foot- wear	住 瓦 宅 斯 服 及 其 、 他 水 燃 電 料 Housing, Water, Electri- city, Gas and other Fuels	家 家 具 務 設 維 備 護 Furnish- ings, Household equipment and routine Household maintenance	醫 療 保 健 Health	交 通 Transport	通 訊 Com- muni- cation	休 閒 與 文 化 Recrea- tion and Cul- ture	教 育 Educa- tion	餐 廳 及 旅 館 Restaur- ants and Hotels	其 他 Miscel- laneous goods and services
71年 1982	100.00	20.79	5.62	6.02	18.76	4.19	3.94	11.18	2.43	4.47	5.23	3.37	14.01
72年 1983	100.00	20.29	5.57	6.02	19.09	4.15	3.61	12.23	2.51	4.45	5.35	3.85	12.89
73年 1984	100.00	19.21	5.36	6.05	18.55	4.25	3.54	12.39	2.49	4.79	5.50	4.41	13.45
74年 1985	100.00	18.43	5.22	5.92	18.96	4.10	3.45	13.12	2.51	4.77	5.91	4.76	12.85
75年 1986	100.00	18.11	4.93	5.73	19.02	4.08	3.30	13.76	2.58	4.79	5.90	5.03	12.77
76年 1987	100.00	17.07	4.50	5.69	19.05	4.05	3.10	15.25	2.63	5.18	5.51	5.39	12.57
77年 1988	100.00	16.06	4.02	5.72	18.83	4.11	3.03	17.47	2.37	5.74	5.33	5.02	12.31
78年 1989	100.00	15.12	3.67	5.62	18.31	4.08	2.96	17.43	2.40	5.86	5.04	5.22	14.27
79年 1990	100.00	14.54	3.39	5.69	18.87	4.06	3.44	16.73	2.53	6.13	5.30	5.55	13.78
80年 1991	100.00	13.76	3.17	5.75	19.82	3.95	3.99	17.61	2.62	6.24	5.47	5.70	11.91
81年 1992	100.00	13.60	2.90	5.71	20.36	4.05	4.03	16.65	2.73	6.53	5.33	5.72	12.40
82年 1993	100.00	13.36	2.68	5.60	20.87	4.18	3.95	15.49	2.87	6.93	5.31	5.71	13.06
83年 1994	100.00	13.22	2.52	5.43	21.11	4.22	3.89	14.81	2.79	6.84	5.14	5.63	14.40
84年 1995	100.00	13.33	2.50	5.72	22.00	4.54	2.12	14.61	2.83	7.24	5.18	5.93	13.99
85年 1996	100.00	13.00	2.44	5.71	21.97	4.72	2.48	13.33	2.82	7.35	5.16	6.13	14.89
86年 1997	100.00	12.35	2.57	5.71	21.25	4.70	2.69	13.06	2.78	7.60	5.11	6.40	15.77
87年 1998	100.00	12.52	2.46	5.40	20.78	4.74	2.78	12.56	3.11	7.65	5.03	6.50	16.47
88年 1999	100.00	12.50	2.36	5.32	20.52	4.66	2.88	11.54	3.86	8.09	5.09	6.57	16.61
89年 2000	100.00	12.26	2.23	5.19	19.98	4.62	2.96	11.62	4.10	8.47	5.14	6.73	16.69
90年 2001	100.00	12.25	2.17	5.16	20.17	4.54	3.21	11.15	4.13	8.45	5.41	6.70	16.67
91年 2002	100.00	12.15	2.31	5.12	19.50	4.70	3.38	11.28	4.23	8.56	5.46	6.56	16.75
92年 2003	100.00	12.36	2.58	4.82	19.20	4.83	3.59	11.32	4.22	8.28	5.41	6.51	16.87
93年 2004	100.00	12.30	2.45	4.95	18.31	4.96	3.82	11.83	4.08	8.80	5.19	6.40	16.91
94年 2005	100.00	12.72	2.33	4.70	17.98	5.07	3.98	12.35	4.00	8.79	5.04	6.61	16.46
95年 2006	100.00	12.74	2.44	4.46	18.05	5.24	3.98	11.82	3.84	9.09	4.98	6.85	16.52
96年 2007	100.00	12.69	2.40	4.47	17.99	5.24	4.01	11.57	3.80	9.12	4.84	7.04	16.83
97年 2008	100.00	13.27	2.42	4.47	18.36	5.20	4.10	11.36	3.84	8.99	4.80	7.24	15.95
98年 2009	100.00	13.47	2.51	4.57	18.85	5.03	4.23	11.43	3.92	8.68	4.84	7.46	15.01
99年 2010	100.00	13.26	2.54	4.52	18.46	4.98	4.15	12.12	3.85	8.62	4.62	7.87	15.00
100年 2011	100.00	13.28	2.54	4.51	18.14	5.01	4.09	12.85	3.99	8.60	4.44	8.38	14.17
101年 2012	100.00	13.53	2.50	4.54	17.85	4.99	4.05	12.99	4.02	8.38	4.35	8.76	14.05
102年 2013	100.00	13.38	2.36	4.53	17.83	4.96	4.08	13.19	3.89	8.15	4.19	9.05	14.40
103年 2014	100.00	13.19	2.19	4.63	17.49	4.97	4.06	13.30	3.73	8.00	4.03	9.41	14.99
104年 2015	100.00	13.14	2.19	4.72	17.42	5.01	4.10	12.28	3.76	8.00	3.95	9.83	15.62
105年 2016	100.00	13.16	2.11	4.75	17.09	4.92	4.11	12.22	3.55	7.51	3.75	10.15	16.68
106年 2017	100.00	12.81	2.21	4.63	17.04	4.81	4.10	12.33	3.35	7.43	3.64	10.17	17.49
107年 2018	100.00	12.76	2.49	4.60	16.93	4.78	4.13	12.25	2.98	7.46	3.51	10.36	17.76
108年 2019	100.00	12.88	2.46	4.66	16.84	4.75	4.14	12.25	2.73	7.51	3.43	10.58	17.77
109年 2020	100.00	13.86	2.58	4.82	17.88	4.98	4.31	10.82	2.67	6.93	3.54	10.09	17.52
110年 2021	100.00	14.23	2.60	4.88	18.20	5.16	4.31	10.29	2.79	6.67	3.34	9.38	18.15

說明：本表“其他”項含對家庭服務之民間非營利機構消費支出。

第 7 表 民間消費實質成長率  
Table 7. Growth Rates in Chained Dollars of Private  
Final Consumption Expenditure

單位：％

年	合計	食非 酒品 精飲 及料	菸 酒	衣 服 著 飾 鞋 用 襪 品	住 宅 斯 服 及 其 他 水 燃 電 料	家 具 務 設 維 備 護	醫 療 保 健	交 通	通 訊	休 閒 與 文 化	教 育	餐 廳 及 旅 館	其 他
Year	Total	Food and Non- alco- holic bever- ages	Alco- holic bever- ages and Tobacco	Cloth- ing and Foot- wear	Housing, Water, Electri- city, Gas and other Fuels	Furnish- ings, Household equipment and routine Household maintenance	Health	Trans- port	Com- muni- cation	Recrea- tion and Cult- ure	Educa- tion	Restaur- ants and Hotels	Miscel- laneous goods and services
71年 1982	5.64	2.39	9.07	6.27	8.32	4.08	6.06	11.07	14.35	7.91	1.54	17.22	-1.11
72年 1983	6.59	3.94	7.64	6.96	8.04	5.83	-0.97	15.06	11.79	6.96	3.31	23.30	-0.14
73年 1984	8.94	5.71	5.19	8.89	5.78	10.67	3.86	11.24	8.72	20.75	3.10	23.22	13.07
74年 1985	5.30	3.47	3.86	4.91	8.11	1.44	-0.18	12.56	6.75	3.10	0.86	11.90	1.01
75年 1986	7.62	3.95	1.72	7.76	9.85	6.25	3.09	12.90	10.58	7.44	2.54	13.93	7.84
76年 1987	11.49	5.46	7.85	14.79	10.66	10.38	4.65	18.49	14.73	26.30	3.10	19.78	10.15
77年 1988	14.13	7.38	3.44	14.22	11.43	16.83	13.16	36.05	2.59	25.92	3.47	5.02	10.04
78年 1989	14.24	5.50	7.28	16.62	8.36	15.56	10.62	19.60	21.83	18.41	3.03	15.12	29.79
79年 1990	9.13	5.60	4.37	13.42	11.75	10.10	26.30	9.05	20.83	13.07	0.63	10.76	4.12
80年 1991	7.73	4.30	4.51	12.62	10.61	7.74	25.33	13.53	21.54	7.60	3.96	10.16	-7.19
81年 1992	9.93	4.26	2.06	11.35	11.01	14.75	8.50	8.89	20.11	15.27	2.84	10.77	14.27
82年 1993	8.17	5.84	2.26	11.41	8.29	10.80	7.33	4.47	18.85	13.73	1.62	8.46	12.14
83年 1994	8.68	4.21	4.64	9.69	8.95	10.35	8.87	6.88	10.62	6.95	1.36	8.18	18.64
84年 1995	3.74	3.21	4.23	8.97	7.78	11.07	-42.96	3.36	10.89	9.77	1.96	8.61	1.56
85年 1996	7.11	2.93	5.20	7.17	7.43	13.56	26.03	0.16	13.46	6.27	1.68	10.11	13.05
86年 1997	7.11	4.26	11.36	7.66	2.71	8.44	15.85	5.03	9.42	10.61	2.39	10.70	13.14
87年 1998	6.68	5.57	3.19	7.48	3.39	7.82	10.48	5.10	24.43	7.54	2.07	7.24	10.25
88年 1999	5.25	4.95	-0.80	5.47	3.65	4.63	8.04	-1.49	38.29	10.95	2.36	5.00	5.33
89年 2000	5.24	4.35	1.79	2.85	2.48	5.03	7.79	2.66	24.57	8.93	2.16	7.24	5.81
90年 2001	1.42	1.57	-1.56	1.94	1.50	0.75	8.26	-3.43	10.96	1.70	1.96	0.86	1.37
91年 2002	3.48	2.29	-11.16	2.12	1.00	9.14	7.25	6.30	13.59	5.56	2.45	1.26	3.17
92年 2003	2.86	3.66	11.09	-4.75	2.04	8.38	8.04	1.72	3.55	1.11	1.27	2.88	3.88
93年 2004	5.24	1.53	-1.91	5.64	1.99	9.36	12.09	7.34	7.99	13.60	0.54	3.12	6.12
94年 2005	3.34	1.19	1.02	-0.81	2.46	6.27	5.73	6.16	8.60	5.03	0.51	6.40	1.60
95年 2006	1.78	3.14	-1.95	-0.44	2.40	5.29	-0.22	-5.07	4.62	5.95	-0.17	5.18	2.08
96年 2007	2.40	0.56	-0.54	1.05	3.25	2.00	2.28	-1.74	5.29	6.42	-0.64	4.20	4.15
97年 2008	-1.74	-1.48	-0.31	0.07	2.04	-2.23	0.65	-4.69	8.03	2.71	-1.26	-4.75	-8.53
98年 2009	-0.04	0.91	-3.14	1.71	1.51	-4.94	2.01	4.34	8.58	-0.08	-0.51	1.50	-7.29
99年 2010	3.71	1.77	-1.18	1.40	1.77	3.95	2.59	3.65	10.44	10.14	-0.54	9.79	2.58
100年 2011	3.03	1.55	1.21	0.91	1.60	2.29	1.49	6.43	13.48	8.66	-1.23	8.75	-2.66
101年 2012	1.92	0.39	-1.18	1.35	0.92	1.75	1.35	1.88	11.63	3.18	0.56	5.28	0.55
102年 2013	2.55	0.39	-4.54	2.51	1.50	1.19	3.15	3.65	4.04	2.08	-1.62	4.17	6.69
103年 2014	3.70	-0.72	-5.29	5.34	1.98	4.73	3.09	6.17	4.18	4.67	0.04	4.85	8.14
104年 2015	2.86	-1.66	0.21	4.67	2.05	2.95	2.64	1.84	7.40	3.58	-0.04	4.18	6.99
105年 2016	2.64	-3.30	-3.29	3.91	1.59	0.45	3.09	5.36	3.97	-2.13	-2.01	5.38	9.27
106年 2017	2.70	1.23	1.33	0.16	1.56	-0.24	1.12	1.66	4.95	1.68	-1.08	1.36	9.57
107年 2018	2.05	1.78	0.98	2.16	1.39	1.82	2.81	-0.45	3.33	3.32	-1.42	3.42	3.82
108年 2019	2.25	1.95	1.70	5.04	1.50	2.02	2.16	3.09	2.17	3.60	-0.50	3.60	1.25
109年 2020	-2.55	4.52	0.87	-0.76	2.36	1.81	0.38	-10.51	2.43	-10.79	-1.00	-7.17	-4.48
110年 2021	-0.35	0.89	0.24	0.38	2.03	3.26	0.46	-9.55	11.19	-2.84	-5.04	-6.90	4.35

說明：本表“其他”項含對家庭服務之民間非營利機構消費支出。



第 8 表 國民消費  
Table 8. National Consumption Expenditure

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT \$

年 Year	國民 消費 National Consumption Expenditure	民間 消費	政府 消費	對家庭服務 之政府消費	民間 實際 消費	政府 實際 消費
		Private Final Consumption Expenditure	Government Final Consumption Expenditure	Individual Consumption Expenditure	Private Actual Final Consumption	Government Actual Final Consumption
	a+b	a	b	c	a+c	b-c
71年 1982	1 334 016	1 004 087	329 929	130 656	1 134 743	199 273
72年 1983	1 438 918	1 085 739	353 179	140 718	1 226 457	212 461
73年 1984	1 577 995	1 187 727	390 268	154 505	1 342 232	235 763
74年 1985	1 679 408	1 258 803	420 605	169 567	1 428 370	251 038
75年 1986	1 804 941	1 362 089	442 852	174 979	1 537 068	267 873
76年 1987	2 031 505	1 535 269	496 236	204 980	1 740 249	291 256
77年 1988	2 328 680	1 768 771	559 909	231 289	2 000 060	328 620
78年 1989	2 756 422	2 085 275	671 147	276 519	2 361 794	394 628
79年 1990	3 147 919	2 341 481	806 438	335 685	2 677 166	470 753
80年 1991	3 530 971	2 621 689	909 282	386 903	3 008 592	522 379
81年 1992	3 946 511	2 969 752	976 759	420 278	3 390 030	556 481
82年 1993	4 338 559	3 301 452	1 037 107	456 824	3 758 276	580 283
83年 1994	4 789 110	3 714 693	1 074 417	481 981	4 196 674	592 436
84年 1995	5 219 112	3 969 095	1 250 017	614 625	4 583 720	635 392
85年 1996	5 744 039	4 372 030	1 372 009	663 411	5 035 441	708 598
86年 1997	6 237 196	4 742 938	1 494 258	699 558	5 442 496	794 700
87年 1998	6 719 907	5 116 174	1 603 733	736 804	5 852 978	866 929
88年 1999	6 987 721	5 393 982	1 593 739	785 004	6 178 986	808 735
89年 2000	7 330 635	5 705 842	1 624 793	811 050	6 516 892	813 743
90年 2001	7 465 453	5 755 500	1 709 953	838 112	6 593 612	871 841
91年 2002	7 708 233	5 952 563	1 755 670	873 027	6 825 590	882 643
92年 2003	7 870 524	6 098 448	1 772 076	914 527	7 012 975	857 549
93年 2004	8 300 258	6 488 097	1 812 161	914 803	7 402 900	897 358
94年 2005	8 637 592	6 780 122	1 857 470	950 705	7 730 827	906 765
95年 2006	8 819 014	6 942 614	1 876 400	969 947	7 912 561	906 453
96年 2007	9 139 123	7 191 198	1 947 925	1 006 233	8 197 431	941 692
97年 2008	9 261 169	7 250 351	2 010 818	1 025 666	8 276 017	985 152
98年 2009	9 238 250	7 162 577	2 075 673	1 050 386	8 212 963	1 025 287
99年 2010	9 602 655	7 481 002	2 121 653	1 071 144	8 552 146	1 050 509
100年 2011	9 966 970	7 774 972	2 191 998	1 105 742	8 880 714	1 086 256
101年 2012	10 300 338	8 015 850	2 284 488	1 157 415	9 173 265	1 127 073
102年 2013	10 501 599	8 242 378	2 259 221	1 170 413	9 412 791	1 088 808
103年 2014	10 963 752	8 602 842	2 360 910	1 212 453	9 815 295	1 148 457
104年 2015	11 151 275	8 787 564	2 363 711	1 232 515	10 020 079	1 131 196
105年 2016	11 564 317	9 082 075	2 482 242	1 289 481	10 371 556	1 192 761
106年 2017	11 812 228	9 325 676	2 486 552	1 319 572	10 645 248	1 166 980
107年 2018	12 233 867	9 610 482	2 623 385	1 393 181	11 003 663	1 230 204
108年 2019	12 535 925	9 883 066	2 652 859	1 447 979	11 331 045	1 204 880
109年 2020	12 373 921	9 601 096	2 772 825	1 507 507	11 108 603	1 265 318
110年 2021	12 634 976	9 697 117	2 937 859	1 565 545	11 262 662	1 372 314

說明：依93SNA將政府消費按受益對象區分為社會全體及家庭兩部分，其中政府對社會全體服務部分稱為政府實際消費，而對家庭服務之政府消費併計民間消費則為民間實際消費。

**第 9 表 一般政府經常收支結構**  
**Table 9. Composition of General Government Current Receipts and Disbursements**

		當期價格 At Current Prices										Unit : %
年  Year		收 入 Receipts					支 出 Disbursements					儲 蓄 Savings
		合 計 Total	財 產 及 企業所得 Property and Entrepre- neurial Income	生 產 及 進口稅 Taxes on Production and Imports	所得稅及 其他經常稅 Current Taxes on Income, Wealth, etc.	其他經常 移轉收入 Other Current Transfers	合 計 Total	政 府 消 費 Government Final Consumption Expenditure	財 產 所 得支出 Property Income	補助金 Sub- sidies	其他經常 移轉支出 Other Current Transfers	
71年	1982	100.00	13.85	54.01	22.01	10.13	83.35	73.84	0.42	3.69	5.40	16.65
72年	1983	100.00	14.85	54.60	21.29	9.26	81.72	72.34	0.97	2.47	5.95	18.28
73年	1984	100.00	15.20	53.05	21.78	9.98	80.26	72.88	0.79	2.54	4.05	19.74
74年	1985	100.00	18.59	49.27	21.70	10.44	82.48	74.62	0.83	2.49	4.54	17.52
75年	1986	100.00	15.99	48.82	23.04	12.16	83.05	74.43	0.84	2.34	5.44	16.95
76年	1987	100.00	14.95	44.91	27.84	12.30	76.04	68.66	1.03	1.07	5.27	23.96
77年	1988	100.00	14.77	41.92	31.56	11.75	73.18	65.21	1.14	0.87	5.95	26.82
78年	1989	100.00	14.18	39.87	33.56	12.39	73.63	65.67	0.97	0.83	6.16	26.37
79年	1990	100.00	12.46	38.05	37.03	12.47	80.72	70.37	1.69	0.81	7.84	19.28
80年	1991	100.00	10.71	39.82	34.90	14.57	91.07	75.77	3.32	0.73	11.25	8.93
81年	1992	100.00	12.44	38.32	34.73	14.51	83.67	68.58	4.01	0.78	10.30	16.33
82年	1993	100.00	13.40	39.56	32.11	14.94	85.05	68.19	5.71	0.78	10.36	14.95
83年	1994	100.00	12.55	39.89	32.98	14.59	85.56	65.46	6.00	0.83	13.26	14.44
84年	1995	100.00	10.67	36.96	28.51	23.86	89.92	66.71	5.93	0.58	16.70	10.08
85年	1996	100.00	12.85	34.14	27.18	25.83	93.61	70.10	5.75	0.79	16.97	6.39
86年	1997	100.00	12.02	32.53	30.70	24.75	90.53	68.53	3.77	0.91	17.32	9.47
87年	1998	100.00	17.51	30.43	27.55	24.51	91.51	67.28	6.10	1.82	16.31	8.49
88年	1999	100.00	12.20	31.22	29.30	27.27	101.05	72.01	6.76	1.63	20.64	-1.05
89年	2000	100.00	13.38	29.44	28.89	28.30	98.27	69.78	6.65	1.68	20.17	1.73
90年	2001	100.00	11.86	29.19	27.80	31.15	110.54	76.76	7.65	2.54	23.58	-10.54
91年	2002	100.00	13.86	30.14	24.34	31.66	109.13	76.83	7.29	2.01	23.00	-9.13
92年	2003	100.00	15.48	28.27	24.27	31.98	102.67	73.59	6.24	2.19	20.65	-2.67
93年	2004	100.00	13.49	28.92	26.35	31.24	99.79	71.23	5.07	1.96	21.53	0.21
94年	2005	100.00	11.82	27.37	29.58	31.24	96.33	66.65	4.61	2.06	23.01	3.67
95年	2006	100.00	12.61	25.70	29.26	32.44	94.01	63.76	4.76	1.90	23.60	5.99
96年	2007	100.00	12.00	24.92	31.98	31.11	93.77	63.27	4.75	2.00	23.75	6.23
97年	2008	100.00	11.39	23.73	33.05	31.83	100.66	64.23	4.59	2.33	29.51	-0.66
98年	2009	100.00	13.16	23.39	28.31	35.13	104.04	69.06	4.40	2.88	27.70	-4.04
99年	2010	100.00	11.22	25.87	26.34	36.57	100.52	68.01	3.81	2.40	26.30	-0.52
100年	2011	100.00	12.16	25.10	27.53	35.21	95.34	64.37	3.54	2.21	25.21	4.66
101年	2012	100.00	11.05	24.65	27.87	36.43	102.03	65.93	3.46	2.19	30.44	-2.03
102年	2013	100.00	10.08	24.74	26.90	38.27	100.23	62.69	3.43	1.95	32.15	-0.23
103年	2014	100.00	10.59	24.79	27.49	37.14	97.01	61.52	3.16	1.92	30.40	2.99
104年	2015	100.00	9.56	24.14	29.34	36.96	94.96	58.49	2.92	1.80	31.75	5.04
105年	2016	100.00	8.49	24.30	28.60	38.61	93.28	58.28	2.79	1.78	30.43	6.72
106年	2017	100.00	8.84	24.62	29.08	37.45	96.06	58.11	2.47	1.71	33.77	3.94
107年	2018	100.00	8.78	24.93	29.67	36.62	97.34	58.45	2.30	1.70	34.89	2.66
108年	2019	100.00	8.94	24.48	30.37	36.21	93.82	57.36	2.18	1.87	32.41	6.18
109年	2020	100.00	9.37	25.10	28.42	37.11	104.54	60.00	2.06	5.71	36.77	-4.54
110年	2021	100.00	7.34	24.02	32.54	36.09	95.04	56.56	1.65	4.31	32.52	4.96

第 10 表 國內固定資本形成毛額結構  
Table 10. Composition of Gross Fixed Capital Formation

當期價格

單位：%

At Current Prices

Unit : %

年 Year	依資本財型態分 By Type of Capital Goods				國內 固定 資本 形成 Gross Fixed Capital Formation	依購買主體分 By Owner		
	營建 工程 Con- structions	運輸 工具 Transport Equip- ments	機器及 設備 Machinery and Other Equipments	智慧 財產 Intellectual Property Products		民營 企業 Private Enter- prises	公營 事業 Public Enter- prises	政府 General Govern- ment
40年 1951	54.11	9.33	34.86	1.70	100.00	53.96	28.72	17.32
50年 1961	46.65	11.89	36.32	5.14	100.00	50.64	34.70	14.66
60年 1971	36.64	12.74	44.96	5.66	100.00	56.48	31.16	12.36
70年 1981	43.90	8.14	44.47	3.50	100.00	50.77	32.45	16.79
73年 1984	45.54	11.18	37.74	5.54	100.00	58.29	24.16	17.55
74年 1985	49.58	9.63	34.38	6.40	100.00	57.66	22.67	19.67
75年 1986	48.01	8.09	37.12	6.78	100.00	58.48	22.30	19.23
76年 1987	46.66	8.61	37.84	6.89	100.00	61.55	20.41	18.04
77年 1988	47.21	9.14	36.78	6.86	100.00	62.43	17.81	19.76
78年 1989	46.83	9.70	36.93	6.54	100.00	60.96	18.17	20.87
79年 1990	46.74	8.63	37.24	7.38	100.00	53.67	22.29	24.04
80年 1991	48.14	8.64	35.02	8.20	100.00	50.85	21.91	27.25
81年 1992	49.14	9.29	33.16	8.41	100.00	54.55	18.47	26.98
82年 1993	52.65	8.31	30.76	8.28	100.00	56.64	15.25	28.11
83年 1994	51.48	7.30	32.42	8.80	100.00	58.28	12.83	28.89
84年 1995	49.41	7.03	34.79	8.77	100.00	60.50	12.06	27.45
85年 1996	47.82	6.06	36.29	9.83	100.00	61.68	11.16	27.16
86年 1997	45.26	7.18	37.47	10.09	100.00	65.33	9.66	25.01
87年 1998	42.95	7.76	38.77	10.52	100.00	67.63	9.45	22.93
88年 1999	40.57	5.76	41.95	11.72	100.00	66.62	10.23	23.15
89年 2000	36.75	5.94	45.44	11.87	100.00	70.15	9.05	20.79
90年 2001	39.56	7.53	38.25	14.65	100.00	65.84	11.02	23.13
91年 2002	40.62	6.18	37.45	15.74	100.00	68.78	10.41	20.81
92年 2003	39.03	5.66	39.00	16.31	100.00	69.94	9.77	20.29
93年 2004	37.61	5.71	42.09	14.59	100.00	76.14	6.75	17.11
94年 2005	37.88	7.31	39.69	15.11	100.00	75.51	7.30	17.19
95年 2006	39.01	5.39	40.06	15.54	100.00	77.58	6.54	15.88
96年 2007	38.77	5.10	39.97	16.16	100.00	78.01	6.51	15.47
97年 2008	41.72	3.96	36.50	17.81	100.00	74.90	7.12	17.97
98年 2009	39.71	4.62	35.19	20.48	100.00	69.96	8.35	21.69
99年 2010	37.71	5.21	38.88	18.21	100.00	74.70	7.49	17.81
100年 2011	39.45	5.36	36.43	18.76	100.00	76.21	6.58	17.21
101年 2012	40.38	5.59	34.24	19.79	100.00	78.25	6.11	15.65
102年 2013	40.18	5.45	34.10	20.27	100.00	79.73	5.78	14.49
103年 2014	40.45	6.10	32.68	20.76	100.00	81.31	5.82	12.87
104年 2015	39.51	6.25	32.81	21.44	100.00	82.69	5.23	12.09
105年 2016	37.37	6.12	34.52	21.99	100.00	83.33	4.90	11.77
106年 2017	38.18	6.37	32.49	22.96	100.00	82.52	4.86	12.63
107年 2018	38.45	6.04	32.27	23.25	100.00	81.93	5.33	12.73
108年 2019	36.86	5.29	35.70	22.14	100.00	82.63	4.85	12.52
109年 2020	37.51	4.89	34.53	23.07	100.00	81.65	5.78	12.57
110年 2021	36.72	4.75	36.65	21.87	100.00	84.60	5.18	10.22

第 11 表 國內固定資本形成毛額實質成長率  
Table 11. Growth Rates in Chained Dollars of  
Gross Fixed Capital Formation

單位：%

Unit : %

年 Year	依資本財型態分 By Type of Capital Goods				國內 固定 資本 形成 Gross Fixed Capital Formation	依購買主體分 By Owner		
	營建 工程 Con- structions	運輸 工具 Transport Equip- ments	機器及 設備 Machinery and Other Equipments	智慧 財產 Intellectual Property Products		民營 企業 Private Enter- prises	公營 事業 Public Enter- prises	政府 General Govern- ment
41年 1952	21.19	56.47	48.41	46.61	34.42	23.89	51.30	39.43
50年 1961	-1.44	35.37	13.04	16.67	7.91	5.31	13.65	6.03
60年 1971	19.54	16.17	32.62	12.95	24.36	23.15	34.75	7.69
70年 1981	1.16	-9.51	12.27	4.26	4.96	5.77	1.55	9.70
73年 1984	10.75	-0.59	2.28	20.61	6.52	17.05	-13.69	9.14
74年 1985	5.60	-19.26	-12.10	9.18	-3.66	-4.80	-9.62	8.31
75年 1986	10.41	-6.47	20.25	18.73	12.70	14.42	10.01	10.74
76年 1987	13.32	26.59	26.43	24.43	20.01	26.39	11.04	11.00
77年 1988	12.08	19.84	16.85	15.27	14.78	16.13	2.81	23.69
78年 1989	9.12	26.89	17.70	6.26	13.71	11.08	17.88	18.25
79年 1990	7.03	1.79	10.84	21.60	8.88	-4.04	34.27	24.53
80年 1991	14.63	14.30	3.71	20.29	10.95	5.36	8.63	25.58
81年 1992	5.89	26.88	13.53	19.22	11.47	19.90	-0.97	5.75
82年 1993	16.35	0.02	2.90	10.59	9.89	14.28	-8.98	13.93
83年 1994	10.08	-7.83	11.97	11.46	9.29	11.92	-10.11	14.50
84年 1995	4.53	2.42	13.54	5.74	7.40	11.24	-0.10	3.00
85年 1996	-2.36	-11.85	12.29	11.57	3.29	5.83	-2.34	0.16
86年 1997	1.48	32.26	17.52	9.98	10.00	16.88	-2.34	-0.55
87年 1998	2.83	13.44	10.94	13.74	7.73	11.53	4.61	-0.98
88年 1999	-2.67	-23.09	12.75	14.22	3.50	2.15	12.33	3.83
89年 2000	-2.74	8.56	19.44	6.91	8.35	14.26	-3.48	-3.45
90年 2001	-10.81	-1.14	-29.59	0.69	-17.40	-22.46	0.71	-8.21
91年 2002	2.50	-15.69	1.63	9.01	1.75	6.53	-2.92	-9.59
92年 2003	-5.09	-6.58	6.67	7.28	1.17	3.16	-4.45	-2.60
93年 2004	1.90	18.91	28.01	7.44	13.95	24.66	-19.41	-6.91
94年 2005	2.62	31.41	-0.64	4.35	3.14	2.36	13.01	2.71
95年 2006	0.44	-23.33	5.08	6.96	1.53	4.56	-7.71	-7.86
96年 2007	-2.33	-1.29	3.22	8.67	1.66	2.54	2.27	-2.75
97年 2008	-8.60	-27.08	-17.20	1.16	-11.41	-14.52	-2.02	0.48
98年 2009	-7.34	4.21	-18.70	4.68	-8.88	-15.44	2.38	13.94
99年 2010	11.84	34.39	32.79	5.95	19.05	27.34	7.53	-3.02
100年 2011	1.91	1.70	-6.91	2.56	-1.41	0.82	-13.57	-5.56
101年 2012	1.23	2.65	-7.52	4.43	-1.28	1.38	-7.97	-10.47
102年 2013	4.37	1.43	11.52	6.28	7.03	9.16	3.81	-2.27
103年 2014	3.67	18.12	0.31	4.61	3.50	5.48	5.20	-8.33
104年 2015	1.02	2.44	4.72	2.77	2.68	4.28	-7.07	-2.99
105年 2016	-0.28	1.37	7.24	5.06	3.44	4.08	-3.89	1.75
106年 2017	-0.05	4.41	-3.21	2.72	-0.26	-1.16	0.51	5.82
107年 2018	2.96	0.35	3.73	3.60	3.19	2.45	14.23	3.78
108年 2019	6.24	-1.38	23.67	5.01	11.12	12.03	1.63	9.18
109年 2020	6.93	-0.73	5.80	7.05	6.15	4.87	28.87	5.80
110年 2021	6.73	15.37	28.70	5.51	14.46	18.90	5.04	-10.10

第 12 表 國民儲蓄與國內投資  
Table 12. Gross National Savings and Gross Domestic Investment

當期價格

At Current Prices

年	國民儲蓄毛額		國內投資毛額		儲蓄與投資差額		
	Gross National Savings		Gross Domestic Investment		Difference between Savings and Investment		
Year	金額	占GNI比率	金額	占GDP比率	金額	占GDP比率	占國民儲蓄
	(百萬元)	(%)	(百萬元)	(%)	(百萬元)	(%)	(%)
	Amount	Percent of GNI	Amount	Percent of GDP	Amount	Percent	Percent of Gross
	(Million NT\$)	(%)	(Million NT\$)	(%)	(Million NT\$)	(%)	(%)
		(Savings Ratio)		(Investment Ratio)		of GDP	National Savings
40年 1951	1 954	15.86	1 802	14.62	152	1.23	7.78
50年 1961	13 487	18.99	14 598	20.53	- 1 111	-1.56	-8.24
60年 1971	79 678	29.62	72 856	27.08	6 822	2.54	8.56
70年 1981	570 559	31.79	548 324	30.39	22 235	1.23	3.90
73年 1984	856 036	34.97	589 552	24.38	266 484	11.02	31.13
74年 1985	890 058	34.47	528 202	20.84	361 856	14.27	40.66
75年 1986	1 225 513	40.28	613 239	20.68	612 274	20.65	49.96
76年 1987	1 344 238	39.33	791 187	23.65	553 051	16.53	41.14
77年 1988	1 324 959	35.68	1 042 267	28.83	282 692	7.82	21.34
78年 1989	1 349 040	32.64	1 027 552	25.48	321 488	7.97	23.83
79年 1990	1 436 159	31.28	1 139 822	25.47	296 337	6.62	20.63
80年 1991	1 626 808	31.57	1 301 069	25.93	325 739	6.49	20.02
81年 1992	1 753 308	30.60	1 580 936	28.18	172 372	3.07	9.83
82年 1993	1 950 617	30.89	1 776 268	28.65	174 349	2.81	8.94
83年 1994	2 072 504	30.09	1 895 460	27.96	177 044	2.61	8.54
84年 1995	2 215 286	29.53	2 069 690	28.00	145 596	1.97	6.57
85年 1996	2 328 041	28.60	2 041 379	25.42	286 662	3.57	12.31
86年 1997	2 512 940	28.58	2 314 943	26.59	197 997	2.27	7.88
87年 1998	2 651 302	28.11	2 567 924	27.42	83 378	0.89	3.14
88年 1999	2 825 795	28.56	2 599 622	26.51	226 173	2.31	8.00
89年 2000	3 059 738	29.24	2 811 556	27.22	248 182	2.40	8.11
90年 2001	2 751 155	26.69	2 172 026	21.46	579 129	5.72	21.05
91年 2002	3 041 535	27.99	2 238 126	21.05	803 409	7.56	26.41
92年 2003	3 342 728	29.72	2 374 960	21.74	967 768	8.86	28.95
93年 2004	3 588 749	30.01	2 951 854	25.46	636 895	5.49	17.75
94年 2005	3 583 935	29.09	2 956 293	24.56	627 642	5.21	17.51
95年 2006	3 932 113	30.53	3 106 159	24.71	825 954	6.57	21.01
96年 2007	4 253 509	31.07	3 235 197	24.21	1 018 312	7.62	23.94
97年 2008	3 915 409	29.17	3 227 647	24.61	687 762	5.24	17.57
98年 2009	3 849 753	28.90	2 580 325	19.97	1 269 428	9.83	32.97
99年 2010	4 752 900	32.83	3 527 466	25.09	1 225 434	8.72	25.78
100年 2011	4 559 451	31.16	3 366 687	23.61	1 192 764	8.36	26.16
101年 2012	4 601 328	30.45	3 330 452	22.69	1 270 876	8.66	27.62
102年 2013	5 076 461	32.39	3 441 464	22.54	1 634 997	10.71	32.21
103年 2014	5 735 107	34.35	3 668 439	22.56	2 066 668	12.71	36.04
104年 2015	6 203 508	35.46	3 706 196	21.73	2 497 312	14.64	40.26
105年 2016	6 339 620	35.21	3 797 566	21.63	2 542 054	14.48	40.10
106年 2017	6 563 940	35.61	3 771 289	20.97	2 792 651	15.53	42.55
107年 2018	6 532 637	34.77	4 085 901	22.24	2 446 736	13.32	37.45
108年 2019	6 735 068	34.74	4 500 281	23.80	2 234 787	11.82	33.18
109年 2020	7 940 908	38.76	4 822 800	24.22	3 118 108	15.66	39.27
110年 2021	9 524 149	42.91	5 860 325	26.96	3 663 824	16.85	38.47

第13表 對外經常收支  
Table 13. External Transactions

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT \$

年	經常收支			商品及服務			經常移轉收支			要素所得收支		
	Current Receipts and Disposals			Goods and Services			Current Transfers			Factor Income		
Year	收入	支出	差額	收入	支出	差額	收入	支出	差額	收入	支出	差額
	Receipts	Disposals	Balance	Exports	Imports	Balance	Receipts	Disposals	Balance	Receipts	Disposals	Balance
40年 1951	2 014	1 862	152	1 257	1 836	- 579	757	19	738	0	7	- 7
50年 1961	13 935	15 046	- 1 111	9 803	14 768	- 4 965	4 076	139	3 937	56	139	- 83
60年 1971	98 389	91 567	6 822	93 776	87 288	6 488	980	524	456	3 633	3 755	- 122
70年 1981	967 279	945 044	22 235	917 245	881 965	35 280	3 274	6 666	- 3 392	46 760	56 413	- 9 653
73年 1984	1 401 290	1 127 948	273 342	1 322 333	1 071 640	250 693	4 554	11 880	- 7 326	74 403	44 428	29 975
74年 1985	1 438 208	1 073 883	364 325	1 345 612	1 018 166	327 446	4 819	15 054	- 10 235	87 777	40 663	47 114
75年 1986	1 780 523	1 168 249	612 274	1 661 598	1 114 330	547 268	7 454	19 373	- 11 919	111 471	34 546	76 925
76年 1987	1 995 339	1 422 564	572 775	1 859 110	1 336 867	522 243	14 918	37 707	- 22 789	121 311	47 990	73 321
77年 1988	2 098 306	1 811 193	287 113	1 919 625	1 674 910	244 715	26 845	81 793	- 54 948	151 836	54 490	97 346
78年 1989	2 178 157	1 884 618	293 539	1 959 957	1 711 467	248 490	42 700	98 340	- 55 640	175 500	74 811	100 689
79年 1990	2 250 753	1 963 009	287 744	2 020 737	1 834 190	186 547	44 212	60 241	- 16 029	185 804	68 578	117 226
80年 1991	2 556 681	2 230 942	325 739	2 309 420	2 123 441	185 979	48 321	44 003	4 318	198 940	63 498	135 442
81年 1992	2 606 776	2 400 204	206 572	2 363 843	2 281 933	81 910	55 361	51 309	4 052	187 572	66 962	120 610
82年 1993	2 901 572	2 724 418	177 154	2 674 195	2 588 868	85 327	48 315	70 322	- 22 007	179 062	65 228	113 834
83年 1994	3 143 039	2 981 966	161 073	2 897 685	2 802 859	94 826	57 357	98 363	- 41 006	187 997	80 744	107 253
84年 1995	3 724 089	3 588 379	135 710	3 448 460	3 346 200	102 260	61 233	138 358	- 77 125	214 396	103 821	110 575
85年 1996	3 989 211	3 702 549	286 662	3 738 767	3 492 880	245 887	68 590	136 878	- 68 288	181 854	72 791	109 063
86年 1997	4 407 750	4 229 393	178 357	4 127 263	3 974 253	153 010	83 182	146 586	- 63 404	197 305	108 554	88 751
87年 1998	4 731 513	4 637 016	94 497	4 418 599	4 340 093	78 506	98 461	149 549	- 51 088	214 453	147 374	67 079
88年 1999	4 949 870	4 718 867	231 003	4 627 041	4 409 881	217 160	100 876	175 646	- 74 770	221 953	133 340	88 613
89年 2000	5 827 008	5 585 333	241 675	5 444 410	5 258 052	186 358	100 015	181 351	- 81 336	282 583	145 930	136 653
90年 2001	5 498 650	4 919 521	579 129	5 098 642	4 616 692	481 950	88 590	180 595	- 92 005	311 418	122 234	189 184
91年 2002	6 107 401	5 272 464	834 937	5 666 553	4 982 001	684 552	91 081	176 802	- 85 721	349 767	113 661	236 106
92年 2003	6 780 174	5 872 537	907 637	6 248 779	5 570 234	678 545	92 552	185 588	- 93 036	438 843	116 715	322 128
93年 2004	8 018 372	7 438 089	580 283	7 404 437	7 060 308	344 129	106 562	233 815	- 127 253	507 373	143 966	363 407
94年 2005	8 505 771	7 914 410	591 361	7 841 435	7 398 645	442 790	112 112	248 647	- 136 535	552 224	267 118	285 106
95年 2006	9 740 651	8 914 697	825 954	8 993 922	8 346 508	647 414	125 447	252 847	- 127 400	621 282	315 342	305 940
96年 2007	11 085 915	9 894 531	1 191 384	10 169 267	9 179 670	989 597	154 625	278 279	- 123 654	762 023	436 582	325 441
97年 2008	11 068 392	10 223 962	844 430	10 171 377	9 545 097	626 280	174 603	262 269	- 87 666	722 412	416 596	305 816
98年 2009	9 554 106	8 121 419	1 432 687	8 732 598	7 631 728	1 100 870	163 826	234 367	- 70 541	657 682	255 324	402 358
99年 2010	12 083 984	10 823 111	1 260 873	11 197 740	10 267 516	930 224	167 730	252 796	- 85 066	718 514	302 799	415 715
100年 2011	12 405 284	11 212 520	1 192 764	11 528 993	10 600 449	928 544	164 909	272 795	- 107 886	711 382	339 276	372 106
101年 2012	12 539 800	11 137 167	1 402 633	11 634 675	10 587 700	1 046 975	164 073	240 601	- 76 528	741 052	308 866	432 186
102年 2013	12 772 186	11 130 258	1 641 928	11 854 435	10 526 770	1 327 665	185 116	273 357	- 88 241	732 635	330 131	402 504
103年 2014	13 650 102	11 668 844	1 981 258	12 559 478	10 933 622	1 625 856	203 425	287 128	- 83 703	887 199	448 094	439 105
104年 2015	13 290 149	10 760 377	2 529 772	12 157 096	9 959 487	2 197 609	211 135	318 633	- 107 498	921 918	482 257	439 661
105年 2016	12 984 439	10 442 385	2 542 054	11 808 128	9 614 743	2 193 385	223 341	325 813	- 102 472	952 970	501 829	451 141
106年 2017	13 356 701	10 635 452	2 721 249	12 095 508	9 695 678	2 399 830	218 855	344 797	- 125 942	1 042 338	594 977	447 361
107年 2018	13 599 780	11 229 896	2 369 884	12 191 349	10 136 095	2 055 254	230 536	330 707	- 100 171	1 177 895	763 094	414 801
108年 2019	13 388 278	11 127 503	2 260 775	11 922 648	10 050 222	1 872 426	254 777	342 579	- 87 802	1 210 853	734 702	476 151
109年 2020	12 939 912	9 743 352	3 196 560	11 567 527	8 849 442	2 718 085	235 037	328 342	- 93 305	1 137 348	565 568	571 780
110年 2021	15 758 306	12 131 636	3 626 670	14 440 048	11 196 367	3 243 681	244 080	319 575	- 75 495	1 074 178	615 694	458 484

第 14 表 國民所得相關指標  
Table 14. Correlative Indicators of National Income

年 Year	年中人口	平均匯率	工業生產指數	就業人數			失業率	消費者物價	
	(千人)	(兌美元)	(105年=100)①	No. of Persons Employed			(%)	指數年增率	
	Mid-Year Population	Exchange Rate	Industrial Production Index	(千人)	結構比(%)②			Unemploy- ment Rate	Annual Changes in CPI
	(1000 persons)	(NT\$/US\$)	(2016=100)	(1000 persons)	Percentage Distribution (%)			(%)	(%)
				農 業	工 業	服務業			
				Agriculture	Industry	Services			
40年 1951	7 758	10.30	—	2 893	56.69	16.31	27.00	4.52	—
50年 1961	11 030	40.00	—	3 505	49.84	20.89	29.27	4.10	7.88
60年 1971	14 914	40.00	—	4 738	35.14	29.91	34.95	1.66	2.80
70年 1981	18 030	36.79	17.80	6 672	18.84	42.39	38.78	1.36	16.35
73年 1984	18 930	39.62	22.72	7 308	17.59	42.26	40.14	2.45	-0.02
74年 1985	19 192	39.86	23.35	7 428	17.45	41.57	40.98	2.91	-0.17
75年 1986	19 411	37.85	26.79	7 733	17.03	41.57	41.39	2.66	0.69
76年 1987	19 617	31.87	29.72	8 022	15.28	42.76	41.95	1.97	0.52
77年 1988	19 840	28.61	30.90	8 107	13.73	42.47	43.80	1.69	1.30
78年 1989	20 055	26.41	32.03	8 258	12.90	42.09	45.01	1.57	4.41
79年 1990	20 279	26.89	31.94	8 283	12.85	40.83	46.32	1.67	4.12
80年 1991	20 504	26.82	34.35	8 439	12.95	39.93	47.12	1.51	3.62
81年 1992	20 704	25.16	35.73	8 632	12.34	39.61	48.06	1.51	4.47
82年 1993	20 899	26.39	36.82	8 745	11.49	39.08	49.43	1.45	2.94
83年 1994	21 087	26.46	38.98	8 939	10.92	39.22	49.86	1.56	4.10
84年 1995	21 268	26.49	41.06	9 045	10.55	38.74	50.71	1.79	3.66
85年 1996	21 441	27.46	42.38	9 068	10.12	37.49	52.39	2.60	3.08
86年 1997	21 634	28.70	45.40	9 176	9.57	38.17	52.26	2.72	0.91
87年 1998	21 836	33.46	46.98	9 289	8.85	37.92	53.23	2.69	1.68
88年 1999	22 010	32.27	50.45	9 385	8.25	37.21	54.54	2.92	0.18
89年 2000	22 185	31.23	54.35	9 491	7.78	37.23	54.99	2.99	1.26
90年 2001	22 341	33.81	49.84	9 383	7.52	36.58	55.90	4.57	-0.01
91年 2002	22 463	34.58	54.08	9 454	7.50	35.84	56.66	5.17	-0.20
92年 2003	22 563	34.42	59.00	9 573	7.27	35.49	57.24	4.99	-0.28
93年 2004	22 647	33.43	64.55	9 786	6.56	35.90	57.54	4.44	1.61
94年 2005	22 730	32.18	66.56	9 942	5.94	36.40	57.67	4.13	2.31
95年 2006	22 823	32.53	69.55	10 111	5.48	36.59	57.92	3.91	0.60
96年 2007	22 917	32.84	75.11	10 294	5.28	36.80	57.92	3.91	1.80
97年 2008	22 998	31.54	74.41	10 403	5.14	36.84	58.02	4.14	3.52
98年 2009	23 078	33.06	68.73	10 279	5.28	35.85	58.87	5.85	-0.87
99年 2010	23 141	31.65	87.72	10 493	5.24	35.92	58.84	5.21	0.97
100年 2011	23 194	29.47	90.01	10 709	5.06	36.34	58.60	4.39	1.42
101年 2012	23 270	29.62	90.46	10 860	5.01	36.23	58.75	4.24	1.93
102年 2013	23 345	29.77	93.36	10 967	4.96	36.16	58.89	4.18	0.79
103年 2014	23 404	30.37	99.34	11 079	4.95	36.14	58.91	3.96	1.20
104年 2015	23 463	31.91	98.07	11 198	4.95	36.03	59.02	3.78	-0.30
105年 2016	23 516	32.33	100.00	11 267	4.95	35.88	59.17	3.92	1.39
106年 2017	23 556	30.44	105.00	11 352	4.90	35.79	59.31	3.76	0.62
107年 2018	23 580	30.16	108.83	11 434	4.90	35.71	59.38	3.71	1.35
108年 2019	23 596	30.93	108.45	11 500	4.86	35.58	59.55	3.73	0.56
109年 2020	23 582	29.58	116.13	11 504	4.76	35.43	59.80	3.85	-0.23
110年 2021	23 468	28.02	131.71	11 447	4.73	35.45	59.81	3.95	1.96

附註：◎84年(含)以前不含土石採取業。◎87年以前採行業標準分類第6次修訂；88年至89年採行業標準分類第7次修訂；90年至100年採行業標準分類第8次修訂；101年至105年採行業標準分類第9次修訂；106年起採行業統計分類第10次修訂。





### 第三章 國民經濟會計報告

### **Chapter III. National Accounts**

## 一、總報告

### (一) 國內生產毛額及其處分總帳

當期價格(百萬元)

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
受僱人員報酬	6 657 257	6 806 932	7 198 293	7 516 962	7 740 858
營業盈餘	4 628 954	5 163 719	5 697 300	6 001 355	6 154 164
固定資本消耗	2 481 522	2 471 945	2 570 369	2 601 636	2 700 956
生產及進口稅	854 107	891 642	951 098	975 582	1 035 207
減：補助金	75 832	70 441	73 603	72 915	75 917
加：統計差異	131 757	6 931	- 85 410	32 460	—
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>14 677 765</b>	<b>15 270 728</b>	<b>16 258 047</b>	<b>17 055 080</b>	<b>17 555 268</b>
政府消費	2 284 488	2 259 221	2 360 910	2 363 711	2 482 242
民間消費	8 015 850	8 242 378	8 602 842	8 787 564	9 082 075
存貨變動	16 699	- 24 524	37 881	42 438	- 10 001
固定資本形成	3 313 753	3 465 988	3 630 558	3 663 758	3 807 567
商品及服務輸出	11 634 675	11 854 435	12 559 478	12 157 096	11 808 128
減：商品及服務輸入	10 587 700	10 526 770	10 933 622	9 959 487	9 614 743
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>14 677 765</b>	<b>15 270 728</b>	<b>16 258 047</b>	<b>17 055 080</b>	<b>17 555 268</b>

對上年增加率(%)

受僱人員報酬	2.91	2.25	5.75	4.43	2.98
營業盈餘	0.48	11.55	10.33	5.34	2.55
固定資本消耗	3.10	-0.39	3.98	1.22	3.82
生產及進口稅	-0.07	4.39	6.67	2.57	6.11
減：補助金	0.71	-7.11	4.49	-0.93	4.12
加：統計差異	--	--	--	--	--
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>2.91</b>	<b>4.04</b>	<b>6.47</b>	<b>4.90</b>	<b>2.93</b>
政府消費	4.22	-1.11	4.50	0.12	5.01
民間消費	3.10	2.83	4.37	2.15	3.35
存貨變動	--	--	--	--	--
固定資本形成	-0.58	4.59	4.75	0.91	3.93
商品及服務輸出	0.92	1.89	5.95	-3.20	-2.87
減：商品及服務輸入	-0.12	-0.58	3.86	-8.91	-3.46
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>2.91</b>	<b>4.04</b>	<b>6.47</b>	<b>4.90</b>	<b>2.93</b>

構成比(%)

受僱人員報酬	45.36	44.58	44.28	44.07	44.09
營業盈餘	31.54	33.81	35.04	35.19	35.06
固定資本消耗	16.91	16.19	15.81	15.25	15.39
生產及進口稅	5.82	5.84	5.85	5.72	5.90
減：補助金	0.52	0.46	0.45	0.43	0.43
加：統計差異	0.90	0.05	-0.53	0.19	—
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>
政府消費	15.56	14.79	14.52	13.86	14.14
民間消費	54.61	53.98	52.91	51.52	51.73
存貨變動	0.11	-0.16	0.23	0.25	-0.06
固定資本形成	22.58	22.70	22.33	21.48	21.69
商品及服務輸出	79.27	77.63	77.25	71.28	67.26
減：商品及服務輸入	72.13	68.93	67.25	58.40	54.77
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## I. Consolidated Accounts for the Nation

### Account 1. Gross Domestic Product and Expenditure

At Current Prices (Million NT \$)

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
8 024 870	8 416 746	8 693 294	8 866 888	9 370 285	Compensation of Employees
6 281 062	6 094 520	6 097 178	6 897 863	7 954 295	Operating Surplus
2 768 310	2 898 233	3 046 253	3 175 590	3 427 677	Consumption of Fixed Capital
1 053 682	1 118 892	1 132 269	1 159 913	1 247 596	Taxes on Production and Imports
73 175	76 517	86 350	263 900	223 717	Less : Subsidies
- 71 402	- 76 852	25 988	78 452	- 37 154	Plus : Statistical Discrepancy
<b>17 983 347</b>	<b>18 375 022</b>	<b>18 908 632</b>	<b>19 914 806</b>	<b>21 738 982</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>
2 486 552	2 623 385	2 652 859	2 772 825	2 937 859	Government Final Consumption Expenditure
9 325 676	9 610 482	9 883 066	9 601 096	9 697 117	Private Final Consumption Expenditure
- 24 580	84 773	- 26 325	5 524	183 901	Changes in Inventories
3 795 869	4 001 128	4 526 606	4 817 276	5 676 424	Gross Fixed Capital Formation
12 095 508	12 191 349	11 922 648	11 567 527	14 440 048	Exports of Goods and Services
9 695 678	10 136 095	10 050 222	8 849 442	11 196 367	Less : Imports of Goods and Services
<b>17 983 347</b>	<b>18 375 022</b>	<b>18 908 632</b>	<b>19 914 806</b>	<b>21 738 982</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>
Annual Change Rate ( % )					
3.67	4.88	3.29	2.00	5.68	Compensation of Employees
2.06	-2.97	0.04	13.13	15.32	Operating Surplus
2.49	4.69	5.11	4.25	7.94	Consumption of Fixed Capital
1.78	6.19	1.20	2.44	7.56	Taxes on Production and Imports
-3.61	4.57	12.85	205.62	-15.23	Less : Subsidies
--	--	--	--	--	Plus : Statistical Discrepancy
<b>2.44</b>	<b>2.18</b>	<b>2.90</b>	<b>5.32</b>	<b>9.16</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>
0.17	5.50	1.12	4.52	5.95	Government Final Consumption Expenditure
2.68	3.05	2.84	-2.85	1.00	Private Final Consumption Expenditure
--	--	--	--	--	Changes in Inventories
-0.31	5.41	13.13	6.42	17.83	Gross Fixed Capital Formation
2.43	0.79	-2.20	-2.98	24.83	Exports of Goods and Services
0.84	4.54	-0.85	-11.95	26.52	Less : Imports of Goods and Services
<b>2.44</b>	<b>2.18</b>	<b>2.90</b>	<b>5.32</b>	<b>9.16</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>
Percentage Distribution ( % )					
44.62	45.81	45.98	44.52	43.10	Compensation of Employees
34.93	33.17	32.25	34.64	36.59	Operating Surplus
15.39	15.77	16.11	15.95	15.77	Consumption of Fixed Capital
5.86	6.09	5.99	5.82	5.74	Taxes on Production and Imports
0.41	0.42	0.46	1.33	1.03	Less : Subsidies
-0.40	-0.42	0.14	0.39	-0.17	Plus : Statistical Discrepancy
<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>
13.83	14.28	14.03	13.92	13.51	Government Final Consumption Expenditure
51.86	52.30	52.27	48.21	44.61	Private Final Consumption Expenditure
-0.14	0.46	-0.14	0.03	0.85	Changes in Inventories
21.11	21.77	23.94	24.19	26.11	Gross Fixed Capital Formation
67.26	66.35	63.05	58.09	66.42	Exports of Goods and Services
53.91	55.16	53.15	44.44	51.50	Less : Imports of Goods and Services
<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>

## (二) 國民可支配所得及其支用總帳

當期價格(百萬元)

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
政府消費	2 284 488	2 259 221	2 360 910	2 363 711	2 482 242
民間消費	8 015 850	8 242 378	8 602 842	8 787 564	9 082 075
儲蓄淨額	2 119 806	2 604 516	3 164 738	3 601 872	3 638 664
<b>可支配所得之支用</b>	<b>12 420 144</b>	<b>13 106 115</b>	<b>14 128 490</b>	<b>14 753 147</b>	<b>15 202 981</b>
受僱人員報酬	6 657 257	6 806 932	7 198 293	7 516 962	7 740 858
營業盈餘	4 628 954	5 163 719	5 697 300	6 001 355	6 154 164
國外受僱人員報酬淨額	4 383	8 008	9 719	8 264	4 590
國外財產及企業所得收入淨額	427 803	394 496	429 386	431 397	446 551
生產及進口稅	854 107	891 642	951 098	975 582	1 035 207
減：補助金	75 832	70 441	73 603	72 915	75 917
國外其他經常移轉收入淨額	- 76 528	- 88 241	- 83 703	- 107 498	- 102 472
<b>可支配所得</b>	<b>12 420 144</b>	<b>13 106 115</b>	<b>14 128 490</b>	<b>14 753 147</b>	<b>15 202 981</b>

對上年增加率(%)

政府消費	4.22	-1.11	4.50	0.12	5.01
民間消費	3.10	2.83	4.37	2.15	3.35
儲蓄淨額	-1.52	22.87	21.51	13.81	1.02
<b>可支配所得之支用</b>	<b>2.48</b>	<b>5.52</b>	<b>7.80</b>	<b>4.42</b>	<b>3.05</b>
受僱人員報酬	2.91	2.25	5.75	4.43	2.98
營業盈餘	0.48	11.55	10.33	5.34	2.55
國外受僱人員報酬淨額	--	--	--	--	--
國外財產及企業所得收入淨額	--	--	--	--	--
生產及進口稅	-0.07	4.39	6.67	2.57	6.11
減：補助金	0.71	-7.11	4.49	-0.93	4.12
國外其他經常移轉收入淨額	--	--	--	--	--
<b>可支配所得</b>	<b>2.48</b>	<b>5.52</b>	<b>7.80</b>	<b>4.42</b>	<b>3.05</b>

構成比(%)

政府消費	18.39	17.24	16.71	16.02	16.33
民間消費	64.54	62.89	60.89	59.56	59.74
儲蓄淨額	17.07	19.87	22.40	24.41	23.93
<b>可支配所得之支用</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>
受僱人員報酬	53.60	51.94	50.95	50.95	50.92
營業盈餘	37.27	39.40	40.32	40.68	40.48
國外受僱人員報酬淨額	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.03
國外財產及企業所得收入淨額	3.44	3.01	3.04	2.92	2.94
生產及進口稅	6.88	6.80	6.73	6.61	6.81
減：補助金	0.61	0.54	0.52	0.49	0.50
國外其他經常移轉收入淨額	-0.62	-0.67	-0.59	-0.73	-0.67
<b>可支配所得</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## Account 2. National Disposable Income and Its Appropriation

At Current Prices (Million NT \$)					
106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
2 486 552	2 623 385	2 652 859	2 772 825	2 937 859	Government Final Consumption Expenditure
9 325 676	9 610 482	9 883 066	9 601 096	9 697 117	Private Final Consumption Expenditure
3 795 630	3 634 404	3 688 815	4 765 318	6 096 472	Net Saving
<b>15 607 858</b>	<b>15 868 271</b>	<b>16 224 740</b>	<b>17 139 239</b>	<b>18 731 448</b>	<b>Appropriation of Disposable Income</b>
8 024 870	8 416 746	8 693 294	8 866 888	9 370 285	Compensation of Employees
6 281 062	6 094 520	6 097 178	6 897 863	7 954 295	Operating Surplus
6 241	8 898	13 051	13 401	12 274	Compensation of Employees from ROW, Net
441 120	405 903	463 100	558 379	446 210	Property and Entrepreneurial Income from ROW, Net
1 053 682	1 118 892	1 132 269	1 159 913	1 247 596	Taxes on Production and Imports
73 175	76 517	86 350	263 900	223 717	Less: Subsidies
- 125 942	- 100 171	- 87 802	- 93 305	- 75 495	Other Current Transfers from ROW, Net
<b>15 607 858</b>	<b>15 868 271</b>	<b>16 224 740</b>	<b>17 139 239</b>	<b>18 731 448</b>	<b>Disposable Income</b>
Annual Change Rate (%)					
0.17	5.50	1.12	4.52	5.95	Government Final Consumption Expenditure
2.68	3.05	2.84	-2.85	1.00	Private Final Consumption Expenditure
4.31	-4.25	1.50	29.18	27.93	Net Saving
<b>2.66</b>	<b>1.67</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>5.64</b>	<b>9.29</b>	<b>Appropriation of Disposable Income</b>
3.67	4.88	3.29	2.00	5.68	Compensation of Employees
2.06	-2.97	0.04	13.13	15.32	Operating Surplus
--	--	--	--	--	Compensation of Employees from ROW, Net
--	--	--	--	--	Property and Entrepreneurial Income from ROW, Net
1.78	6.19	1.20	2.44	7.56	Taxes on Production and Imports
-3.61	4.57	12.85	205.62	-15.23	Less: Subsidies
--	--	--	--	--	Other Current Transfers from ROW, Net
<b>2.66</b>	<b>1.67</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>5.64</b>	<b>9.29</b>	<b>Disposable Income</b>
Percentage Distribution (%)					
15.93	16.53	16.35	16.18	15.68	Government Final Consumption Expenditure
59.75	60.56	60.91	56.02	51.77	Private Final Consumption Expenditure
24.32	22.90	22.74	27.80	32.55	Net Saving
<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>Appropriation of Disposable Income</b>
51.42	53.04	53.58	51.73	50.02	Compensation of Employees
40.24	38.41	37.58	40.25	42.46	Operating Surplus
0.04	0.06	0.08	0.08	0.07	Compensation of Employees from ROW, Net
2.83	2.56	2.85	3.26	2.38	Property and Entrepreneurial Income from ROW, Net
6.75	7.05	6.98	6.77	6.66	Taxes on Production and Imports
0.47	0.48	0.53	1.54	1.19	Less: Subsidies
-0.81	-0.63	-0.54	-0.54	-0.40	Other Current Transfers from ROW, Net
<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>Disposable Income</b>

## (三) 資金運用總帳

當期價格(百萬元)

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
存貨變動	16 699	- 24 524	37 881	42 438	- 10 001
固定資本形成毛額	3 313 753	3 465 988	3 630 558	3 663 758	3 807 567
國外非生產非金融資產購入淨額 <sup>①</sup>	711	- 1 994	243	159	290
對外貸出淨額	1 401 922	1 643 922	1 981 015	2 529 613	2 541 764
<b>資產增加毛額</b>	<b>4 733 085</b>	<b>5 083 392</b>	<b>5 649 697</b>	<b>6 235 968</b>	<b>6 339 620</b>
儲蓄淨額	2 119 806	2 604 516	3 164 738	3 601 872	3 638 664
固定資本消耗	2 481 522	2 471 945	2 570 369	2 601 636	2 700 956
國外資本移轉收入淨額	—	—	—	—	—
加：統計差異	131 757	6 931	- 85 410	32 460	—
<b>資產增加毛額之財源</b>	<b>4 733 085</b>	<b>5 083 392</b>	<b>5 649 697</b>	<b>6 235 968</b>	<b>6 339 620</b>

對上年增加率(%)

存貨變動	--	--	--	--	--
固定資本形成毛額	-0.58	4.59	4.75	0.91	3.93
國外非生產非金融資產購入淨額	--	--	--	--	--
對外貸出淨額	--	--	--	--	--
<b>資產增加毛額</b>	<b>3.81</b>	<b>7.40</b>	<b>11.14</b>	<b>10.38</b>	<b>1.66</b>
儲蓄淨額	-1.52	22.87	21.51	13.81	1.02
固定資本消耗	3.10	-0.39	3.98	1.22	3.82
國外資本移轉收入淨額	--	--	--	--	--
加：統計差異	--	--	--	--	--
<b>資產增加毛額之財源</b>	<b>3.81</b>	<b>7.40</b>	<b>11.14</b>	<b>10.38</b>	<b>1.66</b>

構成比(%)

存貨變動	0.35	-0.48	0.67	0.68	-0.16
固定資本形成毛額	70.01	68.18	64.26	58.75	60.06
國外非生產非金融資產購入淨額	0.02	-0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
對外貸出淨額	29.62	32.34	35.06	40.56	40.09
<b>資產增加毛額</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>
儲蓄淨額	44.79	51.24	56.02	57.76	57.40
固定資本消耗	52.43	48.63	45.50	41.72	42.60
國外資本移轉收入淨額	—	—	—	—	—
加：統計差異	2.78	0.14	-1.51	0.52	—
<b>資產增加毛額之財源</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>

註：①非生產非金融資產係指土地與礦藏等天然資源，以及商標與商譽等無形資產。

### Account 3. Capital Finance

At Current Prices (Million NT \$)					
106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
- 24 580	84 773	- 26 325	5 524	183 901	Changes in Inventories
3 795 869	4 001 128	4 526 606	4 817 276	5 676 424	Gross Fixed Capital Formation
366	- 181	93	266	- 84	Acquisition Less Disposal of Nonproduced, Nonfinancial Assets from the Rest of the World, Net <sup>①</sup>
2 720 883	2 371 784	2 260 682	3 196 294	3 626 754	Net Lending to the Rest of the World
<b>6 492 538</b>	<b>6 457 504</b>	<b>6 761 056</b>	<b>8 019 360</b>	<b>9 486 995</b>	<b>Gross Accumulation</b>
3 795 630	3 634 404	3 688 815	4 765 318	6 096 472	Saving, Net
2 768 310	2 898 233	3 046 253	3 175 590	3 427 677	Consumption of Fixed Capital
—	1 719	—	—	—	Capital Transfers from the Rest of the World, Net
- 71 402	- 76 852	25 988	78 452	- 37 154	Plus : Statistical Discrepancy
<b>6 492 538</b>	<b>6 457 504</b>	<b>6 761 056</b>	<b>8 019 360</b>	<b>9 486 995</b>	<b>Finance of Gross Accumulation</b>
Annual Change Rate (%)					
--	--	--	--	--	Changes in Inventories
-0.31	5.41	13.13	6.42	17.83	Gross Fixed Capital Formation
--	--	--	--	--	Acquisition Less Disposal of Nonproduced, Nonfinancial Assets from the Rest of the World, Net
--	--	--	--	--	Net Lending to the Rest of the World
<b>2.41</b>	<b>-0.54</b>	<b>4.70</b>	<b>18.61</b>	<b>18.30</b>	<b>Gross Accumulation</b>
4.31	-4.25	1.50	29.18	27.93	Saving, Net
2.49	4.69	5.11	4.25	7.94	Consumption of Fixed Capital
--	--	--	--	--	Capital Transfers from the Rest of the World, Net
--	--	--	--	--	Plus : Statistical Discrepancy
<b>2.41</b>	<b>-0.54</b>	<b>4.70</b>	<b>18.61</b>	<b>18.30</b>	<b>Finance of Gross Accumulation</b>
Percentage Distribution (%)					
-0.38	1.31	-0.39	0.07	1.94	Changes in Inventories
58.47	61.96	66.95	60.07	59.83	Gross Fixed Capital Formation
0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Acquisition Less Disposal of Nonproduced, Nonfinancial Assets from the Rest of the World, Net
41.91	36.73	33.44	39.86	38.23	Net Lending to the Rest of the World
<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>Gross Accumulation</b>
58.46	56.28	54.56	59.42	64.26	Saving, Net
42.64	44.88	45.06	39.60	36.13	Consumption of Fixed Capital
—	0.03	—	—	—	Capital Transfers from the Rest of the World, Net
-1.10	-1.19	0.38	0.98	-0.39	Plus : Statistical Discrepancy
<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>Finance of Gross Accumulation</b>

Note:①Nonproduced, nonfinancial assets consist of natural resources, goodwill, brand names, etc.

## (四) 對外交易總帳

當期價格(百萬元)

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
商品及服務輸出	11 634 675	11 854 435	12 559 478	12 157 096	11 808 128
國外受僱人員報酬	16 733	18 964	20 592	22 112	24 115
國外財產及企業所得收入	724 319	713 671	866 607	899 806	928 855
國外其他經常移轉收入	164 073	185 116	203 425	211 135	223 341
<b>經常收入</b>	<b>12 539 800</b>	<b>12 772 186</b>	<b>13 650 102</b>	<b>13 290 149</b>	<b>12 984 439</b>
商品及服務輸入	10 587 700	10 526 770	10 933 622	9 959 487	9 614 743
國外受僱人員報酬支付	12 350	10 956	10 873	13 848	19 525
國外財產及企業所得支付	296 516	319 175	437 221	468 409	482 304
國外其他經常移轉支付	240 601	273 357	287 128	318 633	325 813
<b>經常收入之用途</b>	<b>11 137 167</b>	<b>11 130 258</b>	<b>11 668 844</b>	<b>10 760 377</b>	<b>10 442 385</b>
<b>對外經常交易餘額</b>	<b>1 402 633</b>	<b>1 641 928</b>	<b>1 981 258</b>	<b>2 529 772</b>	<b>2 542 054</b>

對上年增加率(%)

商品及服務輸出	0.92	1.89	5.95	-3.20	-2.87
國外受僱人員報酬	11.99	13.33	8.58	7.38	9.06
國外財產及企業所得收入	4.00	-1.47	21.43	3.83	3.23
國外其他經常移轉收入	-0.51	12.83	9.89	3.79	5.78
<b>經常收入</b>	<b>1.08</b>	<b>1.85</b>	<b>6.87</b>	<b>-2.64</b>	<b>-2.30</b>
商品及服務輸入	-0.12	-0.58	3.86	-8.91	-3.46
國外受僱人員報酬支付	-7.89	-11.29	-0.76	27.36	41.00
國外財產及企業所得支付	-9.01	7.64	36.98	7.13	2.97
國外其他經常移轉支付	-11.80	13.61	5.04	10.97	2.25
<b>經常收入之用途</b>	<b>-0.67</b>	<b>-0.06</b>	<b>4.84</b>	<b>-7.79</b>	<b>-2.96</b>
<b>對外經常交易餘額</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>	<b>--</b>

構成比(%)

商品及服務輸出	92.78	92.81	92.01	91.47	90.94
國外受僱人員報酬	0.13	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.19
國外財產及企業所得收入	5.78	5.59	6.35	6.77	7.15
國外其他經常移轉收入	1.31	1.45	1.49	1.59	1.72
<b>經常收入</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>
商品及服務輸入	95.07	94.58	93.70	92.56	92.07
國外受僱人員報酬支付	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.13	0.19
國外財產及企業所得支付	2.66	2.87	3.75	4.35	4.62
國外其他經常移轉支付	2.16	2.46	2.46	2.96	3.12
<b>經常收入之用途</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>



## Account 4. External Transactions

At Current Prices (Million NT \$)					
106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
12 095 508	12 191 349	11 922 648	11 567 527	14 440 048	Exports of Goods and Services
26 272	31 852	37 081	33 340	31 582	Compensation of Employees from the Rest of the World
1 016 066	1 146 043	1 173 772	1 104 008	1 042 596	Property and Entrepreneurial Income from the Rest of the World
218 855	230 536	254 777	235 037	244 080	Other Current Transfers from the Rest of the World
<b>13 356 701</b>	<b>13 599 780</b>	<b>13 388 278</b>	<b>12 939 912</b>	<b>15 758 306</b>	<b>Current Receipts</b>
9 695 678	10 136 095	10 050 222	8 849 442	11 196 367	Imports of Goods and Services
20 031	22 954	24 030	19 939	19 308	Compensation of Employees to the Rest of the World
574 946	740 140	710 672	545 629	596 386	Property and Entrepreneurial Income to the Rest of the World
344 797	330 707	342 579	328 342	319 575	Other Current Transfers to the Rest of the World
<b>10 635 452</b>	<b>11 229 896</b>	<b>11 127 503</b>	<b>9 743 352</b>	<b>12 131 636</b>	<b>Disposal of Current Receipts</b>
<b>2 721 249</b>	<b>2 369 884</b>	<b>2 260 775</b>	<b>3 196 560</b>	<b>3 626 670</b>	<b>Surplus of the Nation on Current Transactions</b>
Annual Change Rate (%)					
2.43	0.79	-2.20	-2.98	24.83	Exports of Goods and Services
8.94	21.24	16.42	-10.09	-5.27	Compensation of Employees from the Rest of the World
9.39	12.79	2.42	-5.94	-5.56	Property and Entrepreneurial Income from the Rest of the World
-2.01	5.34	10.52	-7.75	3.85	Other Current Transfers from the Rest of the World
<b>2.87</b>	<b>1.82</b>	<b>-1.56</b>	<b>-3.35</b>	<b>21.78</b>	<b>Current Receipts</b>
0.84	4.54	-0.85	-11.95	26.52	Imports of Goods and Services
2.59	14.59	4.69	-17.02	-3.16	Compensation of Employees to the Rest of the World
19.21	28.73	-3.98	-23.22	9.30	Property and Entrepreneurial Income to the Rest of the World
5.83	-4.09	3.59	-4.16	-2.67	Other Current Transfers to the Rest of the World
<b>1.85</b>	<b>5.59</b>	<b>-0.91</b>	<b>-12.44</b>	<b>24.51</b>	<b>Disposal of Current Receipts</b>
--	--	--	--	--	<b>Surplus of the Nation on Current Transactions</b>
Percentage Distribution (%)					
90.56	89.64	89.05	89.39	91.63	Exports of Goods and Services
0.20	0.23	0.28	0.26	0.20	Compensation of Employees from the Rest of the World
7.61	8.43	8.77	8.53	6.62	Property and Entrepreneurial Income from the Rest of the World
1.64	1.70	1.90	1.82	1.55	Other Current Transfers from the Rest of the World
<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>Current Receipts</b>
91.16	90.26	90.32	90.83	92.29	Imports of Goods and Services
0.19	0.20	0.22	0.20	0.16	Compensation of Employees to the Rest of the World
5.41	6.59	6.39	5.60	4.92	Property and Entrepreneurial Income to the Rest of the World
3.24	2.94	3.08	3.37	2.63	Other Current Transfers to the Rest of the World
<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>Disposal of Current Receipts</b>

## 二、各類商品與服務供需報告—商品與服務交易統計表

### 第 1 表 國內生產毛額依行業分

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>A.農、林、漁、牧業</b>	<b>247 313</b>	<b>264 418</b>	<b>302 781</b>	<b>298 855</b>	<b>327 502</b>
AA. 農耕業	191 300	203 782	223 317	219 568	246 024
AB. 畜牧業	14 234	18 863	36 256	35 566	38 851
AC. 林業	2 122	1 970	2 039	1 934	1 787
AD. 漁業	39 657	39 803	41 169	41 787	40 840
<b>B.礦業及土石採取業</b>	<b>15 405</b>	<b>14 267</b>	<b>14 328</b>	<b>13 257</b>	<b>10 818</b>
<b>C.製造業</b>	<b>4 120 261</b>	<b>4 445 009</b>	<b>5 056 638</b>	<b>5 348 932</b>	<b>5 655 706</b>
CA. 食品及飼品製造業	111 146	109 535	114 950	124 200	137 010
CB. 飲料及菸草製造業	85 527	84 438	82 978	84 621	92 298
CC. 紡織業	89 094	91 759	95 272	107 689	108 655
CD. 成衣及服飾品製造業	30 182	32 426	36 249	38 407	38 228
CE. 皮革、毛皮及其製品製造業	16 647	15 908	17 487	18 627	18 121
CF. 木竹製品製造業	10 246	10 404	10 777	11 439	12 314
CG. 紙漿、紙及紙製品製造業	46 187	45 456	49 595	51 333	53 038
CH. 印刷及資料儲存媒體複製業	41 507	41 737	41 440	42 962	45 022
CI. 石油及煤製品製造業	113 623	153 062	114 825	152 818	196 408
CJ. 化學材料製造業	211 908	239 167	247 972	331 302	375 979
CK. 其他化學製品製造業	68 447	72 063	79 724	86 930	88 784
CL. 藥品及醫用化學製品製造業	39 412	41 103	40 229	42 650	46 765
CM. 橡膠製品製造業	37 736	41 377	47 203	48 578	47 433
CN. 塑膠製品製造業	102 563	103 040	117 753	129 911	138 548
CO. 非金屬礦物製品製造業	137 549	124 409	119 788	119 061	120 315
CP. 基本金屬製造業	198 558	239 495	301 386	250 451	278 323
CQ. 金屬製品製造業	235 808	251 201	291 869	318 421	341 222
CR. 電子零組件製造業	1 312 772	1 530 053	1 899 042	1 955 926	2 053 301
CS. 電腦、電子產品及光學製品製造業	556 140	533 973	587 641	629 158	638 478
CT. 電力設備及配備製造業	141 446	144 441	152 077	158 706	165 733
CU. 機械設備製造業	226 442	223 808	258 393	266 496	266 801
CV. 汽車及其零件製造業	112 873	118 623	136 153	148 230	151 672
CW. 其他運輸工具及其零件製造業	80 090	80 737	87 318	96 084	95 953
CX. 家具製造業	16 087	16 317	17 729	20 134	21 226
CY. 其他製造業	98 271	100 477	108 788	114 798	124 079
<b>D.電力及燃氣供應業</b>	<b>133 807</b>	<b>199 987</b>	<b>238 785</b>	<b>303 461</b>	<b>296 428</b>
DA. 電力供應業	122 181	171 784	205 689	271 073	268 012
DB. 氣體燃料供應業	11 626	28 203	33 096	32 388	28 416
<b>E.用水供應及污染整治業</b>	<b>99 245</b>	<b>95 333</b>	<b>93 974</b>	<b>91 682</b>	<b>98 007</b>
EA. 用水供應業	22 451	22 703	22 323	21 987	24 145
EB. 污染整治業	76 794	72 630	71 651	69 695	73 862
<b>F.營建工程業</b>	<b>381 807</b>	<b>393 033</b>	<b>410 455</b>	<b>420 326</b>	<b>411 154</b>
<b>G.批發及零售業</b>	<b>2 450 734</b>	<b>2 560 534</b>	<b>2 606 050</b>	<b>2 664 745</b>	<b>2 678 007</b>
GA. 批發業	1 501 576	1 586 840	1 605 005	1 608 289	1 595 440
GB. 零售業	949 158	973 694	1 001 045	1 056 456	1 082 567

**II. Production, Consumption Expenditure and Capital Formation Accounts****Table 1. Gross Domestic Product by Kind of Activity**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NTS

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>328 835</b>	<b>312 562</b>	<b>317 772</b>	<b>313 481</b>	<b>310 846</b>	<b>A. Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Animal Husbandry</b>
245 331	231 851	234 541	234 819	239 898	AA. Agriculture, Horticulture and Agrarian Activities
40 158	39 563	40 359	42 188	34 277	AB. Animal Husbandry
1 707	1 649	1 663	1 419	1 092	AC. Forestry
41 639	39 499	41 209	35 055	35 579	AD. Fishing and Aquaculture
<b>10 536</b>	<b>11 111</b>	<b>11 865</b>	<b>12 743</b>	<b>12 076</b>	<b>B. Mining and Quarrying</b>
<b>5 873 213</b>	<b>5 929 411</b>	<b>5 846 418</b>	<b>6 407 654</b>	<b>7 405 251</b>	<b>C. Manufacturing</b>
141 721	150 602	173 876	181 458	167 420	CA. Manufacture of Food Products and Prepared Animal Feeds
103 107	111 589	110 775	114 110	111 337	CB. Manufacture of Beverages and Tobacco Products
103 164	99 029	100 748	95 702	92 370	CC. Manufacture of Textiles
33 962	33 478	33 702	33 164	35 373	CD. Manufacture of Wearing Apparel and Clothing Accessories
17 840	16 763	17 354	18 148	18 980	CE. Manufacture of Leather, Fur and Related Products
12 582	12 474	12 493	12 873	15 095	CF. Manufacture of Wood and of Products of Wood and Bamboo
55 814	59 986	63 014	68 447	75 031	CG. Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products
44 306	43 168	46 003	44 634	43 740	CH. Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media
196 027	182 259	165 125	125 135	140 500	CI. Manufacture of Petroleum and Coal Products
442 087	453 130	382 204	386 790	423 554	CJ. Manufacture of Chemical Materials
88 878	88 880	95 420	90 252	88 886	CK. Manufacture of Other Chemical Products
43 792	44 110	50 780	59 815	63 124	CL. Manufacture of Pharmaceuticals and Medicinal Chemical Products
45 547	44 437	47 199	48 804	43 835	CM. Manufacture of Rubber Products
139 170	142 701	154 097	160 747	163 963	CN. Manufacture of Plastics Products
113 205	109 918	111 806	121 339	134 294	CO. Manufacture of Other Non-metallic Mineral Products
305 921	325 482	287 143	286 368	433 309	CP. Manufacture of Basic Metals
359 596	372 502	358 805	354 735	372 601	CQ. Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products
2 214 979	2 226 897	2 170 933	2 623 260	3 304 015	CR. Manufacture of Electronic Parts and Components
582 675	546 923	581 550	702 263	753 650	CS. Manufacture of Computers, Electronic and Optical Products
159 551	162 396	165 583	175 653	184 811	CT. Manufacture of Electrical Equipment
287 188	310 380	299 695	292 717	302 109	CU. Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment
146 663	139 852	141 715	137 319	145 320	CV. Manufacture of Motor Vehicles and Parts
91 918	98 409	108 524	108 027	122 693	CW. Manufacture of Other Transport Equipment and Parts
20 813	21 716	23 551	24 234	25 259	CX. Manufacture of Furniture
122 707	132 330	144 323	141 660	143 982	CY. Other Manufacturing( Including Repair and Installation of Industrial Machinery and Equipment)
<b>242 766</b>	<b>209 513</b>	<b>223 846</b>	<b>296 142</b>	<b>238 827</b>	<b>D. Electricity and Gas Supply</b>
210 267	181 591	189 779	259 964	215 815	DA. Electricity Supply
32 499	27 922	34 067	36 178	23 012	DB. Gas Supply
<b>106 055</b>	<b>108 258</b>	<b>111 142</b>	<b>115 730</b>	<b>120 973</b>	<b>E. Water Supply and Remediation Activities</b>
24 578	23 904	24 053	23 844	23 160	EA. Water Supply
81 477	84 354	87 089	91 886	97 813	EB. Remediation Activities( Including Sewage and Waste Management)
<b>417 259</b>	<b>441 365</b>	<b>501 844</b>	<b>570 258</b>	<b>663 369</b>	<b>F. Construction</b>
<b>2 781 031</b>	<b>2 869 765</b>	<b>2 970 507</b>	<b>3 066 032</b>	<b>3 373 250</b>	<b>G. Wholesale and Retail Trade</b>
1 685 835	1 727 709	1 758 901	1 838 957	2 104 347	GA. Wholesale Trade
1 095 196	1 142 056	1 211 606	1 227 075	1 268 903	GB. Retail Trade

第 1 表 國內生產毛額依行業分 (續)

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>H.運輸及倉儲業</b>	<b>423 104</b>	<b>429 057</b>	<b>468 163</b>	<b>516 593</b>	<b>511 241</b>
HA. 陸上運輸業	192 596	197 308	208 498	228 128	230 133
HB. 水上運輸業	13 660	12 361	23 366	19 268	11 500
HC. 航空運輸業	54 131	56 111	62 026	82 910	81 550
HD. 運輸輔助及倉儲業	132 030	131 035	139 820	150 410	152 111
HE. 郵政及快遞業	30 687	32 242	34 453	35 877	35 947
<b>I.住宿及餐飲業</b>	<b>348 523</b>	<b>370 581</b>	<b>387 597</b>	<b>416 572</b>	<b>435 665</b>
IA. 住宿業	58 976	63 738	73 318	77 080	77 861
IB. 餐飲業	289 547	306 843	314 279	339 492	357 804
<b>J.出版、影音製作、傳播及資通訊服務業</b>	<b>461 419</b>	<b>474 026</b>	<b>497 915</b>	<b>526 127</b>	<b>549 074</b>
JA. 出版、影音製作及傳播業	94 761	95 675	98 973	101 315	100 679
JB. 電信業	239 595	238 125	239 454	245 332	251 384
JC. 電腦相關及資訊服務業	127 063	140 226	159 488	179 480	197 011
<b>K.金融及保險業</b>	<b>931 028</b>	<b>970 475</b>	<b>1 054 084</b>	<b>1 099 345</b>	<b>1 124 827</b>
KA. 金融服務業	591 496	621 828	670 202	693 532	683 198
KB. 保險業	249 341	256 084	278 669	298 848	336 338
KC. 證券期貨及金融輔助業	90 191	92 563	105 213	106 965	105 291
<b>L.不動產及住宅服務業</b>	<b>1 249 372</b>	<b>1 296 970</b>	<b>1 328 010</b>	<b>1 367 956</b>	<b>1 399 263</b>
LA. 不動產業	211 049	242 421	246 592	250 196	248 069
LB. 住宅服務	1 038 323	1 054 549	1 081 418	1 117 760	1 151 194
<b>M.專業、科學及技術服務業</b>	<b>324 526</b>	<b>336 784</b>	<b>357 533</b>	<b>369 555</b>	<b>382 040</b>
<b>N.支援服務業</b>	<b>217 560</b>	<b>228 892</b>	<b>248 786</b>	<b>274 372</b>	<b>294 059</b>
NA. 租賃業	47 440	50 262	57 133	66 186	74 422
NB. 其他支援服務業	170 120	178 630	191 653	208 186	219 637
<b>O.公共行政及國防；強制性社會安全</b>	<b>1 060 887</b>	<b>1 044 892</b>	<b>1 046 496</b>	<b>1 039 481</b>	<b>1 050 448</b>
<b>P.教育業</b>	<b>726 984</b>	<b>727 679</b>	<b>736 315</b>	<b>739 550</b>	<b>739 355</b>
<b>Q.醫療保健及社會工作服務業</b>	<b>417 868</b>	<b>435 589</b>	<b>458 442</b>	<b>480 793</b>	<b>512 023</b>
QA. 醫療保健業	399 721	415 796	435 958	454 677	482 975
QB. 社會工作服務業	18 147	19 793	22 484	26 116	29 048
<b>R.藝術、娛樂及休閒服務業</b>	<b>126 926</b>	<b>131 732</b>	<b>135 760</b>	<b>140 459</b>	<b>141 090</b>
<b>S.其他服務業</b>	<b>391 004</b>	<b>398 213</b>	<b>420 322</b>	<b>426 222</b>	<b>430 350</b>
SA. 宗教、職業及類似組織	60 529	62 360	73 672	68 154	67 456
SB. 家事服務業	100 761	102 463	103 330	103 815	103 074
SC. 未分類其他服務業	229 714	233 390	243 320	254 253	259 820
<b>合 計</b>	<b>14 127 773</b>	<b>14 817 471</b>	<b>15 862 434</b>	<b>16 538 283</b>	<b>17 047 057</b>
加：進口稅	157 526	164 893	181 309	193 518	199 880
加：加值型營業稅	260 709	281 433	299 714	290 819	308 331
<b>總 計(生產面)</b>	<b>14 546 008</b>	<b>15 263 797</b>	<b>16 343 457</b>	<b>17 022 620</b>	<b>17 555 268</b>
加：統計差異	131 757	6 931	- 85 410	32 460	—
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>14 677 765</b>	<b>15 270 728</b>	<b>16 258 047</b>	<b>17 055 080</b>	<b>17 555 268</b>
<b>按三級產業分</b>					
農 業	247 313	264 418	302 781	298 855	327 502
工 業	4 750 525	5 147 629	5 814 180	6 177 658	6 472 113
服 務 業	9 548 170	9 851 750	10 226 496	10 546 107	10 755 653
<b>補充項目</b>					
ICT產業	2 235 570	2 442 377	2 885 625	3 009 896	3 140 174

說明：ICT產業範圍包括CR電子零組件製造業、CS電腦電子產品及光學製品製造業、JB電信業及JC電腦相關及資訊服務業。

**Table 1. Gross Domestic Product by Kind of Activity (Cont.)**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NTS

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>546 338</b>	<b>546 497</b>	<b>565 263</b>	<b>552 003</b>	<b>833 008</b>	<b>H. Transportation and Storage</b>
235 801	237 825	245 884	229 303	195 275	HA. Land Transportation
24 565	15 467	20 875	52 448	317 958	HB. Water Transportation
87 522	85 679	82 280	67 164	97 427	HC. Air Transport
160 010	167 263	175 904	159 588	175 577	HD. Support Activities for Transportation; Warehousing and Storage
38 440	40 263	40 320	43 500	46 771	HE. Postal and Courier Activities
<b>451 830</b>	<b>476 107</b>	<b>517 123</b>	<b>474 664</b>	<b>430 977</b>	<b>I. Accommodation and Food Service Activities</b>
75 413	77 045	89 497	63 168	52 387	IA. Accommodation
376 417	399 062	427 626	411 496	378 590	IB. Food and Beverage Service Activities
<b>555 818</b>	<b>561 040</b>	<b>586 413</b>	<b>600 967</b>	<b>639 103</b>	<b>J. Information and Communication</b>
100 831	102 824	103 946	104 385	111 993	JA. Publishing, Motion Picture, Video and Music Production and Broadcasting Activities
246 368	236 365	235 521	228 629	231 055	JB. Telecommunications
208 619	221 851	246 946	267 953	296 055	JC. Related Service of Computer and Information
<b>1 178 408</b>	<b>1 228 512</b>	<b>1 276 043</b>	<b>1 330 092</b>	<b>1 464 369</b>	<b>K. Financial and Insurance Activities</b>
694 817	719 583	735 237	758 059	819 078	KA. Financial Service Activities
358 613	370 740	403 956	394 488	398 977	KB. Insurance
124 978	138 189	136 850	177 545	246 314	KC. Security, Commodity Contracts and Activities Auxiliary to Financial Service Activities
<b>1 437 581</b>	<b>1 488 924</b>	<b>1 553 416</b>	<b>1 626 232</b>	<b>1 666 328</b>	<b>L. Real Estate Activities and Ownership of Dwellings</b>
261 722	281 192	315 016	351 229	372 573	LA. Real Estate Activities
1 175 859	1 207 732	1 238 400	1 275 003	1 293 755	LB. Ownership of Dwellings
<b>399 210</b>	<b>420 295</b>	<b>440 693</b>	<b>451 225</b>	<b>481 437</b>	<b>M. Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities</b>
<b>306 577</b>	<b>322 306</b>	<b>340 241</b>	<b>327 096</b>	<b>332 883</b>	<b>N. Support Service Activities</b>
74 075	77 419	82 158	84 603	84 666	NA. Rental and Leasing Activities
232 502	244 887	258 083	242 493	248 217	NB. Other Support Service Activities
<b>1 052 851</b>	<b>1 075 591</b>	<b>1 103 093</b>	<b>1 138 788</b>	<b>1 189 668</b>	<b>O. Public Administration and Defence ; Compulsory Social Security</b>
<b>735 878</b>	<b>747 425</b>	<b>744 878</b>	<b>748 681</b>	<b>748 277</b>	<b>P. Education</b>
<b>530 282</b>	<b>553 043</b>	<b>586 546</b>	<b>615 702</b>	<b>645 102</b>	<b>Q. Human Health and Social Work Activities</b>
498 461	518 347	544 630	567 402	594 593	QA. Human Health Activities
31 821	34 696	41 916	48 300	50 509	QB. Social Work Activities
<b>147 896</b>	<b>153 667</b>	<b>162 676</b>	<b>155 433</b>	<b>127 649</b>	<b>R. Arts, Entertainment and Recreation</b>
<b>442 723</b>	<b>462 883</b>	<b>475 447</b>	<b>474 312</b>	<b>465 373</b>	<b>S. Other Service Activities</b>
69 630	82 735	76 409	78 186	81 676	SA. Activities of Membership Organizations
105 874	106 853	107 495	106 447	101 434	SB. Activities of Households as Employers of Domestic Personnel
267 219	273 295	291 543	289 679	282 263	SC. Other Personal Service Activities
<b>17 545 087</b>	<b>17 918 275</b>	<b>18 335 226</b>	<b>19 277 235</b>	<b>21 148 766</b>	<b>Subtotal</b>
191 352	203 755	209 277	209 163	224 580	Plus : Import Duties
318 310	329 844	338 141	349 956	402 790	Plus : Value-Added Taxes
<b>18 054 749</b>	<b>18 451 874</b>	<b>18 882 644</b>	<b>19 836 354</b>	<b>21 776 136</b>	<b>Total( by production approach)</b>
- 71 402	- 76 852	25 988	78 452	- 37 154	Plus : Statistical Discrepancy
<b>17 983 347</b>	<b>18 375 022</b>	<b>18 908 632</b>	<b>19 914 806</b>	<b>21 738 982</b>	<b>GDP</b>
					<b>By Major Activities</b>
328 835	312 562	317 772	313 481	310 846	Agriculture
6 649 829	6 699 658	6 695 115	7 402 527	8 440 496	Industry
11 076 085	11 439 654	11 869 757	12 120 346	13 024 794	Services
					<b>Addendum</b>
3 252 641	3 232 036	3 234 950	3 822 105	4 584 775	ICT Industry

Note: The ICT Industry consists of Manufacture of Electronic Parts and Components, Manufacture of Computers, Electronic and Optical Products, Telecommunications, Related Service of Computer and Information.

第2表 國內生產毛額依行業分

連鎖實質值（105年為參考年）

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>A.農、林、漁、牧業</b>	<b>378 937</b>	<b>384 952</b>	<b>392 823</b>	<b>362 488</b>	<b>327 502</b>
AA. 農耕業	290 073	289 798	296 687	271 884	246 024
AB. 畜牧業	51 942	53 335	36 282	34 383	38 851
AC. 林業	2 305	2 157	2 138	1 952	1 787
AD. 漁業	48 520	53 245	62 087	58 110	40 840
<b>B.礦業及土石採取業</b>	<b>14 299</b>	<b>13 668</b>	<b>12 986</b>	<b>12 063</b>	<b>10 818</b>
<b>C.製造業</b>	<b>4 694 127</b>	<b>4 853 127</b>	<b>5 363 750</b>	<b>5 435 822</b>	<b>5 655 706</b>
CA. 食品及飼品製造業	129 661	128 247	130 568	128 656	137 010
CB. 飲料及菸草製造業	86 631	84 364	84 553	85 051	92 298
CC. 紡織業	108 387	113 954	112 967	110 516	108 655
CD. 成衣及服飾品製造業	32 997	34 689	37 946	38 049	38 228
CE. 皮革、毛皮及其製品製造業	23 465	21 703	22 562	20 040	18 121
CF. 木竹製品製造業	12 463	12 693	12 238	11 909	12 314
CG. 紙漿、紙及紙製品製造業	47 230	48 560	53 650	52 088	53 038
CH. 印刷及資料儲存媒體複製業	44 824	43 509	43 187	42 806	45 022
CI. 石油及煤製品製造業	259 704	258 465	237 212	219 168	196 408
CJ. 化學材料製造業	282 802	318 112	325 294	360 842	375 979
CK. 其他化學製品製造業	79 349	79 404	84 096	86 379	88 784
CL. 藥品及醫用化學製品製造業	42 875	41 923	42 126	44 827	46 765
CM. 橡膠製品製造業	52 550	50 835	52 033	49 813	47 433
CN. 塑膠製品製造業	119 769	123 573	139 478	135 011	138 548
CO. 非金屬礦物製品製造業	127 329	132 519	127 584	123 423	120 315
CP. 基本金屬製造業	148 101	200 885	234 376	237 270	278 323
CQ. 金屬製品製造業	271 357	282 776	314 106	318 608	341 222
CR. 電子零組件製造業	1 460 532	1 565 124	1 843 169	1 904 114	2 053 301
CS. 電腦、電子產品及光學製品製造業	629 539	588 259	654 393	668 931	638 478
CT. 電力設備及配備製造業	156 042	155 713	161 778	159 393	165 733
CU. 機械設備製造業	299 947	267 186	288 762	269 225	266 801
CV. 汽車及其零件製造業	141 968	135 353	151 857	149 489	151 672
CW. 其他運輸工具及其零件製造業	92 948	94 772	101 028	100 836	95 953
CX. 家具製造業	22 183	20 544	21 282	21 035	21 226
CY. 其他製造業	110 431	106 861	115 353	115 581	124 079
<b>D.電力及燃氣供應業</b>	<b>274 096</b>	<b>280 785</b>	<b>288 698</b>	<b>278 485</b>	<b>296 428</b>
DA. 電力供應業	275 141	269 102	275 201	253 168	268 012
DB. 氣體燃料供應業	12 805	19 357	20 552	25 533	28 416
<b>E.用水供應及污染整治業</b>	<b>99 232</b>	<b>97 927</b>	<b>99 630</b>	<b>96 660</b>	<b>98 007</b>
EA. 用水供應業	23 705	23 922	23 950	23 449	24 145
EB. 污染整治業	75 492	74 009	75 671	73 206	73 862
<b>F.營建工程業</b>	<b>412 542</b>	<b>415 998</b>	<b>419 225</b>	<b>416 030</b>	<b>411 154</b>
<b>G.批發及零售業</b>	<b>2 571 870</b>	<b>2 601 040</b>	<b>2 685 230</b>	<b>2 672 329</b>	<b>2 678 007</b>
GA. 批發業	1 584 244	1 596 043	1 647 492	1 612 727	1 595 440
GB. 零售業	987 451	1 004 734	1 037 472	1 059 597	1 082 567

說明：連鎖實質值不具可加性，不宜用以計算實質分配比。

**Table 2. Gross Domestic Product by Kind of Activity**

Chained (2016) Dollars

Unit : Million NTS

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>354 585</b>	<b>370 496</b>	<b>367 128</b>	<b>361 511</b>	<b>345 877</b>	<b>A. Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Animal Husbandry</b>
271 772	289 704	273 586	273 997	262 128	AA. Agriculture, Horticulture and Agrarian Activities
40 075	43 689	53 489	52 866	41 421	AB. Animal Husbandry
1 684	1 608	1 616	1 370	1 005	AC. Forestry
41 054	36 149	37 223	33 168	38 964	AD. Fishing and Aquaculture
<b>10 926</b>	<b>11 810</b>	<b>11 994</b>	<b>12 074</b>	<b>12 574</b>	<b>B. Mining and Quarrying</b>
<b>5 963 126</b>	<b>6 116 778</b>	<b>6 183 203</b>	<b>6 647 118</b>	<b>7 615 634</b>	<b>C. Manufacturing</b>
139 681	140 411	150 197	150 443	151 870	CA. Manufacture of Food Products and Prepared Animal Feeds
101 331	98 885	95 539	91 191	96 009	CB. Manufacture of Beverages and Tobacco Products
114 565	112 531	105 488	93 527	105 118	CC. Manufacture of Textiles
35 607	35 715	36 395	32 874	35 591	CD. Manufacture of Wearing Apparel and Clothing Accessories
18 390	17 062	17 519	14 601	15 887	CE. Manufacture of Leather, Fur and Related Products
12 482	13 002	12 313	12 348	14 344	CF. Manufacture of Wood and of Products of Wood and Bamboo
53 122	54 000	52 574	53 435	53 716	CG. Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products
44 347	44 138	38 641	36 631	37 836	CH. Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media
193 610	203 461	194 279	177 127	177 491	CI. Manufacture of Petroleum and Coal Products
388 518	391 532	364 502	365 162	400 756	CJ. Manufacture of Chemical Materials
100 152	105 470	101 267	96 517	110 010	CK. Manufacture of Other Chemical Products
45 729	46 553	50 097	55 721	60 535	CL. Manufacture of Pharmaceuticals and Medicinal Chemical Products
48 853	46 803	47 687	46 910	48 152	CM. Manufacture of Rubber Products
145 758	150 112	146 428	146 311	155 808	CN. Manufacture of Plastics Products
120 565	121 657	114 353	114 115	123 238	CO. Manufacture of Other Non-metallic Mineral Products
281 121	281 206	261 572	263 511	296 338	CP. Manufacture of Basic Metals
353 965	356 599	337 633	329 182	375 193	CQ. Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products
2 193 112	2 268 850	2 377 084	2 866 309	3 417 726	CR. Manufacture of Electronic Parts and Components
677 368	685 722	786 101	849 544	942 829	CS. Manufacture of Computers, Electronic and Optical Products
169 083	174 663	168 927	174 055	191 858	CT. Manufacture of Electrical Equipment
309 180	334 509	304 846	298 592	368 150	CU. Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment
150 982	146 775	145 528	140 136	161 018	CV. Manufacture of Motor Vehicles and Parts
101 205	106 942	114 730	114 634	145 686	CW. Manufacture of Other Transport Equipment and Parts
21 830	22 070	21 757	22 322	27 986	CX. Manufacture of Furniture
142 570	161 260	164 655	159 016	180 952	CY. Other Manufacturing( Including Repair and Installation of Industrial Machinery and Equipment)
<b>296 202</b>	<b>302 455</b>	<b>308 207</b>	<b>316 580</b>	<b>325 376</b>	<b>D. Electricity and Gas Supply</b>
265 712	267 631	271 073	276 226	277 985	DA. Electricity Supply
30 490	33 873	35 874	38 478	45 469	DB. Gas Supply
<b>101 349</b>	<b>105 534</b>	<b>108 913</b>	<b>113 502</b>	<b>114 156</b>	<b>E. Water Supply and Remediation Activities</b>
24 680	24 724	25 119	25 612	25 329	EA. Water Supply
76 669	80 749	83 700	87 749	88 637	EB. Remediation Activities( Including Sewage and Waste Management)
<b>407 933</b>	<b>415 849</b>	<b>437 038</b>	<b>460 691</b>	<b>490 743</b>	<b>F. Construction</b>
<b>2 793 841</b>	<b>2 887 941</b>	<b>3 025 033</b>	<b>3 176 814</b>	<b>3 294 880</b>	<b>G. Wholesale and Retail Trade</b>
1 691 865	1 741 059	1 808 480	1 944 659	2 055 350	GA. Wholesale Trade
1 101 976	1 146 902	1 216 523	1 233 188	1 242 509	GB. Retail Trade

Note: The chained-dollar estimates are not additive, therefore, the relative importance of each component should be measured by current estimates rather than chained-dollar.

第 2 表 國內生產毛額依行業分 (續)

連鎖實質值 (105年為參考年)

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>H.運輸及倉儲業</b>	<b>464 932</b>	<b>498 262</b>	<b>500 846</b>	<b>497 171</b>	<b>511 241</b>
HA. 陸上運輸業	222 266	232 456	229 620	226 421	230 133
HB. 水上運輸業	9 159	17 552	13 869	10 956	11 500
HC. 航空運輸業	65 962	70 776	73 790	75 530	81 550
HD. 運輸輔助及倉儲業	145 031	149 561	152 565	151 268	152 111
HE. 郵政及快遞業	27 314	28 124	30 046	33 627	35 947
<b>I.住宿及餐飲業</b>	<b>408 202</b>	<b>422 806</b>	<b>426 220</b>	<b>430 487</b>	<b>435 665</b>
IA. 住宿業	66 749	69 088	76 541	78 397	77 861
IB. 餐飲業	341 920	354 204	349 721	352 060	357 804
<b>J.出版、影音製作、傳播及資通訊服務業</b>	<b>429 795</b>	<b>451 172</b>	<b>478 053</b>	<b>517 722</b>	<b>549 074</b>
JA. 出版、影音製作及傳播業	98 043	98 812	101 335	102 604	100 679
JB. 電信業	195 533	204 632	213 073	233 634	251 384
JC. 電腦相關及資訊服務業	135 627	147 427	164 228	181 700	197 011
<b>K.金融及保險業</b>	<b>939 840</b>	<b>977 324</b>	<b>1 055 449</b>	<b>1 099 870</b>	<b>1 124 827</b>
KA. 金融服務業	594 947	624 631	668 375	686 344	683 198
KB. 保險業	257 893	263 023	281 711	304 011	336 338
KC. 證券期貨及金融輔助業	86 883	89 444	104 749	109 014	105 291
<b>L.不動產及住宅服務業</b>	<b>1 293 322</b>	<b>1 332 350</b>	<b>1 357 734</b>	<b>1 385 688</b>	<b>1 399 263</b>
LA. 不動產業	223 119	255 076	256 905	254 773	248 069
LB. 住宅服務	1 069 877	1 077 578	1 101 052	1 130 973	1 151 194
<b>M.專業、科學及技術服務業</b>	<b>346 529</b>	<b>354 897</b>	<b>370 445</b>	<b>375 105</b>	<b>382 040</b>
<b>N.支援服務業</b>	<b>230 729</b>	<b>239 517</b>	<b>257 557</b>	<b>277 848</b>	<b>294 059</b>
NA. 租賃業	51 371	53 754	60 353	67 434	74 422
NB. 其他支援服務業	179 210	185 622	197 126	210 391	219 637
<b>O.公共行政及國防；強制性社會安全</b>	<b>1 069 919</b>	<b>1 060 387</b>	<b>1 050 466</b>	<b>1 050 805</b>	<b>1 050 448</b>
<b>P.教育業</b>	<b>741 507</b>	<b>745 129</b>	<b>751 359</b>	<b>748 895</b>	<b>739 355</b>
<b>Q.醫療保健及社會工作服務業</b>	<b>473 391</b>	<b>469 771</b>	<b>490 125</b>	<b>496 522</b>	<b>512 023</b>
QA. 醫療保健業	454 513	449 172	466 893	470 015	482 975
QB. 社會工作服務業	19 172	20 760	23 347	26 536	29 048
<b>R.藝術、娛樂及休閒服務業</b>	<b>135 866</b>	<b>140 185</b>	<b>142 220</b>	<b>142 623</b>	<b>141 090</b>
<b>S.其他服務業</b>	<b>412 284</b>	<b>417 887</b>	<b>436 234</b>	<b>433 656</b>	<b>430 350</b>
SA. 宗教、職業及類似組織	62 671	64 287	76 721	69 357	67 456
SB. 家事服務業	104 610	106 172	106 342	105 016	103 074
SC. 未分類其他服務業	245 180	247 579	253 158	259 271	259 820
<b>合計</b>	<b>15 381 499</b>	<b>15 743 754</b>	<b>16 559 684</b>	<b>16 722 590</b>	<b>17 047 057</b>
加：進口稅	175 368	183 335	193 769	196 132	199 880
加：加值型營業稅	260 637	279 356	294 570	290 978	308 331
<b>總計(生產面)</b>	<b>15 816 771</b>	<b>16 206 708</b>	<b>17 048 309</b>	<b>17 209 580</b>	<b>17 555 268</b>
加：統計差異	- 36 862	- 34 887	- 113 302	- 26 345	-
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>15 779 909</b>	<b>16 171 821</b>	<b>16 935 007</b>	<b>17 183 235</b>	<b>17 555 268</b>
<b>按三級產業分</b>					
農業	378 937	384 952	392 823	362 488	327 502
工業	5 491 844	5 658 364	6 183 034	6 238 918	6 472 113
服務業	9 946 993	10 166 433	10 486 247	10 614 868	10 755 653
<b>補充項目</b>					
ICT產業	2 415 499	2 501 665	2 867 996	2 983 211	3 140 174

說明：1. ICT產業範圍包括CR電子零組件製造業、CS電腦電子產品及光學製品製造業、JB電信業及JC電腦相關及資訊服務業。

2. 連鎖實質值不具可加性，不宜用以計算實質分配比。



**Table 2. Gross Domestic Product by Kind of Activity (Cont.)**

Chained (2016) Dollars

Unit : Million NTS

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>543 399</b>	<b>572 012</b>	<b>581 030</b>	<b>468 107</b>	<b>441 959</b>	<b>H. Transportation and Storage</b>
238 830	256 905	258 373	228 165	206 452	HA. Land Transportation
15 336	13 043	20 077	17 515	15 870	HB. Water Transportation
89 813	94 126	89 111	12 609	10 301	HC. Air Transport
158 290	165 433	166 711	157 371	164 130	HD. Support Activities for Transportation; Warehousing and Storage
41 130	44 524	46 942	49 326	50 856	HE. Postal and Courier Activities
<b>438 590</b>	<b>450 975</b>	<b>477 352</b>	<b>433 828</b>	<b>401 302</b>	<b>I. Accommodation and Food Service Activities</b>
77 269	81 034	92 402	71 654	60 118	IA. Accommodation
361 321	370 040	385 841	361 430	339 104	IB. Food and Beverage Service Activities
<b>569 721</b>	<b>595 194</b>	<b>634 000</b>	<b>659 845</b>	<b>708 126</b>	<b>J. Information and Communication</b>
98 547	100 567	102 860	101 681	107 989	JA. Publishing, Motion Picture, Video and Music Production and Broadcasting Activities
267 329	284 349	300 034	312 434	331 913	JB. Telecommunications
203 845	210 781	230 921	245 287	266 565	JC. Related Service of Computer and Information
<b>1 183 215</b>	<b>1 227 826</b>	<b>1 275 046</b>	<b>1 347 197</b>	<b>1 490 328</b>	<b>K. Financial and Insurance Activities</b>
710 250	731 177	751 726	791 944	851 017	KA. Financial Service Activities
345 980	351 675	380 172	369 731	366 248	KB. Insurance
126 985	145 330	142 156	187 824	281 431	KC. Security, Commodity Contracts and Activities Auxiliary to Financial Service Activities
<b>1 422 880</b>	<b>1 459 259</b>	<b>1 505 939</b>	<b>1 554 456</b>	<b>1 584 239</b>	<b>L. Real Estate Activities and Ownership of Dwellings</b>
257 615	272 273	300 047	329 726	346 993	LA. Real Estate Activities
1 165 265	1 186 933	1 205 549	1 223 935	1 236 189	LB. Ownership of Dwellings
<b>391 803</b>	<b>406 101</b>	<b>420 458</b>	<b>423 793</b>	<b>443 398</b>	<b>M. Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities</b>
<b>304 092</b>	<b>317 319</b>	<b>331 635</b>	<b>316 029</b>	<b>319 562</b>	<b>N. Support Service Activities</b>
74 073	76 921	80 692	82 205	81 992	NA. Rental and Leasing Activities
230 019	240 394	250 944	233 877	237 614	NB. Other Support Service Activities
<b>1 057 780</b>	<b>1 065 983</b>	<b>1 084 826</b>	<b>1 103 646</b>	<b>1 118 185</b>	<b>O. Public Administration and Defence ; Compulsory Social Security</b>
<b>736 299</b>	<b>737 739</b>	<b>739 872</b>	<b>737 759</b>	<b>728 310</b>	<b>P. Education</b>
<b>519 638</b>	<b>537 053</b>	<b>560 931</b>	<b>565 258</b>	<b>573 667</b>	<b>Q. Human Health and Social Work Activities</b>
488 304	503 716	520 965	519 971	526 630	QA. Human Health Activities
31 334	33 342	39 914	45 210	46 984	QB. Social Work Activities
<b>145 002</b>	<b>149 002</b>	<b>156 141</b>	<b>148 409</b>	<b>120 851</b>	<b>R. Arts, Entertainment and Recreation</b>
<b>436 689</b>	<b>453 609</b>	<b>460 485</b>	<b>451 137</b>	<b>440 837</b>	<b>S. Other Service Activities</b>
68 593	81 608	74 753	74 908	77 606	SA. Activities of Membership Organizations
105 817	106 673	107 291	105 584	99 893	SB. Activities of Households as Employers of Domestic Personnel
262 279	265 305	278 265	270 535	263 148	SC. Other Personal Service Activities
<b>17 677 070</b>	<b>18 183 102</b>	<b>18 675 691</b>	<b>19 288 174</b>	<b>20 518 971</b>	<b>Subtotal</b>
209 299	215 990	225 855	240 949	274 984	Plus : Import Duties
314 813	320 400	327 823	342 190	385 425	Plus : Value-Added Taxes
<b>18 201 182</b>	<b>18 719 372</b>	<b>19 229 016</b>	<b>19 870 698</b>	<b>21 176 815</b>	<b>Total( by production approach)</b>
- 64 593	- 77 358	- 15 820	- 6 821	- 16 291	Plus : Statistical Discrepancy
<b>18 136 589</b>	<b>18 642 014</b>	<b>19 213 196</b>	<b>19 863 877</b>	<b>21 160 524</b>	<b>GDP</b>
					<b>By Major Activities</b>
354 585	370 496	367 128	361 511	345 877	Agriculture
6 779 536	6 952 636	7 050 707	7 552 673	8 552 806	Industry
11 067 061	11 396 270	11 805 411	11 962 885	12 295 675	Services
					<b>Addendum</b>
3 341 654	3 451 033	3 686 502	4 277 753	4 970 848	ICT Industry

Note:1.The ICT Industry consists of Manufacture of Electronic Parts and Components, Manufacture of Computers, Electronic and Optical Products, Telecommunications, Related Service of Computer and Information.

2.The chained-dollar estimates are not additive, therefore, the relative importance of each component should be measured by current estimates rather than chained-dollar.

## 第3表 國內生產產值及成本構成

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

年	生產總額 Gross Output	減：中間消費 Less : Intermediate Consumption	等於： 國內生產毛額 (不含統計差異) Equal : Gross Domestic Product excluding Statistical Discrepancy	減： 生產及進口稅淨額 Less : Net Taxes on Production and Imports
71年	4 770 699	2 825 348	1 945 351	224 827
72年	5 216 082	3 053 796	2 162 286	254 554
73年	5 894 379	3 482 997	2 411 382	270 446
74年	6 084 637	3 552 050	2 532 587	263 669
75年	6 879 985	3 914 537	2 965 448	276 552
76年	7 656 707	4 331 496	3 325 211	316 801
77年	8 306 807	4 695 566	3 611 241	352 426
78年	9 144 968	5 084 555	4 060 413	398 920
79年	9 819 344	5 336 463	4 482 881	426 753
80年	10 913 638	5 895 619	5 018 019	469 172
81年	11 922 151	6 346 994	5 575 157	534 747
82年	13 058 138	6 860 789	6 197 349	589 651
83年	14 321 720	7 526 353	6 795 367	640 985
84年	15 999 195	8 598 247	7 400 948	681 644
85年	16 918 577	8 887 272	8 031 305	652 586
86年	18 307 716	9 582 927	8 724 789	689 484
87年	19 332 090	9 976 872	9 355 218	682 078
88年	20 074 574	10 274 901	9 799 673	654 960
89年	21 745 407	11 410 351	10 335 056	646 482
90年	20 698 572	10 579 143	10 119 429	593 708
91年	21 954 637	11 355 254	10 599 383	642 881
92年	23 286 278	12 302 118	10 984 160	627 931
93年	26 267 032	14 614 179	11 652 853	685 917
94年	27 543 546	15 470 590	12 072 956	705 201
95年	29 750 175	17 177 588	12 572 587	700 357
96年	32 132 831	18 941 986	13 190 845	705 683
97年	32 576 101	19 617 673	12 958 428	670 054
98年	29 669 541	16 913 355	12 756 186	616 698
99年	35 350 998	21 326 092	14 024 906	732 449
100年	36 954 978	22 692 777	14 262 201	779 376
101年	37 055 931	22 509 923	14 546 008	778 275
102年	37 605 629	22 341 832	15 263 797	821 201
103年	39 417 787	23 074 330	16 343 457	877 495
104年	38 074 608	21 051 988	17 022 620	902 667
105年	37 789 843	20 234 575	17 555 268	959 290
106年	39 209 655	21 154 906	18 054 749	980 507
107年	40 632 005	22 180 131	18 451 874	1 042 375
108年	40 418 403	21 535 759	18 882 644	1 045 919
109年	40 855 162	21 018 808	19 836 354	896 013
110年	46 312 285	24 536 149	21 776 136	1 023 879

**Table 3. Domestic Production and Cost Components**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NTS

減： 固定資本消耗  Less : Consumption of Fixed Capital	等 於：國 內 要 素 所 得 Equal : Domestic Factor Income			Year
	合 計 Total	受僱人員報酬 Compensation of Employees	營 業 盈 餘 Operating Surplus	
203 153	1 517 371	962 091	555 280	1982
219 677	1 688 055	1 042 891	645 164	1983
235 925	1 905 011	1 177 559	727 452	1984
253 091	2 015 827	1 254 999	760 828	1985
269 652	2 419 244	1 420 522	998 722	1986
290 077	2 718 333	1 593 114	1 125 219	1987
324 623	2 934 192	1 781 183	1 153 009	1988
369 318	3 292 175	2 038 784	1 253 391	1989
421 318	3 634 810	2 291 561	1 343 249	1990
471 300	4 077 547	2 555 998	1 521 549	1991
549 283	4 491 127	2 846 953	1 644 174	1992
634 330	4 973 368	3 133 094	1 840 274	1993
700 789	5 453 593	3 419 310	2 034 283	1994
795 812	5 923 492	3 711 467	2 212 025	1995
842 691	6 536 028	4 001 317	2 534 711	1996
917 681	7 117 624	4 293 253	2 824 371	1997
1 047 506	7 625 634	4 509 364	3 116 270	1998
1 143 107	8 001 606	4 670 745	3 330 861	1999
1 242 254	8 446 320	4 914 876	3 531 444	2000
1 328 695	8 197 026	4 864 931	3 332 095	2001
1 387 126	8 569 376	4 870 205	3 699 171	2002
1 473 248	8 882 981	5 037 035	3 845 946	2003
1 619 463	9 347 473	5 270 394	4 077 079	2004
1 701 720	9 666 035	5 517 919	4 148 116	2005
1 834 326	10 037 904	5 778 335	4 259 569	2006
1 976 249	10 508 913	5 946 258	4 562 655	2007
2 166 860	10 121 514	6 030 330	4 091 184	2008
2 236 483	9 903 005	5 783 370	4 119 635	2009
2 309 352	10 983 105	6 170 244	4 812 861	2010
2 406 998	11 075 827	6 468 974	4 606 853	2011
2 481 522	11 286 211	6 657 257	4 628 954	2012
2 471 945	11 970 651	6 806 932	5 163 719	2013
2 570 369	12 895 593	7 198 293	5 697 300	2014
2 601 636	13 518 317	7 516 962	6 001 355	2015
2 700 956	13 895 022	7 740 858	6 154 164	2016
2 768 310	14 305 932	8 024 870	6 281 062	2017
2 898 233	14 511 266	8 416 746	6 094 520	2018
3 046 253	14 790 472	8 693 294	6 097 178	2019
3 175 590	15 764 751	8 866 888	6 897 863	2020
3 427 677	17 324 580	9 370 285	7 954 295	2021

## 第 4 表 國內生產毛額及要素所得依行業分

當期價格

110 年

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	生產總額 (按生產者價格計算) Gross Output	中間消費 Intermediate Consumption	國內生產毛額 (按生產者價格計算) Gross Domestic Product	生產及進口稅淨額 Net Taxes on Production and Imports
<b>A.農、林、漁、牧業</b>	<b>628 726</b>	<b>317 880</b>	<b>310 846</b>	<b>- 23 900</b>
AA. 農耕業	337 721	97 823	239 898	- 23 426
AB. 畜牧業	209 443	175 166	34 277	- 169
AC. 林業	1 876	784	1 092	9
AD. 漁業	79 686	44 107	35 579	- 314
<b>B.礦業及土石採取業</b>	<b>21 521</b>	<b>9 445</b>	<b>12 076</b>	<b>736</b>
<b>C.製造業</b>	<b>23 455 966</b>	<b>16 050 715</b>	<b>7 405 251</b>	<b>244 123</b>
CA. 食品及飼品製造業	823 173	655 753	167 420	1 068
CB. 飲料及菸草製造業	168 081	56 744	111 337	82 942
CC. 紡織業	364 257	271 887	92 370	335
CD. 成衣及服飾品製造業	156 292	120 919	35 373	246
CE. 皮革、毛皮及其製品製造業	46 567	27 587	18 980	101
CF. 木竹製品製造業	58 371	43 276	15 095	101
CG. 紙漿、紙及紙製品製造業	276 594	201 563	75 031	393
CH. 印刷及資料儲存媒體複製業	122 724	78 984	43 740	- 83
CI. 石油及煤製品製造業	909 185	768 685	140 500	93 361
CJ. 化學材料製造業	2 434 859	2 011 305	423 554	2 193
CK. 其他化學製品製造業	340 402	251 516	88 886	- 283
CL. 藥品及醫用化學製品製造業	142 736	79 612	63 124	290
CM. 橡膠製品製造業	124 707	80 872	43 835	- 163
CN. 塑膠製品製造業	544 481	380 518	163 963	1 024
CO. 非金屬礦物製品製造業	442 952	308 658	134 294	7 346
CP. 基本金屬製造業	2 274 164	1 840 855	433 309	1 801
CQ. 金屬製品製造業	1 241 723	869 122	372 601	1 098
CR. 電子零組件製造業	6 760 783	3 456 768	3 304 015	6 417
CS. 電腦、電子產品及光學製品製造業	2 545 336	1 791 686	753 650	1 784
CT. 電力設備及配備製造業	835 188	650 377	184 811	6 013
CU. 機械設備製造業	1 228 455	926 346	302 109	1 816
CV. 汽車及其零件製造業	515 749	370 429	145 320	30 614
CW. 其他運輸工具及其零件製造業	481 309	358 616	122 693	6 446
CX. 家具製造業	105 702	80 443	25 259	121
CY. 其他製造業	512 176	368 194	143 982	- 858
<b>D.電力及燃氣供應業</b>	<b>732 655</b>	<b>493 828</b>	<b>238 827</b>	<b>3 298</b>
DA. 電力供應業	637 784	421 969	215 815	2 966
DB. 氣體燃料供應業	94 871	71 859	23 012	332
<b>E.用水供應及污染整治業</b>	<b>270 541</b>	<b>149 568</b>	<b>120 973</b>	<b>- 168</b>
EA. 用水供應業	48 810	25 650	23 160	- 975
EB. 污染整治業	221 731	123 918	97 813	807
<b>F.營建工程業</b>	<b>2 127 786</b>	<b>1 464 417</b>	<b>663 369</b>	<b>2 859</b>
<b>G.批發及零售業</b>	<b>4 651 080</b>	<b>1 277 830</b>	<b>3 373 250</b>	<b>53 267</b>
GA. 批發業	2 922 250	817 903	2 104 347	38 977
GB. 零售業	1 728 830	459 927	1 268 903	14 290

**Table 4. Gross Domestic Product and Factor Income by Kind of Activity**

At Current Prices

2021

Unit : Million NTS

固定資本消耗	國內要素所得	受僱人員報酬	營業盈餘	
Consumption of Fixed Capital	Domestic Factor Income	Compensation of Employees	Operating Surplus	
<b>26 081</b>	<b>308 665</b>	<b>64 712</b>	<b>243 953</b>	<b>A. Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Animal Husbandry</b>
17 720	245 604	37 832	207 772	AA. Agriculture, Horticulture and Agrarian Activities
4 297	30 149	3 358	26 791	AB. Animal Husbandry
268	815	1 011	- 196	AC. Forestry
3 796	32 097	22 511	9 586	AD. Fishing and Aquaculture
<b>3 477</b>	<b>7 863</b>	<b>3 779</b>	<b>4 084</b>	<b>B. Mining and Quarrying</b>
<b>1 647 831</b>	<b>5 513 297</b>	<b>2 790 697</b>	<b>2 722 600</b>	<b>C. Manufacturing</b>
14 861	151 491	92 046	59 445	CA. Manufacture of Food Products and Prepared Animal Feeds
5 112	23 283	17 955	5 328	CB. Manufacture of Beverages and Tobacco Products
8 866	83 169	63 061	20 108	CC. Manufacture of Textiles
1 690	33 437	28 149	5 288	CD. Manufacture of Wearing Apparel and Clothing Accessories
2 925	15 954	11 155	4 799	CE. Manufacture of Leather, Fur and Related Products
1 120	13 874	10 094	3 780	CF. Manufacture of Wood and of Products of Wood and Bamboo
6 153	68 485	38 694	29 791	CG. Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products
6 470	37 353	32 433	4 920	CH. Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media
29 992	17 147	28 130	- 10 983	CI. Manufacture of Petroleum and Coal Products
62 216	359 145	114 882	244 263	CJ. Manufacture of Chemical Materials
11 915	77 254	49 409	27 845	CK. Manufacture of Other Chemical Products
11 774	51 060	29 130	21 930	CL. Manufacture of Pharmaceuticals and Medicinal Chemical Products
5 162	38 836	32 054	6 782	CM. Manufacture of Rubber Products
14 110	148 829	89 586	59 243	CN. Manufacture of Plastics Products
19 639	107 309	76 017	31 292	CO. Manufacture of Other Non-metallic Mineral Products
35 227	396 281	130 229	266 052	CP. Manufacture of Basic Metals
37 704	333 799	250 791	83 008	CQ. Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products
1 071 793	2 225 805	859 318	1 366 487	CR. Manufacture of Electronic Parts and Components
180 502	571 364	303 411	267 953	CS. Manufacture of Computers, Electronic and Optical Products
30 837	147 961	108 251	39 710	CT. Manufacture of Electrical Equipment
30 572	269 721	176 158	93 563	CU. Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment
25 675	89 031	65 277	23 754	CV. Manufacture of Motor Vehicles and Parts
15 554	100 693	65 748	34 945	CW. Manufacture of Other Transport Equipment and Parts
2 052	23 086	16 436	6 650	CX. Manufacture of Furniture
15 910	128 930	102 283	26 647	CY. Other Manufacturing( Including Repair and Installation of Industrial Machinery and Equipment)
<b>136 386</b>	<b>99 143</b>	<b>47 075</b>	<b>52 068</b>	<b>D. Electricity and Gas Supply</b>
132 997	79 852	40 290	39 562	DA. Electricity Supply
3 389	19 291	6 785	12 506	DB. Gas Supply
<b>19 498</b>	<b>101 643</b>	<b>32 076</b>	<b>69 567</b>	<b>E. Water Supply and Remediation Activities</b>
14 542	9 593	9 295	298	EA. Water Supply
4 956	92 050	22 781	69 269	EB. Remediation Activities( Including Sewage and Waste Management)
<b>26 298</b>	<b>634 212</b>	<b>377 120</b>	<b>257 092</b>	<b>F. Construction</b>
<b>167 938</b>	<b>3 152 045</b>	<b>1 403 991</b>	<b>1 748 054</b>	<b>G. Wholesale and Retail Trade</b>
88 936	1 976 434	840 289	1 136 145	GA. Wholesale Trade
79 002	1 175 611	563 702	611 909	GB. Retail Trade

第 4 表 國內生產毛額及要素所得依行業分(續)

當期價格

110年

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	生產總額 (按生產者價格計算) Gross Output	中間消費 Intermediate Consumption	國內生產毛額 (按生產者價格計算) Gross Domestic Product	生產及進口稅淨額 Net Taxes on Produc- tion and Imports
<b>H.運輸及倉儲業</b>	<b>1 553 441</b>	<b>720 433</b>	<b>833 008</b>	<b>- 4 967</b>
HA. 陸上運輸業	417 202	221 927	195 275	- 5 958
HB. 水上運輸業	517 249	199 291	317 958	644
HC. 航空運輸業	254 168	156 741	97 427	225
HD. 運輸輔助及倉儲業	279 982	104 405	175 577	- 48
HE. 郵政及快遞業	84 840	38 069	46 771	170
<b>I.住宿及餐飲業</b>	<b>931 115</b>	<b>500 138</b>	<b>430 977</b>	<b>- 11 648</b>
IA. 住宿業	120 048	67 661	52 387	- 5 199
IB. 餐飲業	811 067	432 477	378 590	- 6 449
<b>J.出版、影音製作、傳播及資訊服務業</b>	<b>1 137 414</b>	<b>498 311</b>	<b>639 103</b>	<b>10 629</b>
JA. 出版、影音製作及傳播業	285 579	173 586	111 993	560
JB. 電信業	381 349	150 294	231 055	9 045
JC. 電腦相關及資訊服務業	470 486	174 431	296 055	1 024
<b>K.金融及保險業</b>	<b>2 110 685</b>	<b>646 316</b>	<b>1 464 369</b>	<b>74 274</b>
KA. 金融服務業	1 100 636	281 558	819 078	49 107
KB. 保險業	602 345	203 368	398 977	16 319
KC. 證券期貨及金融輔助業	407 704	161 390	246 314	8 848
<b>L.不動產及住宅服務業</b>	<b>2 213 729</b>	<b>547 401</b>	<b>1 666 328</b>	<b>66 436</b>
LA. 不動產業	716 070	343 497	372 573	7 021
LB. 住宅服務	1 497 659	203 904	1 293 755	59 415
<b>M.專業、科學及技術服務業</b>	<b>813 768</b>	<b>332 331</b>	<b>481 437</b>	<b>2 810</b>
<b>N.支援服務業</b>	<b>483 825</b>	<b>150 942</b>	<b>332 883</b>	<b>- 1 473</b>
NA. 租賃業	134 974	50 308	84 666	1 480
NB. 其他支援服務業	348 851	100 634	248 217	- 2 953
<b>O.公共行政及國防；強制性社會安全</b>	<b>1 684 518</b>	<b>494 850</b>	<b>1 189 668</b>	<b>6 905</b>
<b>P.教育業</b>	<b>908 636</b>	<b>160 359</b>	<b>748 277</b>	<b>- 16 637</b>
<b>Q.醫療保健及社會工作服務業</b>	<b>1 029 407</b>	<b>384 305</b>	<b>645 102</b>	<b>- 15 262</b>
QA. 醫療保健業	946 620	352 027	594 593	- 15 356
QB. 社會工作服務業	82 787	32 278	50 509	94
<b>R.藝術、娛樂及休閒服務業</b>	<b>211 569</b>	<b>83 920</b>	<b>127 649</b>	<b>1 617</b>
<b>S.其他服務業</b>	<b>718 533</b>	<b>253 160</b>	<b>465 373</b>	<b>3 610</b>
SA. 宗教、職業及類似組織	155 775	74 099	81 676	1 164
SB. 家事服務業	101 434	0	101 434	4 383
SC. 未分類其他服務業	461 324	179 061	282 263	- 1 937
<b>合計</b>	<b>45 684 915</b>	<b>24 536 149</b>	<b>21 148 766</b>	<b>396 509</b>
加：進口稅	224 580	0	224 580	224 580
加：加值型營業稅	402 790	0	402 790	402 790
<b>總計(生產面)</b>	<b>46 312 285</b>	<b>24 536 149</b>	<b>21 776 136</b>	<b>1 023 879</b>
加：統計差異	-	-	- 37 154	-
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>21 738 982</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>按三級產業分</b>				
農業	628 726	317 880	310 846	- 23 900
工業	26 608 469	18 167 973	8 440 496	250 848
服務業	19 075 090	6 050 296	13 024 794	796 931
<b>補充項目</b>				
ICT產業	10 157 954	5 573 179	4 584 775	18 270

說明：ICT產業範圍包括CR電子零組件製造業、CS電腦電子產品及光學製品製造業、JB電信業及JC電腦相關及資訊服務業。

**Table 4. Gross Domestic Product and Factor Income by Kind of Activity (Cont.)**

At Current Prices

2021

Unit : Million NTS

固定資本消耗	國內要素所得	受僱人員報酬	營業盈餘	
Consumption of Fixed Capital	Domestic Factor Income	Compensation of Employees	Operating Surplus	
<b>131 917</b>	<b>706 058</b>	<b>291 327</b>	<b>414 731</b>	<b>H. Transportation and Storage</b>
56 518	144 715	95 378	49 337	HA. Land Transportation
13 449	303 865	21 647	282 218	HB. Water Transportation
39 791	57 411	38 838	18 573	HC. Air Transport
19 663	155 962	98 546	57 416	HD. Support Activities for Transportation; Warehousing and Storage
2 496	44 105	36 918	7 187	HE. Postal and Courier Activities
<b>42 774</b>	<b>399 851</b>	<b>310 115</b>	<b>89 736</b>	<b>I. Accommodation and Food Service Activities</b>
17 906	39 680	52 035	- 12 355	IA. Accommodation
24 868	360 171	258 080	102 091	IB. Food and Beverage Service Activities
<b>131 625</b>	<b>496 849</b>	<b>304 608</b>	<b>192 241</b>	<b>J. Information and Communication</b>
5 502	105 931	60 778	45 153	JA. Publishing, Motion Picture, Video and Music Production and Broadcasting Activities
99 205	122 805	79 503	43 302	JB. Telecommunications
26 918	268 113	164 327	103 786	JC. Related Service of Computer and Information
<b>143 785</b>	<b>1 246 310</b>	<b>724 311</b>	<b>521 999</b>	<b>K. Financial and Insurance Activities</b>
83 669	686 302	374 760	311 542	KA. Financial Service Activities
39 345	343 313	236 595	106 718	KB. Insurance
20 771	216 695	112 956	103 739	KC. Security, Commodity Contracts and Activities Auxiliary to Financial Service Activities
<b>258 330</b>	<b>1 341 562</b>	<b>104 851</b>	<b>1 236 711</b>	<b>L. Real Estate Activities and Ownership of Dwellings</b>
21 225	344 327	104 851	239 476	LA. Real Estate Activities
237 105	997 235	0	997 235	LB. Ownership of Dwellings
<b>84 935</b>	<b>393 692</b>	<b>259 761</b>	<b>133 931</b>	<b>M. Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities</b>
<b>49 443</b>	<b>284 913</b>	<b>246 374</b>	<b>38 539</b>	<b>N. Support Service Activities</b>
34 226	48 960	19 281	29 679	NA. Rental and Leasing Activities
15 217	235 953	227 093	8 860	NB. Other Support Service Activities
<b>399 659</b>	<b>783 104</b>	<b>783 104</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>O. Public Administration and Defence ; Compulsory Social Security</b>
<b>65 662</b>	<b>699 252</b>	<b>696 994</b>	<b>2 258</b>	<b>P. Education</b>
<b>66 174</b>	<b>594 190</b>	<b>495 670</b>	<b>98 520</b>	<b>Q. Human Health and Social Work Activities</b>
61 104	548 845	450 325	98 520	QA. Human Health Activities
5 070	45 345	45 345	0	QB. Social Work Activities
<b>15 173</b>	<b>110 859</b>	<b>93 313</b>	<b>17 546</b>	<b>R. Arts, Entertainment and Recreation</b>
<b>10 691</b>	<b>451 072</b>	<b>340 407</b>	<b>110 665</b>	<b>S. Other Service Activities</b>
2 293	78 219	78 219	0	SA. Activities of Membership Organizations
0	97 051	97 051	0	SB. Activities of Households as Employers of Domestic Personnel
8 398	275 802	165 137	110 665	SC. Other Personal Service Activities
<b>3 427 677</b>	<b>17 324 580</b>	<b>9 370 285</b>	<b>7 954 295</b>	<b>Subtotal</b>
0	0	0	0	Plus : Import Duties
0	0	0	0	Plus : Value-Added Taxes
<b>3 427 677</b>	<b>17 324 580</b>	<b>9 370 285</b>	<b>7 954 295</b>	<b>Total( by production approach)</b>
-	-	-	-	Plus : Statistical Discrepancy
-	-	-	-	<b>GDP</b>
				<b>By Major Activities</b>
26 081	308 665	64 712	243 953	Agriculture
1 833 490	6 356 158	3 250 747	3 105 411	Industry
1 568 106	10 659 757	6 054 826	4 604 931	Services
				<b>Addendum</b>
1 378 418	3 188 087	1 406 559	1 781 528	ICT Industry

Note: The ICT Industry consists of Manufacture of Electronic Parts and Components, Manufacture of Computers, Electronic and Optical Products, Telecommunications, Related Service of Computer and Information.

## 第5表 政府消費

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>政府消費</b>	<b>2 284 488</b>	<b>2 259 221</b>	<b>2 360 910</b>	<b>2 363 711</b>	<b>2 482 242</b>
1.一般公共事務	197 952	188 768	198 292	195 661	193 236
2.國防	304 911	284 756	310 046	301 246	337 322
3.公共秩序與安全	180 743	180 851	187 716	189 868	191 560
4.經濟事務	246 103	245 616	248 196	242 434	256 298
5.環境保護	47 640	44 608	46 727	48 540	56 974
6.住宅與社區服務	27 358	24 423	30 785	28 704	25 623
7.保健	535 666	557 360	574 463	595 381	626 949
8.娛樂、文化與宗教	35 777	35 560	45 431	45 491	43 360
9.教育	482 971	480 499	493 074	494 973	506 417
10.社會保障	225 367	216 780	226 180	221 413	244 503

說明：本表分類係按IMF編布之2014年版政府財政統計手冊(GFSM)之政府職能別分類(Classification of the Functions of Government, COFOG)。



**Table 5. Government Final Consumption Expenditure**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
2 486 552	2 623 385	2 652 859	2 772 825	2 937 859	<b>Government Final Consumption Expenditure</b>
188 714	202 759	194 914	196 493	203 720	1. General Public Services
320 961	361 413	321 841	327 694	365 376	2. Defense
188 026	197 935	200 763	210 232	215 891	3. Public Order and Safety
251 719	255 195	266 284	277 683	289 805	4. Economic Affairs
57 867	59 983	61 193	66 701	66 405	5. Environmental Protection
23 356	30 764	35 508	41 347	46 089	6. Housing and Community Amenities
657 825	693 641	726 542	768 347	842 918	7. Health
46 518	49 437	54 238	59 789	51 651	8. Recreation, Culture, and Religion
500 094	513 855	513 204	529 402	551 838	9. Education
251 472	258 403	278 372	295 137	304 166	10. Social Protection

Note : This table is compiled according to the Classification of the Functions of Government (COFOG) by IMF's Government Finance Statistics Manual 2014 edition.

## 第6表 家庭消費

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>家庭消費</b>	<b>7 914 612</b>	<b>8 141 024</b>	<b>8 473 750</b>	<b>8 675 200</b>	<b>8 972 424</b>
<b>一、依消費目的分</b>					
1.食品及非酒精飲料	1 084 227	1 102 943	1 134 412	1 154 891	1 195 176
2.菸酒	200 124	194 321	188 818	192 148	191 369
3.衣著鞋襪及服飾用品	364 186	373 050	398 038	414 432	431 260
4.住宅服務、水電瓦斯及其他燃料	1 430 535	1 469 871	1 504 983	1 530 355	1 552 083
5.家具設備及家務維護	400 307	408 763	427 339	440 504	446 651
6.醫療保健	324 819	336 650	349 607	360 195	373 378
7.交通	1 041 245	1 087 015	1 144 193	1 079 218	1 109 651
8.通訊	322 175	320 633	320 886	330 068	322 405
9.休閒與文化	671 599	671 424	688 516	702 671	682 462
10.教育	348 389	345 292	346 472	347 204	340 996
11.餐廳及旅館	702 201	745 660	809 711	863 454	921 729
12.其他	1 024 805	1 085 402	1 160 775	1 260 060	1 405 264
<b>二、依消費財型態分</b>					
1.耐久財	915 172	938 706	992 890	1 001 110	1 018 715
2.半耐久財	779 432	793 671	838 369	869 482	892 388
3.非耐久財	2 147 361	2 173 407	2 202 041	2 149 163	2 173 497
4.服務	4 072 647	4 235 240	4 440 450	4 655 445	4 887 824

**Table 6. Final Consumption Expenditure of Households**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>9 214 072</b>	<b>9 464 766</b>	<b>9 754 869</b>	<b>9 475 392</b>	<b>9 565 976</b>	<b>Final Consumption Expenditure of Households</b>
					<b>A. By Purpose</b>
1 194 456	1 225 876	1 273 009	1 330 414	1 380 244	1. Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages
205 921	239 345	243 299	247 376	251 791	2. Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco
431 499	441 895	460 942	463 147	472 932	3. Clothing and Footwear
1 589 330	1 627 380	1 664 346	1 716 835	1 764 818	4. Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels
448 388	459 312	469 150	477 903	500 059	5. Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance
382 073	397 253	409 045	414 279	418 375	6. Health
1 149 678	1 176 980	1 210 480	1 038 868	998 230	7. Transport
312 277	286 130	270 224	255 902	270 366	8. Communication
693 274	716 686	742 326	665 281	647 220	9. Recreation and Culture
339 511	337 216	338 601	340 020	324 361	10. Education
948 349	995 403	1 045 500	968 762	909 121	11. Restaurants and Hotels
1 519 316	1 561 290	1 627 947	1 556 605	1 628 459	12. Miscellaneous Goods and Services
					<b>B. By Type</b>
1 024 557	1 020 068	1 054 573	1 072 157	1 091 356	1. Durable Goods
890 564	909 725	943 334	949 943	983 205	2. Semi-durable Goods
2 207 718	2 313 928	2 372 691	2 408 545	2 498 539	3. Non-durable Goods
5 091 233	5 221 045	5 384 271	5 044 747	4 992 876	4. Services

## 第7表 家庭消費

連鎖實質值（105年為參考年）

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>家庭消費</b>	<b>7 984 591</b>	<b>8 191 708</b>	<b>8 472 360</b>	<b>8 735 612</b>	<b>8 972 424</b>
<b>一、依消費目的分</b>					
1.食品及非酒精飲料	1 260 910	1 265 862	1 256 804	1 235 899	1 195 176
2.菸酒	218 406	208 492	197 454	197 872	191 369
3.衣著鞋襪及服飾用品	367 247	376 451	396 543	415 051	431 260
4.住宅服務、水電瓦斯及其他燃料	1 446 334	1 468 051	1 497 131	1 527 847	1 552 083
5.家具設備及家務維護	407 588	412 425	431 945	444 667	446 651
6.醫療保健	331 834	342 281	352 864	362 189	373 378
7.交通	939 756	974 045	1 034 144	1 053 189	1 109 651
8.通訊	266 384	277 147	288 727	310 104	322 405
9.休閒與文化	630 069	643 162	673 228	697 341	682 462
10.教育	353 717	347 998	348 121	347 999	340 996
11.餐廳及旅館	768 635	800 705	839 529	874 639	921 729
12.其他	1 019 352	1 094 860	1 165 650	1 273 355	1 405 264
<b>二、依消費財型態分</b>					
1.耐久財	871 546	913 401	985 027	1 001 926	1 018 715
2.半耐久財	779 662	796 864	837 358	871 730	892 388
3.非耐久財	2 223 009	2 215 159	2 210 531	2 206 494	2 173 497
4.服務	4 117 489	4 270 897	4 441 840	4 657 776	4 887 824

說明：連鎖實質值不具可加性，不宜用以計算實質分配比。

**Table 7. Final Consumption Expenditure of Households**

Chained (2016) Dollars

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
9 216 541	9 375 651	9 607 582	9 362 017	9 324 967	<b>Final Consumption Expenditure of Households</b>
					<b>A. By Purpose</b>
1 209 845	1 231 330	1 255 359	1 312 051	1 323 672	1. Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages
193 918	195 815	199 144	200 885	201 358	2. Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco
431 963	441 285	463 522	460 011	461 758	3. Clothing and Footwear
1 576 357	1 598 301	1 622 326	1 660 665	1 694 372	4. Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels
445 583	453 674	462 842	471 213	486 570	5. Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance
377 564	388 172	396 553	398 062	399 876	6. Health
1 128 124	1 123 014	1 157 695	1 036 020	937 125	7. Transport
338 366	349 632	357 208	365 872	406 819	8. Communication
693 949	716 960	742 790	662 677	643 836	9. Recreation and Culture
337 318	332 542	330 873	327 575	311 049	10. Education
934 309	966 251	1 001 026	929 208	865 084	11. Restaurants and Hotels
1 549 245	1 579 566	1 619 078	1 543 781	1 612 727	12. Miscellaneous Goods and Services
					<b>B. By Type</b>
1 031 061	1 032 937	1 065 282	1 080 533	1 096 245	1. Durable Goods
890 245	904 767	940 250	940 959	959 757	2. Semi-durable Goods
2 187 665	2 212 036	2 251 656	2 329 442	2 333 796	3. Non-durable Goods
5 107 570	5 226 033	5 351 222	5 006 249	4 930 266	4. Services

Note: The chained-dollar estimates are not additive, therefore, the relative importance of each component should be measured by current estimates rather than chained-dollar.

第 8 表 民間消費及民間實際消費

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>民間消費</b>	<b>8 015 850</b>	<b>8 242 378</b>	<b>8 602 842</b>	<b>8 787 564</b>	<b>9 082 075</b>
一、依消費目的分					
(一)家庭消費	7 914 612	8 141 024	8 473 750	8 675 200	8 972 424
1.食品及非酒精飲料	1 084 227	1 102 943	1 134 412	1 154 891	1 195 176
2.菸 酒	200 124	194 321	188 818	192 148	191 369
3.衣著鞋襪及服飾用品	364 186	373 050	398 038	414 432	431 260
4.住宅服務、水電瓦斯及其他燃料	1 430 535	1 469 871	1 504 983	1 530 355	1 552 083
5.家具設備及家務維護	400 307	408 763	427 339	440 504	446 651
6.醫療保健	324 819	336 650	349 607	360 195	373 378
7.交 通	1 041 245	1 087 015	1 144 193	1 079 218	1 109 651
8.通 訊	322 175	320 633	320 886	330 068	322 405
9.休閒與文化	671 599	671 424	688 516	702 671	682 462
10.教 育	348 389	345 292	346 472	347 204	340 996
11.餐廳及旅館	702 201	745 660	809 711	863 454	921 729
12.其 他	1 024 805	1 085 402	1 160 775	1 260 060	1 405 264
(二)對家庭服務之民間非營利機構消費	101 238	101 354	129 092	112 364	109 651
二、依消費財型態分					
(一)耐 久 財	915 172	938 706	992 890	1 001 110	1 018 715
(二)半耐久財	779 432	793 671	838 369	869 482	892 388
(三)非耐久財	2 147 361	2 173 407	2 202 041	2 149 163	2 173 497
(四)服 務	4 173 885	4 336 594	4 569 542	4 767 809	4 997 475
<b>民間實際消費</b>	<b>9 173 265</b>	<b>9 412 791</b>	<b>9 815 295</b>	<b>10 020 079</b>	<b>10 371 556</b>
一、民間消費	8 015 850	8 242 378	8 602 842	8 787 564	9 082 075
二、對家庭服務之政府消費	1 157 415	1 170 413	1 212 453	1 232 515	1 289 481

**Table 8. Private Final Consumption Expenditure and  
Private Actual Final Consumption**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>9 325 676</b>	<b>9 610 482</b>	<b>9 883 066</b>	<b>9 601 096</b>	<b>9 697 117</b>	<b>Private Final Consumption Expenditure</b>
					By Purpose
9 214 072	9 464 766	9 754 869	9 475 392	9 565 976	A. Final Consumption Expenditure of Households
1 194 456	1 225 876	1 273 009	1 330 414	1 380 244	1. Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages
205 921	239 345	243 299	247 376	251 791	2. Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco
431 499	441 895	460 942	463 147	472 932	3. Clothing and Footwear
1 589 330	1 627 380	1 664 346	1 716 835	1 764 818	4. Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels
448 388	459 312	469 150	477 903	500 059	5. Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance
382 073	397 253	409 045	414 279	418 375	6. Health
1 149 678	1 176 980	1 210 480	1 038 868	998 230	7. Transport
312 277	286 130	270 224	255 902	270 366	8. Communication
693 274	716 686	742 326	665 281	647 220	9. Recreation and Culture
339 511	337 216	338 601	340 020	324 361	10. Education
948 349	995 403	1 045 500	968 762	909 121	11. Restaurants and Hotels
1 519 316	1 561 290	1 627 947	1 556 605	1 628 459	12. Miscellaneous Goods and Services
111 604	145 716	128 197	125 704	131 141	B. Final Consumption Expenditure of NPISHs
					By Type
1 024 557	1 020 068	1 054 573	1 072 157	1 091 356	A. Durable Goods
890 564	909 725	943 334	949 943	983 205	B. Semi-durable Goods
2 207 718	2 313 928	2 372 691	2 408 545	2 498 539	C. Non-durable Goods
5 202 837	5 366 761	5 512 468	5 170 451	5 124 017	D. Services
<b>10 645 248</b>	<b>11 003 663</b>	<b>11 331 045</b>	<b>11 108 603</b>	<b>11 262 662</b>	<b>Private Actual Final Consumption</b>
9 325 676	9 610 482	9 883 066	9 601 096	9 697 117	A. Private Final Consumption Expenditure
1 319 572	1 393 181	1 447 979	1 507 507	1 565 545	B. Individual Consumption Expenditure of Government

## 第9表 民間消費及民間實際消費

連鎖實質值(105年為參考年)

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>民間消費</b>	<b>8 088 499</b>	<b>8 295 114</b>	<b>8 602 399</b>	<b>8 848 554</b>	<b>9 082 075</b>
一、依消費目的分					
(一)家庭消費	7 984 591	8 191 708	8 472 360	8 735 612	8 972 424
1.食品及非酒精飲料	1 260 910	1 265 862	1 256 804	1 235 899	1 195 176
2.菸 酒	218 406	208 492	197 454	197 872	191 369
3.衣著鞋襪及服飾用品	367 247	376 451	396 543	415 051	431 260
4.住宅服務、水電瓦斯及其他燃料	1 446 334	1 468 051	1 497 131	1 527 847	1 552 083
5.家具設備及家務維護	407 588	412 425	431 945	444 667	446 651
6.醫療保健	331 834	342 281	352 864	362 189	373 378
7.交 通	939 756	974 045	1 034 144	1 053 189	1 109 651
8.通 訊	266 384	277 147	288 727	310 104	322 405
9.休閒與文化	630 069	643 162	673 228	697 341	682 462
10.教 育	353 717	347 998	348 121	347 999	340 996
11.餐廳及旅館	768 635	800 705	839 529	874 639	921 729
12.其 他	1 019 352	1 094 860	1 165 650	1 273 355	1 405 264
(二)對家庭服務之民間非營利機構消費	103 843	103 286	130 206	112 930	109 651
二、依消費財型態分					
(一)耐 久 財	871 546	913 401	985 027	1 001 926	1 018 715
(二)半耐久財	779 662	796 864	837 358	871 730	892 388
(三)非耐久財	2 223 009	2 215 159	2 210 531	2 206 494	2 173 497
(四)服 務	4 221 286	4 374 197	4 571 830	4 770 670	4 997 475
<b>民間實際消費</b>	<b>9 294 257</b>	<b>9 503 194</b>	<b>9 848 026</b>	<b>10 101 149</b>	<b>10 371 556</b>
一、民間消費	8 088 499	8 295 114	8 602 399	8 848 554	9 082 075
二、對家庭服務之政府消費	1 207 349	1 208 870	1 246 280	1 252 565	1 289 481

說明：連鎖實質值不具可加性，不宜用以計算實質分配比。



**Table 9. Private Final Consumption Expenditure and  
Private Actual Final Consumption**

Chained (2016) Dollars

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>9 327 236</b>	<b>9 518 819</b>	<b>9 733 104</b>	<b>9 484 590</b>	<b>9 451 112</b>	<b>Private Final Consumption Expenditure</b>
					By Purpose
9 216 541	9 375 651	9 607 582	9 362 017	9 324 967	A. Final Consumption Expenditure of Households
1 209 845	1 231 330	1 255 359	1 312 051	1 323 672	1. Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages
193 918	195 815	199 144	200 885	201 358	2. Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco
431 963	441 285	463 522	460 011	461 758	3. Clothing and Footwear
1 576 357	1 598 301	1 622 326	1 660 665	1 694 372	4. Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels
445 583	453 674	462 842	471 213	486 570	5. Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance
377 564	388 172	396 553	398 062	399 876	6. Health
1 128 124	1 123 014	1 157 695	1 036 020	937 125	7. Transport
338 366	349 632	357 208	365 872	406 819	8. Communication
693 949	716 960	742 790	662 677	643 836	9. Recreation and Culture
337 318	332 542	330 873	327 575	311 049	10. Education
934 309	966 251	1 001 026	929 208	865 084	11. Restaurants and Hotels
1 549 245	1 579 566	1 619 078	1 543 781	1 612 727	12. Miscellaneous Goods and Services
110 695	142 915	125 470	122 520	126 038	B. Final Consumption Expenditure of NPISHs
					By Type
1 031 061	1 032 937	1 065 282	1 080 533	1 096 245	A. Durable Goods
890 245	904 767	940 250	940 959	959 757	B. Semi-durable Goods
2 187 665	2 212 036	2 251 656	2 329 442	2 333 796	C. Non-durable Goods
5 218 265	5 369 280	5 476 613	5 128 772	5 056 404	D. Services
<b>10 632 868</b>	<b>10 877 110</b>	<b>11 138 382</b>	<b>10 921 579</b>	<b>10 912 277</b>	<b>Private Actual Final Consumption</b>
9 327 236	9 518 819	9 733 104	9 484 590	9 451 112	A. Private Final Consumption Expenditure
1 305 632	1 358 048	1 404 802	1 435 644	1 458 907	B. Individual Consumption Expenditure of Government

Note: The chained-dollar estimates are not additive, therefore, the relative importance of each component should be measured by current estimates rather than chained-dollar.

**第 10 表 國內資本形成毛額**  
當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>國內資本形成毛額</b>	<b>3 330 452</b>	<b>3 441 464</b>	<b>3 668 439</b>	<b>3 706 196</b>	<b>3 797 566</b>
<b>一、固定資本形成</b>	<b>3 313 753</b>	<b>3 465 988</b>	<b>3 630 558</b>	<b>3 663 758</b>	<b>3 807 567</b>
(一)依行業分					
A.農、林、漁、牧業	19 023	28 490	31 096	27 511	25 293
B.礦業及土石採取業	2 423	3 511	2 459	3 177	3 111
C.製造業	1 427 613	1 519 959	1 562 639	1 595 133	1 726 569
D.電力及燃氣供應業	119 859	125 487	131 982	116 348	107 958
E.用水供應及污染整治業	20 460	18 186	25 808	26 401	26 436
F.營建工程業	25 110	26 508	27 939	29 406	31 690
G.批發及零售業	175 770	184 240	198 560	206 248	208 522
H.運輸及倉儲業	115 864	132 551	159 702	166 525	159 232
I.住宿及餐飲業	51 189	54 519	60 689	66 247	63 681
J.出版、影音製作、傳播及資通訊服務業	96 331	115 510	123 923	124 506	130 716
K.金融及保險業	130 042	139 515	155 768	146 377	167 905
L.不動產及住宅服務業	422 307	402 790	467 948	477 257	445 797
M.專業、科學及技術服務業	80 340	82 776	89 010	96 768	109 302
N.支援服務業	54 770	56 261	59 524	66 052	69 965
O.公共行政及國防；強制性社會安全	412 204	400 760	366 283	340 922	339 754
P.教育業	82 294	82 041	69 945	72 893	76 895
Q.醫療保健及社會工作服務業	55 680	65 374	69 464	72 487	86 479
R.藝術、娛樂及休閒服務業	12 441	17 099	17 261	18 604	18 005
S.其他服務業	10 033	10 411	10 558	10 896	10 257

**Table 10. Gross Capital Formation**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
3 771 289	4 085 901	4 500 281	4 822 800	5 860 325	<b>Gross Capital Formation</b>
3 795 869	4 001 128	4 526 606	4 817 276	5 676 424	<b>I. Gross Fixed Capital Formation</b>
					<b>(I) By Kind of Activity</b>
27 797	28 305	28 676	40 064	27 624	A. Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Animal Husbandry
2 978	3 005	3 376	4 156	4 000	B. Mining and Quarrying
1 663 605	1 766 594	2 109 527	2 164 344	2 770 649	C. Manufacturing
115 817	144 169	225 497	322 058	345 139	D. Electricity and Gas Supply
26 533	24 696	27 949	28 178	30 898	E. Water Supply and Remediation Activities
32 469	34 031	35 656	39 802	54 731	F. Construction
201 250	207 833	213 256	207 703	228 142	G. Wholesale and Retail Trade
160 405	178 924	184 750	184 733	214 832	H. Transportation and Storage
65 471	66 176	64 717	71 149	75 944	I. Accommodation and Food Service Activities
135 950	128 274	123 050	135 852	152 373	J. Information and Communication
166 427	161 818	186 680	205 484	224 337	K. Financial and Insurance Activities
450 742	463 178	474 040	508 419	647 403	L. Real Estate Activities and Ownership of Dwellings
113 926	127 780	121 828	129 466	136 244	M. Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities
77 153	71 420	67 589	65 729	70 830	N. Support Service Activities
360 340	388 204	446 072	475 409	448 362	O. Public Administration and Defence ; Compulsory Social Security
78 991	77 824	87 064	88 767	94 048	P. Education
84 477	99 151	95 920	112 365	118 306	Q. Human Health and Social Work Activities
21 183	19 117	20 358	22 880	21 604	R. Arts, Entertainment and Recreation
10 355	10 629	10 601	10 718	10 958	S. Other Service Activities

第 10 表 國內資本形成毛額 (續)

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>(二)依資本財型態分</b>					
1.住宅房屋	385 809	361 821	421 725	427 715	384 798
2.非住宅房屋	607 566	680 544	722 336	724 448	747 980
3.其他營建工程	320 355	324 226	305 481	279 200	274 783
4.土地改良、耕地及果園之開發	24 376	26 042	19 056	16 014	15 157
5.運輸工具	185 280	188 854	221 642	228 920	233 184
6.機器設備	1 132 437	1 179 608	1 184 091	1 199 218	1 311 937
7.種畜、役畜及乳牛等	2 088	2 200	2 366	2 718	2 434
8.智慧財產	655 842	702 693	753 861	785 525	837 294
<b>(三)依購買主體分</b>					
1.民營企業	2 592 951	2 763 424	2 951 986	3 029 456	3 172 823
2.公營事業	202 351	200 214	211 289	191 487	186 630
3.政 府	518 451	502 350	467 283	442 815	448 114
<b>二、存貨變動</b>	<b>16 699</b>	<b>- 24 524</b>	<b>37 881</b>	<b>42 438</b>	<b>- 10 001</b>
1.民營企業	- 9 048	- 8 009	28 157	55 720	959
2.公營事業	25 747	- 16 515	9 724	- 13 282	- 10 960

**Table 10. Gross Capital Formation (Cont.)**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
					<b>(II) By Type of Capital Goods</b>
388 432	400 571	414 226	461 354	593 138	1. Residential Buildings
750 141	805 062	835 287	854 958	1 009 804	2. Non-Residential Buildings
294 688	315 655	396 335	469 476	463 654	3. Other Constructions Except Land Improvement
16 141	16 955	22 822	21 328	18 062	4. Land Improvement and Plantation and Orchard Development
241 839	241 561	239 659	235 555	269 730	5. Transport Equipments
1 230 365	1 288 412	1 613 528	1 660 412	2 077 066	6. Machinery and Equipments
2 856	2 639	2 388	2 921	3 498	7. Breeding Stock, Draught Animals, Dairy Cattle and the Like
871 407	930 273	1 002 361	1 111 272	1 241 472	8. Intellectual Property Products
					<b>(III) By Owner</b>
3 132 210	3 278 250	3 740 330	3 933 414	4 802 455	1. Private Enterprises
184 300	213 349	219 491	278 451	293 861	2. Public Enterprises
479 359	509 529	566 785	605 411	580 108	3. General Government
<b>- 24 580</b>	<b>84 773</b>	<b>- 26 325</b>	<b>5 524</b>	<b>183 901</b>	<b>II. Changes in Inventories</b>
- 26 674	73 023	- 19 456	7 311	184 990	1. Private Enterprises
2 094	11 750	- 6 869	- 1 787	- 1 089	2. Public Enterprises

## 第 11 表 國內資本形成毛額

連鎖實質值（105年為參考年）

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>國內資本形成毛額</b>	<b>3 267 488</b>	<b>3 427 131</b>	<b>3 639 428</b>	<b>3 732 628</b>	<b>3 797 566</b>
<b>一、固定資本形成</b>	<b>3 236 301</b>	<b>3 463 774</b>	<b>3 584 961</b>	<b>3 681 042</b>	<b>3 807 567</b>
(一)依行業分					
A.農、林、漁、牧業	18 448	28 398	30 772	27 840	25 293
B.礦業及土石採取業	2 340	3 575	2 469	3 270	3 111
C.製造業	1 390 960	1 530 640	1 552 501	1 612 588	1 726 569
D.電力及燃氣供應業	111 532	123 930	130 080	118 177	107 958
E.用水供應及污染整治業	19 157	17 905	25 333	26 681	26 436
F.營建工程業	24 336	26 315	27 476	29 520	31 690
G.批發及零售業	173 388	184 254	196 576	206 893	208 522
H.運輸及倉儲業	115 285	133 250	159 889	167 901	159 232
I.住宿及餐飲業	50 636	54 754	60 350	66 667	63 681
J.出版、影音製作、傳播及資通訊服務業	93 781	116 626	123 997	126 176	130 716
K.金融及保險業	131 398	141 857	156 206	147 197	167 905
L.不動產及住宅服務業	412 229	394 627	451 126	470 770	445 797
M.專業、科學及技術服務業	79 768	83 815	89 191	95 867	109 302
N.支援服務業	55 491	57 382	60 597	67 100	69 965
O.公共行政及國防；強制性社會安全	402 835	394 013	354 333	339 792	339 754
P.教育業	79 882	81 216	68 432	73 227	76 895
Q.醫療保健及社會工作服務業	53 727	65 220	68 597	72 976	86 479
R.藝術、娛樂及休閒服務業	12 090	16 835	16 737	18 567	18 005
S.其他服務業	9 741	10 333	10 387	10 916	10 257

說明：連鎖實質值不具可加性，不宜用以計算實質分配比。

**Table 11. Gross Capital Formation**

Chained (2016) Dollars

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
3 768 727	4 030 119	4 324 156	4 632 944	5 432 384	<b>Gross Capital Formation</b>
3 797 673	3 918 943	4 354 574	4 622 232	5 290 538	<b>I. Gross Fixed Capital Formation</b>
					<b>(I) By Kind of Activity</b>
28 164	28 329	28 316	40 303	27 660	A. Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Animal Husbandry
3 012	3 084	3 359	4 209	4 143	B. Mining and Quarrying
1 670 588	1 734 690	2 030 326	2 082 528	2 617 499	C. Manufacturing
118 733	146 014	225 806	326 169	346 106	D. Electricity and Gas Supply
26 977	24 736	27 660	28 438	31 267	E. Water Supply and Remediation Activities
32 596	33 576	34 634	38 844	52 447	F. Construction
201 326	203 933	205 718	200 051	213 271	G. Wholesale and Retail Trade
160 888	177 702	181 231	181 986	208 186	H. Transportation and Storage
65 724	65 125	62 532	68 630	71 231	I. Accommodation and Food Service Activities
137 239	126 647	119 013	131 267	145 657	J. Information and Communication
166 129	157 261	177 553	193 610	203 479	K. Financial and Insurance Activities
443 021	443 661	448 363	470 755	558 712	L. Real Estate Activities and Ownership of Dwellings
114 715	126 587	119 247	126 401	131 319	M. Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities
77 935	72 044	67 546	66 453	72 091	N. Support Service Activities
355 145	372 481	419 200	441 443	386 775	O. Public Administration and Defence ; Compulsory Social Security
78 881	76 141	83 834	85 321	86 500	P. Education
85 274	98 133	93 297	110 110	113 177	Q. Human Health and Social Work Activities
20 961	18 465	19 284	21 532	19 272	R. Arts, Entertainment and Recreation
10 365	10 445	10 254	10 390	10 318	S. Other Service Activities

Note: The chained-dollar estimates are not additive, therefore, the relative importance of each component should be measured by current estimates rather than chained-dollar.

## 第 11 表 國內資本形成毛額 (續)

連鎖實質值 (105年為參考年)

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>(二)依資本財型態分</b>					
1.住宅房屋	376 530	354 237	406 197	421 647	384 798
2.非住宅房屋	592 804	666 010	695 193	714 161	747 980
3.其他營建工程	312 006	316 400	292 504	275 102	274 783
4.土地改良、耕地及果園之開發	23 735	25 401	18 229	15 774	15 157
5.運輸工具	187 430	190 102	224 546	230 024	233 184
6.機器設備	1 044 369	1 164 642	1 168 041	1 222 835	1 311 937
7.種畜、役畜及乳牛等	1 925	2 172	2 334	2 772	2 434
8.智慧財產	697 513	741 315	775 482	796 978	837 294
<b>(三)依購買主體分</b>					
1.民營企業	2 539 016	2 771 573	2 923 382	3 048 582	3 172 823
2.公營事業	191 330	198 612	208 946	194 182	186 630
3.政 府	506 711	495 233	453 995	440 428	448 114
<b>二、存貨變動</b>	<b>32 738</b>	<b>- 37 457</b>	<b>54 700</b>	<b>51 517</b>	<b>- 10 001</b>
1.民營企業	- 10 679	- 28 317	45 327	78 955	959
2.公營事業	42 850	- 9 308	11 022	- 26 428	- 10 960

說明：連鎖實質值不具可加性，不宜用以計算實質分配比。



**Table 11. Gross Capital Formation (Cont.)**

Chained (2016) Dollars

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
					<b>(II) By Type of Capital Goods</b>
381 480	383 476	391 872	426 475	510 021	1. Residential Buildings
736 288	765 510	775 382	788 698	863 713	2. Non-Residential Buildings
288 388	299 029	366 732	428 015	386 937	3. Other Constructions Except Land Improvement
15 789	16 043	21 057	19 348	14 831	4. Land Improvement and Plantation and Orchard Development
243 457	244 313	240 951	239 184	275 941	5. Transport Equipments
1 269 282	1 317 011	1 629 656	1 723 627	2 218 515	6. Machinery and Equipments
2 947	2 699	2 412	3 032	3 737	7. Breeding Stock, Draught Animals, Dairy Cattle and the Like
860 042	891 032	935 661	1 001 630	1 056 823	8. Intellectual Property Products
					<b>(III) By Owner</b>
3 135 907	3 212 605	3 599 113	3 774 345	4 487 842	1. Private Enterprises
187 590	214 277	217 763	280 640	294 783	2. Public Enterprises
474 176	492 094	537 275	568 437	511 035	3. General Government
<b>- 28 946</b>	<b>111 662</b>	<b>- 35 243</b>	<b>8 190</b>	<b>144 630</b>	<b>II. Changes in Inventories</b>
- 31 121	98 448	- 35 756	9 343	151 681	1. Private Enterprises
2 174	13 238	517	- 1 172	- 6 965	2. Public Enterprises

Note: The chained-dollar estimates are not additive, therefore, the relative importance of each component should be measured by current estimates rather than chained-dollar.

第 12 表 國內資本形成毛額之財源

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>國內資本形成毛額</b>	<b>3 330 452</b>	<b>3 441 464</b>	<b>3 668 439</b>	<b>3 706 196</b>	<b>3 797 566</b>
<b>一、固定資本消耗</b>	<b>2 481 522</b>	<b>2 471 945</b>	<b>2 570 369</b>	<b>2 601 636</b>	<b>2 700 956</b>
1.公司及準公司企業	2 068 890	2 063 197	2 155 936	2 196 633	2 298 471
2.政    府	412 632	408 748	414 433	405 003	402 485
<b>二、儲    蓄</b>	<b>2 119 806</b>	<b>2 604 516</b>	<b>3 164 738</b>	<b>3 601 872</b>	<b>3 638 664</b>
1.政府儲蓄	- 70 189	- 8 170	114 867	203 686	286 058
2.公司及準公司企業儲蓄	1 082 403	1 594 635	1 649 721	1 950 784	2 160 998
3.家庭及民間非營利機構儲蓄	1 107 592	1 018 051	1 400 150	1 447 402	1 191 608
<b>三、國外資本移轉收入淨額</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>四、減：國外非生產非金融資產購入淨額①</b>	<b>711</b>	<b>- 1 994</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>290</b>
<b>五、國外借入淨額</b>	<b>-1 401 922</b>	<b>-1 643 922</b>	<b>-1 981 015</b>	<b>-2 529 613</b>	<b>-2 541 764</b>
<b>加：統計差異</b>	<b>131,757</b>	<b>6 931</b>	<b>- 85 410</b>	<b>32 460</b>	<b>—</b>

附註：①非生產非金融資產係指土地與礦藏等天然資源，以及商標與商譽等無形資產。

**Table 12. The Finance of Gross Capital Formation**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>3 771 289</b>	<b>4 085 901</b>	<b>4 500 281</b>	<b>4 822 800</b>	<b>5 860 325</b>	<b>Gross Capital Formation</b>
<b>2 768 310</b>	<b>2 898 233</b>	<b>3 046 253</b>	<b>3 175 590</b>	<b>3 427 677</b>	<b>A. Consumption of Fixed Capital</b>
2 359 383	2 476 418	2 609 921	2 727 748	2 944 389	1. Corporate and Quasi-Corporate Enterprise
408 927	421 815	436 332	447 842	483 288	2. General Government
<b>3 795 630</b>	<b>3 634 404</b>	<b>3 688 815</b>	<b>4 765 318</b>	<b>6 096 472</b>	<b>B. Savings</b>
168 501	119 231	285 694	- 210 047	257 836	1. Savings of General Government
2 232 890	1 796 905	1 703 468	2 703 533	3 208 929	2. Undistributed Profit of Corporate and Quasi-Corporate Enterprise
1 394 239	1 718 268	1 699 653	2 271 832	2 629 707	3. Savings of Households and Private Nonprofit Institutions
—	1,719	—	—	—	<b>C. Net Capital Transfers from the Rest of the World</b>
<b>366</b>	<b>- 181</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>- 84</b>	<b>D. Less: Acquisition Less Disposal of Nonproduced, Nonfinancial Assets from the Rest of the World, Net<sup>①</sup></b>
<b>-2 720 883</b>	<b>-2 371 784</b>	<b>-2 260 682</b>	<b>-3 196 294</b>	<b>-3 626 754</b>	<b>E. Net Borrowing from the Rest of the World</b>
<b>- 71 402</b>	<b>- 76 852</b>	<b>25 988</b>	<b>78 452</b>	<b>- 37 154</b>	<b>Plus: Statistical Discrepancy</b>

Note:①Nonproduced, nonfinancial assets consist of natural resources, goodwill, brand names, etc.

## 第 13 表 對外交易

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
1. 商品輸出(離岸價格，FOB)	10 586 117	10 746 491	11 271 148	10 828 121	10 448 460
2. 運輸服務	320 456	323 987	361 923	339 644	312 384
(1)對輸入商品之運輸服務	24 841	25 618	29 432	29 748	28 165
(2)其他運輸服務	295 615	298 369	332 491	309 896	284 219
3. 保險服務	12 522	10 409	10 709	9 031	9 732
(1)對輸入商品之保險服務	1 155	1 038	998	950	773
(2)其他保險服務	11 367	9 371	9 711	8 081	8 959
4. 維修服務收入	2 013	2 254	7 261	11 915	26 814
5. 旅行收入	348 392	365 451	442 132	455 924	431 050
6. 金融服務收入	51 800	61 032	73 245	76 753	84 051
7. 什項商品與服務	313 375	344 811	393 060	435 708	495 637
<b>8. 商品及服務輸出(8=1+...+7)</b>	<b>11 634 675</b>	<b>11 854 435</b>	<b>12 559 478</b>	<b>12 157 096</b>	<b>11 808 128</b>
9. 受僱人員報酬收入	16 733	18 964	20 592	22 112	24 115
10. 財產及企業所得收入	724 319	713 671	866 607	899 806	928 855
11. 國外其他經常移轉收入	164 073	185 116	203 425	211 135	223 341
(1)對一般政府	711	1 756	2 278	2 393	1 940
(2)對其他國內部門	163 362	183 360	201 147	208 742	221 401
<b>12. 經常收入(12=8+9+10+11)</b>	<b>12 539 800</b>	<b>12 772 186</b>	<b>13 650 102</b>	<b>13 290 149</b>	<b>12 984 439</b>
13. 商品輸入(到岸價格，CIF)	9 213 420	9 130 048	9 385 871	8 337 649	7 940 603
(1)商品輸入(離岸價格，FOB)	9 035 180	8 952 651	9 203 410	8 160 616	7 762 366
(2)商品輸入之運輸服務(外商承運)	143 924	143 447	145 104	139 650	143 305
(3)商品輸入之運輸服務(國人承運)	24 841	25 618	29 432	29 748	28 165
(4)商品輸入之保險服務(外商承保)	8 320	7 294	6 927	6 685	5 994

**Table 13. External Transactions**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
10 685 737	10 641 115	10 278 561	10 303 162	12 901 963	1. Exports of Merchandise, F.O.B.
337 184	365 768	365 131	371 245	633 767	2. Transport
32 105	35 640	39 654	45 504	80 517	(1) In Respect of Merchandise Imports
305 079	330 128	325 477	325 741	553 250	(2) Others
13 519	10 430	8 569	11 111	13 331	3. Insurance Services Charges
1 066	995	928	1 064	1 344	(1) In Respect of Merchandise Imports
12 453	9 435	7 641	10 047	11 987	(2) Others
40 129	46 123	42 966	39 776	27 391	4. Charges of Maintenance and Repair Services
374 955	413 121	445 775	53 192	20 837	5. Charges of Travel
87 809	93 121	102 512	97 282	99 621	6. Charges of Financial Services
556 175	621 671	679 134	691 759	743 138	7. Exports of Other Goods and Services
<b>12 095 508</b>	<b>12 191 349</b>	<b>11 922 648</b>	<b>11 567 527</b>	<b>14 440 048</b>	<b>8. Exports of Goods and Services (8 = 1+ ... +7)</b>
26 272	31 852	37 081	33 340	31 582	9. Compensation of Employees
1 016 066	1 146 043	1 173 772	1 104 008	1 042 596	10. Property and Entrepreneurial Income
218 855	230 536	254 777	235 037	244 080	11. Other Current Transfers from the Rest of the World
2 040	5 460	6 031	7 425	9 892	(1) To General Government
216 815	225 076	248 746	227 612	234 188	(2) To Other Resident Sectors
<b>13 356 701</b>	<b>13 599 780</b>	<b>13 388 278</b>	<b>12 939 912</b>	<b>15 758 306</b>	<b>12. Current Receipts (12 = 8 + 9 + 10 + 11)</b>
8 048 831	8 441 700	8 274 020	7 704 006	9 989 288	13. Imports of Merchandise, C.I.F.
7 861 837	8 239 983	8 075 473	7 514 304	9 764 260	(1) Imports of Merchandise, F.O.B.
145 386	157 303	150 387	135 358	133 141	(2) Transport Services on Merchandise Imports by Non-residents
32 105	35 640	39 654	45 504	80 517	(3) Transport Services on Merchandise Imports by Resident Industries
8 437	7 779	7 578	7 776	10 026	(4) Insurance Services Charges on Merchandise Imports, Services by Non-residents

## 第 13 表 對外交易 (續)

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
(5)商品輸入之保險服務(國人承保)	1 155	1 038	998	950	773
14. 其他運輸服務(外商承運)	144 931	148 220	167 247	180 550	209 817
15. 其他保險服務(外商承保)	22 917	22 386	21 568	17 773	16 564
16. 維修服務支出	20 666	19 925	25 167	24 489	27 714
17. 旅行支出	314 733	364 992	423 395	491 119	534 097
18. 金融服務支出	12 258	15 626	17 726	23 476	28 100
19. 什項商品與服務	858 775	825 573	892 648	884 431	857 848
<b>20. 商品及服務輸入(20=13+...+19)</b>	<b>10 587 700</b>	<b>10 526 770</b>	<b>10 933 622</b>	<b>9 959 487</b>	<b>9 614 743</b>
21. 受僱人員報酬支付	12 350	10 956	10 873	13 848	19 525
22. 財產及企業所得支付	296 516	319 175	437 221	468 409	482 304
23. 國外其他經常移轉支付	240 601	273 357	287 128	318 633	325 813
(1)由一般政府	2 192	1 756	2 278	2 648	2 424
(2)由其他國內部門	238 409	271 601	284 850	315 985	323 389
<b>24. 經常支出(24=20+21+22+23)</b>	<b>11 137 167</b>	<b>11 130 258</b>	<b>11 668 844</b>	<b>10 760 377</b>	<b>10 442 385</b>
<b>25. 對外經常交易餘額(25=12-24)</b>	<b>1 402 633</b>	<b>1 641 928</b>	<b>1 981 258</b>	<b>2 529 772</b>	<b>2 542 054</b>
26. 國外資本移轉收入淨額	—	—	—	—	—
27. 減：國外非生產非金融資產購入淨額①	711	- 1 994	243	159	290
<b>28. 貸出淨額(28=25+26+27)</b>	<b>1 401 922</b>	<b>1 643 922</b>	<b>1 981 015</b>	<b>2 529 613</b>	<b>2 541 764</b>

附註：①非生產非金融資產係指土地與礦藏等天然資源，以及商標與商譽等無形資產。

**Table 13. External Transactions (Cont.)**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
1 066	995	928	1 064	1 344	(5) Insurance Services Charges on Merchandise Imports, Services by Resident Industries
199 635	218 089	215 094	150 880	135 017	14. Other Transport Services by Non-residents
22 449	22 644	21 621	26 551	31 927	15. Other Insurance Services Charges, Services by Non-residents
29 668	27 860	28 518	22 146	25 009	16. Expenses of Maintenance and Repair Services
548 828	585 793	634 086	90 061	34 923	17. Expenses of Travel
40 755	49 932	61 089	40 418	39 713	18. Expenses of Financial Services
805 512	790 077	815 794	815 380	940 490	19. Imports of Other Goods and Services
<b>9 695 678</b>	<b>10 136 095</b>	<b>10 050 222</b>	<b>8 849 442</b>	<b>11 196 367</b>	<b>20. Imports of Goods and Services</b> (20 = 13 + ... + 19)
20 031	22 954	24 030	19 939	19 308	21. Compensation of Employees
574 946	740 140	710 672	545 629	596 386	22. Property and Entrepreneurial Income
344 797	330 707	342 579	328 342	319 575	23. Other Current Transfers to Rest of the World
2 496	2 262	3 155	3 047	3 223	(1) By General Government
342 301	328 445	339 424	325 295	316 352	(2) By Other Resident Sectors
<b>10 635 452</b>	<b>11 229 896</b>	<b>11 127 503</b>	<b>9 743 352</b>	<b>12 131 636</b>	<b>24. Current Disbursements</b> (24 = 20 + 21 + 22 + 23)
<b>2 721 249</b>	<b>2 369 884</b>	<b>2 260 775</b>	<b>3 196 560</b>	<b>3 626 670</b>	<b>25. Surplus on Current Transactions</b> (25 = 12 - 24)
—	1 719	—	—	—	26. Capital Transfers from the Rest of the World, Net
366	- 181	93	266	- 84	27. Less: Acquisition Less Disposal of Nonproduced, Nonfinancial Assets from the Rest of the World, Net <sup>①</sup>
<b>2 720 883</b>	<b>2 371 784</b>	<b>2 260 682</b>	<b>3 196 294</b>	<b>3 626 754</b>	<b>28. Net Lending (28=25+26+27)</b>

Note:①Nonproduced, nonfinancial assets consist of natural resources, goodwill, brand names, etc.

**第 14 表 國內生產毛額之處分**  
當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>14 677 765</b>	<b>15 270 728</b>	<b>16 258 047</b>	<b>17 055 080</b>	<b>17 555 268</b>
<b>一、民間消費</b>	<b>8 015 850</b>	<b>8 242 378</b>	<b>8 602 842</b>	<b>8 787 564</b>	<b>9 082 075</b>
(一)家庭消費	7 914 612	8 141 024	8 473 750	8 675 200	8 972 424
1.食品及非酒精飲料	1 084 227	1 102 943	1 134 412	1 154 891	1 195 176
2.菸酒	200 124	194 321	188 818	192 148	191 369
3.衣著鞋襪及服飾用品	364 186	373 050	398 038	414 432	431 260
4.住宅服務、水電瓦斯及其他燃料	1 430 535	1 469 871	1 504 983	1 530 355	1 552 083
5.家具設備及家務維護	400 307	408 763	427 339	440 504	446 651
6.醫療保健	324 819	336 650	349 607	360 195	373 378
7.交通	1 041 245	1 087 015	1 144 193	1 079 218	1 109 651
8.通訊	322 175	320 633	320 886	330 068	322 405
9.休閒與文化	671 599	671 424	688 516	702 671	682 462
10.教育	348 389	345 292	346 472	347 204	340 996
11.餐廳及旅館	702 201	745 660	809 711	863 454	921 729
12.其他	1 024 805	1 085 402	1 160 775	1 260 060	1 405 264
(二)對家庭服務之民間非營利機構消費	101 238	101 354	129 092	112 364	109 651
<b>二、政府消費</b>	<b>2 284 488</b>	<b>2 259 221</b>	<b>2 360 910</b>	<b>2 363 711</b>	<b>2 482 242</b>
<b>三、固定資本形成</b>	<b>3 313 753</b>	<b>3 465 988</b>	<b>3 630 558</b>	<b>3 663 758</b>	<b>3 807 567</b>
1.營建工程	1 338 106	1 392 633	1 468 598	1 447 377	1 422 718
2.運輸工具	185 280	188 854	221 642	228 920	233 184
3.機器及設備	1 134 525	1 181 808	1 186 457	1 201 936	1 314 371
4.智慧財產	655 842	702 693	753 861	785 525	837 294
<b>四、存貨變動</b>	<b>16 699</b>	<b>- 24 524</b>	<b>37 881</b>	<b>42 438</b>	<b>- 10 001</b>
<b>五、商品及服務輸出</b>	<b>11 634 675</b>	<b>11 854 435</b>	<b>12 559 478</b>	<b>12 157 096</b>	<b>11 808 128</b>
1.商品、運輸及保險	10 827 512	10 988 568	11 537 256	11 076 498	10 672 055
2.其他	807 163	865 867	1 022 222	1 080 598	1 136 073
<b>六、商品及服務輸入</b>	<b>10 587 700</b>	<b>10 526 770</b>	<b>10 933 622</b>	<b>9 959 487</b>	<b>9 614 743</b>
1.商品、運輸及保險	9 213 420	9 130 048	9 385 871	8 337 649	7 940 603
2.其他	1 374 280	1 396 722	1 547 751	1 621 838	1 674 140



**Table 14. Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>17 983 347</b>	<b>18 375 022</b>	<b>18 908 632</b>	<b>19 914 806</b>	<b>21 738 982</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>
<b>9 325 676</b>	<b>9 610 482</b>	<b>9 883 066</b>	<b>9 601 096</b>	<b>9 697 117</b>	<b>A. Private Final Consumption Expenditure</b>
9 214 072	9 464 766	9 754 869	9 475 392	9 565 976	I. Final Consumption Expenditure of Households
1 194 456	1 225 876	1 273 009	1 330 414	1 380 244	1. Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages
205 921	239 345	243 299	247 376	251 791	2. Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco
431 499	441 895	460 942	463 147	472 932	3. Clothing and Footwear
1 589 330	1 627 380	1 664 346	1 716 835	1 764 818	4. Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels
448 388	459 312	469 150	477 903	500 059	5. Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance
382 073	397 253	409 045	414 279	418 375	6. Health
1 149 678	1 176 980	1 210 480	1 038 868	998 230	7. Transport
312 277	286 130	270 224	255 902	270 366	8. Communication
693 274	716 686	742 326	665 281	647 220	9. Recreation and Culture
339 511	337 216	338 601	340 020	324 361	10. Education
948 349	995 403	1 045 500	968 762	909 121	11. Restaurants and Hotels
1 519 316	1 561 290	1 627 947	1 556 605	1 628 459	12. Miscellaneous Goods and Services
111 604	145 716	128 197	125 704	131 141	II. Final Consumption Expenditure of NPISHs
<b>2 486 552</b>	<b>2 623 385</b>	<b>2 652 859</b>	<b>2 772 825</b>	<b>2 937 859</b>	<b>B. Government Final Consumption Expenditure</b>
<b>3 795 869</b>	<b>4 001 128</b>	<b>4 526 606</b>	<b>4 817 276</b>	<b>5 676 424</b>	<b>C. Gross Fixed Capital Formation</b>
1 449 402	1 538 243	1 668 670	1 807 116	2 084 658	1. Construction
241 839	241 561	239 659	235 555	269 730	2. Transport Equipment
1 233 221	1 291 051	1 615 916	1 663 333	2 080 564	3. Machinery and Other Equipment
871 407	930 273	1 002 361	1 111 272	1 241 472	4. Intellectual Property Products
<b>- 24 580</b>	<b>84 773</b>	<b>- 26 325</b>	<b>5 524</b>	<b>183 901</b>	<b>D. Changes in Inventories</b>
<b>12 095 508</b>	<b>12 191 349</b>	<b>11 922 648</b>	<b>11 567 527</b>	<b>14 440 048</b>	<b>E. Exports of Goods and Services</b>
10 936 422	10 917 199	10 549 440	10 648 993	13 523 210	1. Merchandise, Freight and Insurance
1 159 086	1 274 150	1 373 208	918 534	916 838	2. Others
<b>9 695 678</b>	<b>10 136 095</b>	<b>10 050 222</b>	<b>8 849 442</b>	<b>11 196 367</b>	<b>F. Less : Imports of Goods and Services</b>
8 048 831	8 441 700	8 274 020	7 704 006	9 989 288	1. Merchandise, Freight and Insurance
1 646 847	1 694 395	1 776 202	1 145 436	1 207 079	2. Others

## 第 15 表 國內生產毛額之處分

連鎖實質值（105年為參考年）

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>15 779 909</b>	<b>16 171 821</b>	<b>16 935 007</b>	<b>17 183 235</b>	<b>17 555 268</b>
<b>一、民間消費</b>	<b>8 088 499</b>	<b>8 295 114</b>	<b>8 602 399</b>	<b>8 848 554</b>	<b>9 082 075</b>
(一)家庭消費	7 984 591	8 191 708	8 472 360	8 735 612	8 972 424
1.食品及非酒精飲料	1 260 910	1 265 862	1 256 804	1 235 899	1 195 176
2.菸酒	218 406	208 492	197 454	197 872	191 369
3.衣著鞋襪及服飾用品	367 247	376 451	396 543	415 051	431 260
4.住宅服務、水電瓦斯及其他燃料	1 446 334	1 468 051	1 497 131	1 527 847	1 552 083
5.家具設備及家務維護	407 588	412 425	431 945	444 667	446 651
6.醫療保健	331 834	342 281	352 864	362 189	373 378
7.交通	939 756	974 045	1 034 144	1 053 189	1 109 651
8.通訊	266 384	277 147	288 727	310 104	322 405
9.休閒與文化	630 069	643 162	673 228	697 341	682 462
10.教育	353 717	347 998	348 121	347 999	340 996
11.餐廳及旅館	768 635	800 705	839 529	874 639	921 729
12.其他	1 019 352	1 094 860	1 165 650	1 273 355	1 405 264
(二)對家庭服務之民間非營利機構消費	103 843	103 286	130 206	112 930	109 651
<b>二、政府消費</b>	<b>2 341 729</b>	<b>2 309 864</b>	<b>2 397 202</b>	<b>2 394 167</b>	<b>2 482 242</b>
<b>三、固定資本形成</b>	<b>3 236 301</b>	<b>3 463 774</b>	<b>3 584 961</b>	<b>3 681 042</b>	<b>3 807 567</b>
1.營建工程	1 305 310	1 362 288	1 412 229	1 426 661	1 422 718
2.運輸工具	187 430	190 102	224 546	230 024	233 184
3.機器及設備	1 046 295	1 166 814	1 170 375	1 225 608	1 314 371
4.智慧財產	697 513	741 315	775 482	796 978	837 294
<b>四、存貨變動</b>	<b>32 738</b>	<b>- 37 457</b>	<b>54 700</b>	<b>51 517</b>	<b>- 10 001</b>
<b>五、商品及服務輸出</b>	<b>10 856 621</b>	<b>11 205 236</b>	<b>11 876 154</b>	<b>11 918 840</b>	<b>11 808 128</b>
1.商品、運輸及保險	10 002 011	10 301 582	10 832 851	10 820 060	10 672 055
2.其他	838 923	890 166	1 037 273	1 096 904	1 136 073
<b>六、商品及服務輸入</b>	<b>8 786 748</b>	<b>9 073 498</b>	<b>9 584 756</b>	<b>9 711 038</b>	<b>9 614 743</b>
1.商品、運輸及保險	7 386 193	7 639 121	8 020 426	8 074 959	7 940 603
2.其他	1 383 972	1 414 207	1 553 348	1 633 874	1 674 140

說明：連鎖實質值不具可加性，不宜用以計算實質分配比。

**Table 15. Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product**

Chained (2016) Dollars

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>18 136 589</b>	<b>18 642 014</b>	<b>19 213 196</b>	<b>19 863 877</b>	<b>21 160 524</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>
<b>9 327 236</b>	<b>9 518 819</b>	<b>9 733 104</b>	<b>9 484 590</b>	<b>9 451 112</b>	<b>A. Private Final Consumption Expenditure</b>
9 216 541	9 375 651	9 607 582	9 362 017	9 324 967	I. Final Consumption Expenditure of Households
1 209 845	1 231 330	1 255 359	1 312 051	1 323 672	1. Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages
193 918	195 815	199 144	200 885	201 358	2. Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco
431 963	441 285	463 522	460 011	461 758	3. Clothing and Footwear
1 576 357	1 598 301	1 622 326	1 660 665	1 694 372	4. Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels
445 583	453 674	462 842	471 213	486 570	5. Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance
377 564	388 172	396 553	398 062	399 876	6. Health
1 128 124	1 123 014	1 157 695	1 036 020	937 125	7. Transport
338 366	349 632	357 208	365 872	406 819	8. Communication
693 949	716 960	742 790	662 677	643 836	9. Recreation and Culture
337 318	332 542	330 873	327 575	311 049	10. Education
934 309	966 251	1 001 026	929 208	865 084	11. Restaurants and Hotels
1 549 245	1 579 566	1 619 078	1 543 781	1 612 727	12. Miscellaneous Goods and Services
110 695	142 915	125 470	122 520	126 038	II. Final Consumption Expenditure of NPISHs
<b>2 472 048</b>	<b>2 571 378</b>	<b>2 585 465</b>	<b>2 657 222</b>	<b>2 755 254</b>	<b>B. Government Final Consumption Expenditure</b>
<b>3 797 673</b>	<b>3 918 943</b>	<b>4 354 574</b>	<b>4 622 232</b>	<b>5 290 538</b>	<b>C. Gross Fixed Capital Formation</b>
1 421 945	1 464 070	1 555 365	1 663 174	1 775 140	1. Construction
243 457	244 313	240 951	239 184	275 941	2. Transport Equipment
1 272 229	1 319 709	1 632 069	1 726 661	2 222 253	3. Machinery and Other Equipment
860 042	891 032	935 661	1 001 630	1 056 823	4. Intellectual Property Products
<b>- 28 946</b>	<b>111 662</b>	<b>- 35 243</b>	<b>8 190</b>	<b>144 630</b>	<b>D. Changes in Inventories</b>
<b>12 339 710</b>	<b>12 363 847</b>	<b>12 449 233</b>	<b>12 597 401</b>	<b>14 772 663</b>	<b>E. Exports of Goods and Services</b>
11 186 512	11 104 015	11 091 940	11 710 257	13 926 979	1. Merchandise, Freight and Insurance
1 153 198	1 256 980	1 351 752	912 549	894 268	2. Others
<b>9 771 132</b>	<b>9 847 257</b>	<b>9 895 853</b>	<b>9 545 502</b>	<b>11 269 265</b>	<b>F. Less : Imports of Goods and Services</b>
8 078 342	8 112 747	8 104 605	8 355 099	10 017 676	1. Merchandise, Freight and Insurance
1 692 790	1 735 202	1 795 106	1 177 049	1 243 894	2. Others

Note: The chained-dollar estimates are not additive, therefore, the relative importance of each component should be measured by current estimates rather than chained-dollar.

第 16 表 平減價格指數

參考年：105 年

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
民間消費	99.10	99.36	100.01	99.31	100.00
政府消費	97.56	97.81	98.49	98.73	100.00
固定資本形成毛額	102.39	100.06	101.27	99.53	100.00
1. 民營企業	102.12	99.71	100.98	99.37	100.00
2. 公營事業	105.76	100.81	101.12	98.61	100.00
3. 政 府	102.32	101.44	102.93	100.54	100.00
商品及服務輸出	107.17	105.79	105.75	102.00	100.00
1. 商品、運輸及保險	108.25	106.67	106.50	102.37	100.00
2. 其 他	96.21	97.27	98.55	98.51	100.00
商品及服務輸入	120.50	116.02	114.07	102.56	100.00
1. 商品、運輸及保險	124.74	119.52	117.02	103.25	100.00
2. 其 他	99.30	98.76	99.64	99.26	100.00
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>93.02</b>	<b>94.43</b>	<b>96.00</b>	<b>99.25</b>	<b>100.00</b>
<b>國民所得毛額</b>	<b>100.38</b>	<b>100.22</b>	<b>100.80</b>	<b>99.70</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**Table 16. Implicit Price Deflators**

Reference Year : 2016

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
99.98	100.96	101.54	101.23	102.60	Private Final Consumption Expenditure
100.59	102.02	102.61	104.35	106.63	Government Final Consumption Expenditure
99.95	102.10	103.95	104.22	107.29	Gross Fixed Capital Formation
99.88	102.04	103.92	104.21	107.01	1. Private Enterprises
98.25	99.57	100.79	99.22	99.69	2. Public Enterprises
101.09	103.54	105.49	106.50	113.52	3. General Government
98.02	98.60	95.77	91.82	97.75	Exports of Goods and Services
97.76	98.32	95.11	90.94	97.10	1. Merchandise, Freight and Insurance
100.51	101.37	101.59	100.66	102.52	2. Others
99.23	102.93	101.56	92.71	99.35	Imports of Goods and Services
99.63	104.05	102.09	92.21	99.72	1. Merchandise, Freight and Insurance
97.29	97.65	98.95	97.31	97.04	2. Others
<b>99.16</b>	<b>98.57</b>	<b>98.41</b>	<b>100.26</b>	<b>102.73</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>
<b>99.74</b>	<b>100.81</b>	<b>101.36</b>	<b>100.46</b>	<b>103.43</b>	<b>Gross National Income</b>

### 三、所得收支統計表

#### 第1表 可支配所得

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>14 677 765</b>	<b>15 270 728</b>	<b>16 258 047</b>	<b>17 055 080</b>	<b>17 555 268</b>
加：國外要素所得收入淨額	432 186	402 504	439 105	439 661	451 141
對外貿易條件變動損益	—	—	—	—	—
<b>國民所得毛額</b>	<b>15 109 951</b>	<b>15 673 232</b>	<b>16 697 152</b>	<b>17 494 741</b>	<b>18 006 409</b>
減：固定資本消耗	2 481 522	2 471 945	2 570 369	2 601 636	2 700 956
生產及進口稅淨額	778 275	821 201	877 495	902 667	959 290
統計差異	131 757	6,931	- 85 410	32 460	0
<b>按要素成本計算之國民所得</b>	<b>11 718 397</b>	<b>12 373 155</b>	<b>13 334 698</b>	<b>13 957 978</b>	<b>14 346 163</b>
加：生產及進口稅淨額	778 275	821 201	877 495	902 667	959 290
<b>按市價計算之國民所得</b>	<b>12 496 672</b>	<b>13 194 356</b>	<b>14 212 193</b>	<b>14 860 645</b>	<b>15 305 453</b>
加：國外移轉收入淨額	- 76 528	- 88 241	- 83 703	- 107 498	- 102 472
<b>國民可支配所得</b>	<b>12 420 144</b>	<b>13 106 115</b>	<b>14 128 490</b>	<b>14 753 147</b>	<b>15 202 981</b>

### III. Income and Outlay Accounts

#### Table 1. National Disposable Income

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>17 983 347</b>	<b>18 375 022</b>	<b>18 908 632</b>	<b>19 914 806</b>	<b>21 738 982</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>
447 361	414 801	476 151	571 780	458 484	Plus : Net Factor Income from the Rest of the World
—	—	—	—	—	Trading Gains and Losses from Changes in the Terms of Trade
<b>18 430 708</b>	<b>18 789 823</b>	<b>19 384 783</b>	<b>20 486 586</b>	<b>22 197 466</b>	<b>Equal : Gross National Income</b>
2 768 310	2 898 233	3 046 253	3 175 590	3 427 677	Less : Consumption of Fixed Capital
980 507	1 042 375	1 045 919	896 013	1 023 879	Net Taxes on Production and Imports
- 71 402	- 76 852	25 988	78 452	- 37 154	Statistical Discrepancy
<b>14 753 293</b>	<b>14 926 067</b>	<b>15 266 623</b>	<b>16 336 531</b>	<b>17 783 064</b>	<b>Equal : National Income at Factor Cost</b>
980 507	1 042 375	1 045 919	896 013	1 023 879	Plus : Net Taxes on Production and Imports
<b>15 733 800</b>	<b>15 968 442</b>	<b>16 312 542</b>	<b>17 232 544</b>	<b>18 806 943</b>	<b>Equal : National Income at Market Prices</b>
- 125 942	- 100 171	- 87 802	- 93 305	- 75 495	Plus : Net Transfers from the Rest of the World
<b>15 607 858</b>	<b>15 868 271</b>	<b>16 224 740</b>	<b>17 139 239</b>	<b>18 731 448</b>	<b>Equal : National Disposable Income</b>

## 第 2 表 可支配所得

連鎖實質值（105年為參考年）

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>國內生產毛額</b>	<b>15 779 909</b>	<b>16 171 821</b>	<b>16 935 007</b>	<b>17 183 235</b>	<b>17 555 268</b>
加：國外要素所得收入淨額	445 802	411 099	443 686	446 330	451 141
對外貿易條件變動損益	-1 174 237	- 943 499	- 814 222	- 82 111	0
<b>國民所得毛額</b>	<b>15 052 892</b>	<b>15 638 936</b>	<b>16 564 562</b>	<b>17 547 430</b>	<b>18 006 409</b>
減：固定資本消耗	2 422 048	2 480 319	2 550 223	2 623 072	2 700 956
生產及進口稅淨額	809 433	848 862	891 914	908 694	959 290
統計差異	- 36 862	- 34 887	- 113 302	- 26 345	0
<b>按要素成本計算之國民所得</b>	<b>11 858 812</b>	<b>12 346 322</b>	<b>13 236 549</b>	<b>14 041 824</b>	<b>14 346 163</b>
加：生產及進口稅淨額	809 433	848 862	891 914	908 694	959 290
<b>按市價計算之國民所得</b>	<b>12 667 183</b>	<b>13 193 923</b>	<b>14 127 703</b>	<b>14 950 537</b>	<b>15 305 453</b>
加：國外移轉收入淨額	- 78 926	- 90 249	- 84 528	- 109 078	- 102 472
<b>國民可支配所得</b>	<b>12 588 152</b>	<b>13 103 703</b>	<b>14 042 934</b>	<b>14 841 531</b>	<b>15 202 981</b>

說明：連鎖實質值不具可加性，不宜用以計算實質分配比。



**Table 2. National Disposable Income**

Chained (2016) Dollars

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>18 136 589</b>	<b>18 642 014</b>	<b>19 213 196</b>	<b>19 863 877</b>	<b>21 160 524</b>	<b>Gross Domestic Product</b>
443 260	406 600	463 817	557 927	438 592	Plus : Net Factor Income from the Rest of the World
- 100 238	- 409 592	- 552 635	- 33 068	- 139 478	Trading Gains and Losses from Changes in the Terms of Trade
<b>18 479 611</b>	<b>18 638 507</b>	<b>19 125 365</b>	<b>20 392 893</b>	<b>21 460 941</b>	<b>Equal : Gross National Income</b>
2 778 339	2 851 224	2 942 339	3 058 599	3 208 766	Less : Consumption of Fixed Capital
990 266	1 035 767	1 039 063	906 579	1 035 908	Net Taxes on Production and Imports
- 64 593	- 77 358	- 15 820	- 6 821	- 16 291	Statistical Discrepancy
<b>14 775 599</b>	<b>14 829 246</b>	<b>15 159 996</b>	<b>16 436 114</b>	<b>17 235 494</b>	<b>Equal : National Income at Factor Cost</b>
990 266	1 035 767	1 039 063	906 579	1 035 908	Plus : Net Taxes on Production and Imports
<b>15 765 865</b>	<b>15 864 685</b>	<b>16 198 726</b>	<b>17 342 426</b>	<b>18 270 666</b>	<b>Equal : National Income at Market Prices</b>
- 125 281	- 98 269	- 85 684	- 91 240	- 72 366	Plus : Net Transfers from the Rest of the World
<b>15 640 584</b>	<b>15 766 651</b>	<b>16 113 476</b>	<b>17 251 651</b>	<b>18 199 498</b>	<b>Equal : National Disposable Income</b>

Note: The chained-dollar estimates are not additive, therefore, the relative importance of each component should be measured by current estimates rather than chained-dollar.

## 第3表 國民所得及可支配所得按部門別之分配

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
<b>按市價計算之國民所得</b>	<b>12 496 672</b>	<b>13 194 356</b>	<b>14 212 193</b>	<b>14 860 645</b>	<b>15 305 453</b>
一、家庭及民間非營利機構	9 823 891	9 998 238	10 786 301	11 054 878	11 228 988
1.受僱人員報酬	6 661 640	6 814 940	7 208 012	7 525 226	7 745 448
2.營業盈餘、財產及企業所得淨額	3 162 251	3 183 298	3 578 289	3 529 652	3 483 540
二、一般政府	1 041 062	1 060 859	1 162 423	1 171 266	1 202 295
1.生產及進口稅淨額	778 275	821 201	877 495	902 667	959 290
2.營業盈餘、財產及企業所得淨額	262 787	239 658	284 928	268 599	243 005
三、公司及準公司企業	1 631 719	2 135 259	2 263 469	2 634 501	2 874 170
1.營業盈餘	2 688 935	3 181 112	3 671 126	3 922 974	4 032 624
2.財產及企業所得淨額	-1 057 216	-1 045 853	-1 407 657	-1 288 473	-1 158 454
國內外經常移轉收入淨額	- 76 528	- 88 241	- 83 703	- 107 498	- 102 472
一、家庭及民間非營利機構	- 700 449	- 737 809	- 783 309	- 819 912	- 955 305
二、一般政府	1 173 237	1 190 192	1 313 354	1 396 131	1 566 005
三、公司及準公司企業	- 549 316	- 540 624	- 613 748	- 683 717	- 713 172
<b>國民可支配所得</b>	<b>12 420 144</b>	<b>13 106 115</b>	<b>14 128 490</b>	<b>14 753 147</b>	<b>15 202 981</b>
一、家庭及民間非營利機構	9 123 442	9 260 429	10 002 992	10 234 966	10 273 683
二、一般政府	2 214 299	2 251 051	2 475 777	2 567 397	2 768 300
三、公司及準公司企業	1 082 403	1 594 635	1 649 721	1 950 784	2 160 998

**Table 3. Distribution of National Income and Disposal Income by Sector**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
<b>15 733 800</b>	<b>15 968 442</b>	<b>16 312 542</b>	<b>17 232 544</b>	<b>18 806 943</b>	<b>National Income at Market Prices</b>
11 497 396	12 029 840	12 379 123	12 499 686	13 100 464	A. Households and Private Nonprofit Institutions
					Serving Households
8 031 111	8 425 644	8 706 345	8 880 289	9 382 559	1. Compensation of Employees
3 466 285	3 604 196	3 672 778	3 619 397	3 717 905	2. Operating Surplus, Property and Entrepreneurial Income, Net
1 253 351	1 333 295	1 358 630	1 233 774	1 319 737	B. General Government
980 507	1 042 375	1 045 919	896 013	1 023 879	1. Net Taxes on Production and Imports
272 844	290 920	312 711	337 761	295 858	2. Operating Surplus, Property and Entrepreneurial Income, Net
2 983 053	2 605 307	2 574 789	3 499 084	4 386 742	C. Corporate and Quasi-Corporate Enterprises
4 131 316	3 912 065	3 876 644	4 621 979	5 647 082	1. Operating Surplus
-1 148 263	-1 306 758	-1 301 855	-1 122 895	-1 260 340	2. Property and Entrepreneurial Income, Net
- 125 942	- 100 171	- 87 802	- 93 305	- 75 495	Net Current Transfers
- 777 481	- 701 090	- 796 404	- 626 758	- 773 640	A. Households and Private Nonprofit Institutions
1 401 702	1 409 321	1 579 923	1 329 004	1 875 958	B. General Government
- 750 163	- 808 402	- 871 321	- 795 551	-1 177 813	C. Corporate and Quasi-Corporate Enterprises
<b>15 607 858</b>	<b>15 868 271</b>	<b>16 224 740</b>	<b>17 139 239</b>	<b>18 731 448</b>	<b>National Disposable Income</b>
10 719 915	11 328 750	11 582 719	11 872 928	12 326 824	A. Households and Private Nonprofit Institutions
2 655 053	2 742 616	2 938 553	2 562 778	3 195 695	B. General Government
2 232 890	1 796 905	1 703 468	2 703 533	3 208 929	C. Corporate and Quasi-Corporate Enterprises

**第 4 表 家庭及民間非營利機構之收支**

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
1.受僱人員報酬	6 661 640	6 814 940	7 208 012	7 525 226	7 745 448
2.營業盈餘、財產及企業所得淨額	3 162 251	3 183 298	3 578 289	3 529 652	3 483 540
3.國內經常移轉收入	1 418 194	1 517 493	1 531 967	1 652 202	1 671 534
4.國外經常移轉收入	163 362	183 360	201 147	208 742	221 401
<b>所 得</b>	<b>11 405 447</b>	<b>11 699 091</b>	<b>12 519 415</b>	<b>12 915 822</b>	<b>13 121 923</b>
5.民間消費	8 015 850	8 242 378	8 602 842	8 787 564	9 082 075
6.所得稅與其他經常稅	481 032	499 803	515 427	580 542	581 666
7.其他國內經常移轉支出	1 562 564	1 667 258	1 716 146	1 784 329	1 943 185
8.國外經常移轉支出	238 409	271 601	284 850	315 985	323 389
<b>支 出</b>	<b>10 297 855</b>	<b>10 681 040</b>	<b>11 119 265</b>	<b>11 468 420</b>	<b>11 930 315</b>
<b>9.儲 蓄</b>	<b>1 107 592</b>	<b>1 018 051</b>	<b>1 400 150</b>	<b>1 447 402</b>	<b>1 191 608</b>

**Table 4. Receipts and Disbursements of Households and  
Private Nonprofit Institutions Serving Households**

At Current Prices					Unit : Million NT\$
106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
8 031 111	8 425 644	8 706 345	8 880 289	9 382 559	1. Compensation of Employees
3 466 285	3 604 196	3 672 778	3 619 397	3 717 905	2. Operating Surplus, Property and Entrepreneurial Income, Net
1 831 523	1 926 946	1 846 196	2 060 209	2 077 997	3. Current Transfers from Residents
216 815	225 076	248 746	227 612	234 188	4. Current Transfers from the Rest of the World
<b>13 545 734</b>	<b>14 181 862</b>	<b>14 474 065</b>	<b>14 787 507</b>	<b>15 412 649</b>	<b>Receipts</b>
9 325 676	9 610 482	9 883 066	9 601 096	9 697 117	5. Private Final Consumption Expenditure
579 614	600 108	603 226	613 492	634 948	6. Current Taxes on Income, Wealth, etc.
1 903 904	1 924 559	1 948 696	1 975 792	2 134 525	7. Other Current Transfers to Residents
342 301	328 445	339 424	325 295	316 352	8. Current Transfers to the Rest of the World
<b>12 151 495</b>	<b>12 463 594</b>	<b>12 774 412</b>	<b>12 515 675</b>	<b>12 782 942</b>	<b>Disbursements</b>
<b>1 394 239</b>	<b>1 718 268</b>	<b>1 699 653</b>	<b>2 271 832</b>	<b>2 629 707</b>	<b>9. Savings</b>

第 5 表 一般政府經常收支

當期價格

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	101年 2012	102年 2013	103年 2014	104年 2015	105年 2016
1.財產及企業所得收入	382 751	363 374	406 220	386 420	361 762
2.生產及進口稅	854 107	891 642	951 098	975 582	1 035 207
3.所得稅及其他經常稅	965 686	969 515	1 054 746	1 185 758	1 217 987
4.其他國內經常移轉收入	1 261 505	1 377 489	1 423 035	1 491 143	1 642 383
5.國外經常移轉收入	711	1 756	2 278	2 393	1 940
<b>收入合計</b>	<b>3 464 760</b>	<b>3 603 776</b>	<b>3 837 377</b>	<b>4 041 296</b>	<b>4 259 279</b>
6.政府消費	2 284 488	2 259 221	2 360 910	2 363 711	2 482 242
7.財產所得支出	119 964	123 716	121 292	117 821	118 757
8.補助金	75 832	70 441	73 603	72 915	75 917
9.國內經常移轉支出	1 052 473	1 156 812	1 164 427	1 280 515	1 293 881
10.國外經常移轉支出	2 192	1 756	2 278	2 648	2 424
<b>支出合計</b>	<b>3 534 949</b>	<b>3 611 946</b>	<b>3 722 510</b>	<b>3 837 610</b>	<b>3 973 221</b>
<b>11.儲 蓄</b>	<b>- 70 189</b>	<b>- 8 170</b>	<b>114 867</b>	<b>203 686</b>	<b>286 058</b>

**Table 5. General Government Current Receipts and Disbursements**

At Current Prices

Unit : Million NT\$

106年 2017	107年 2018	108年 2019	109年 2020	110年 2021	
378 475	393 939	413 426	433 143	381 488	1. Property and Entrepreneurial Income
1 053 682	1 118 892	1 132 269	1 159 913	1 247 596	2. Taxes on Production and Imports
1 244 533	1 331 543	1 404 413	1 313 243	1 690 393	3. Current Taxes on Income, Wealth, etc.
1 600 293	1 638 138	1 668 394	1 707 867	1 864 870	4. Other Current Transfers from Residents
2 040	5 460	6 031	7 425	9 892	5. Current Transfers from Non-residents
<b>4 279 023</b>	<b>4 487 972</b>	<b>4 624 533</b>	<b>4 621 591</b>	<b>5 194 239</b>	<b>Current Receipts</b>
2 486 552	2 623 385	2 652 859	2 772 825	2 937 859	6. Government Final Consumption Expenditure
105 631	103 019	100 715	95 382	85 630	7. Property Income
73 175	76 517	86 350	263 900	223 717	8. Subsidies
1 442 668	1 563 558	1 495 760	1 696 484	1 685 974	9. Current Transfers to Residents
2 496	2 262	3 155	3 047	3 223	10. Current Transfers to Non-residents
<b>4 110 522</b>	<b>4 368 741</b>	<b>4 338 839</b>	<b>4 831 638</b>	<b>4 936 403</b>	<b>Current Disbursements</b>
<b>168 501</b>	<b>119 231</b>	<b>285 694</b>	<b>- 210 047</b>	<b>257 836</b>	<b>11. Savings</b>

## 第 6 表 所得收支帳

110 年

單位：新臺幣百萬元

	國內部門總帳		部 門			
			非金融業之公司及準公司企業 Non-financial Enterprises, Corporate and Quasi-Corporate		金融機構 Financial Institutions	
	收入 Receipts	支付 Disburse.	收入 Receipts	支付 Disburse.	收入 Receipts	支付 Disburse.
<b>一、初次分配</b>						
(一)受僱人員報酬	9 382 559	—	—	—	—	—
(二)生產及進口稅	1 247 596	—	—	—	—	—
(三)補助金	- 223 717	—	—	—	—	—
(四)營業盈餘	7 954 295	—	5 125 083	—	521 999	—
(五)財產所得	446 210	—	—	—	—	—
1.利息	—	—	122 194	492 240	1 377 065	767 913
2.股利	—	—	895 573	2 023 102	265 081	440 005
3.其他	—	—	13 571	207 717	47	2 894
<b>國民所得</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>18 806 943</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>二、二次分配</b>						
(一)國民所得	18 806 943	—	—	—	—	—
(二)經常移轉	- 75 495	—	—	—	—	—
1.所得稅與其他經常稅						
(1)所得稅	—	—	—	652 417	—	49 427
(2)其他經常稅	—	—	—	32 831	—	320 770
2.社會保險保費淨額	—	—	—	—	—	—
3.社會安全給付及救助	—	—	—	—	—	—
4.非壽險交易						
(1)非壽險保費淨額	—	—	—	53 973	304 978	51 633
(2)非壽險賠償給付	—	—	53 973	—	51 633	304 978
5.其他經常移轉						
(1)與非常住居民之間	—	—	—	—	—	—
(2)其他	—	—	13 739	103 663	6	32 450
<b>可支配所得</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>18 731 448</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2 658 190</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>550 739</b>
<b>三、所得之使用</b>						
(一)可支配所得	18 731 448	—	2 658 190	—	550 739	—
(二)最終消費	—	12 634 976	—	—	—	—
<b>儲蓄</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>6 096 472</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2 658 190</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>550 739</b>



Table 6. Income and Outlay Account in Matrix Form

2021

Unit : Million NT\$

帳		帳		國外帳		
一般政府		家庭及民間非營利機構		Rest of the World		
General Government		Households and Private Nonprofit Institutions Serving Households		Rest of the World		
收入	支付	收入	支付	收入	支付	
Receipts	Disburse.	Receipts	Disburse.	Receipts	Disburse.	
—	—	9 382 559	—	19 308	31 582	<b>A.Allocation of Primary Income</b>
1 247 596	—	—	—	—	—	(A)Compensation of Employees
—	223 717	—	—	—	—	(B)Taxes on Production and Imports
15 524	—	2 291 689	—	—	—	(C)Subsidies
—	—	—	—	596 386	1 042 596	(D)Operating Surplus
41 196	85 630	409 257	141 381	39 709	502 257	(E)Property Income
292 076	—	994 039	—	556 677	540 339	1.Interest
32 692	—	244 307	80 006	—	—	2.Dividends
—	—	—	—	—	—	3.Others
—	—	—	—	—	—	<b>National Income</b>
—	—	—	—	—	—	<b>B.Secondary Distribution of Income</b>
—	—	—	—	319 575	244 080	(A)National Income
1 232 033	—	—	530 189	—	—	(B)Current Transfers
458 360	—	—	104 759	—	—	1.Current Taxes on Income, Wealth, etc.
1 893 935	—	—	1 893 935	—	—	(1)Taxes on Income
—	1 485 886	1 495 099	9 213	—	—	(2)Other Current Taxes
—	—	—	199 372	—	—	2.Net Social Contributions
—	—	199 372	—	—	—	3.Social Security and Social Assistance Benefits
9 892	3 223	234 188	316 352	319 575	244 080	4.Non-life Insurance
176 151	405 304	582 898	231 377	—	—	(1)Net Non-life Insurance Premiums
—	<b>3 195 695</b>	—	<b>12 326 824</b>	—	—	(2)Non-life Insurance Claims
—	—	—	—	—	—	5.Miscellaneous Current Transfers
3 195 695	—	12 326 824	—	—	—	(1)Between Residents and Non-residents
—	2 937 859	—	9 697 117	—	—	(2)Others
—	<b>257 836</b>	—	<b>2 629 707</b>	—	—	<b>Disposable Income</b>
—	—	—	—	—	—	<b>C.Uses of Income</b>
—	—	—	—	—	—	(A)Disposable Income
—	—	—	—	—	—	(B)Final Consumption Expenditure
—	—	—	—	—	—	<b>Savings</b>



附 錄  
**Appendix**

附錄一 國民所得基本概念及重要名詞解釋

Appendix I. Concepts and Definitions

# Appendix I Concepts and Definitions

## A. Concepts in Brief

### 1. National Accounts Statistics and System of National Accounts

GDP is the total value of an economy's final output of all goods and services produced over a period of time. The amount of value added generated by production activities will be distributed to various units, and the units will consume goods and services produced by producers. Therefore, GDP can be estimated by production, income, and expenditure approaches. In theory, the three approaches result in equivalent values for GDP, although they are often unequal in practice owing to the data source limitations.

The United Nation implements the System of National Accounts (SNA) providing a set of guidelines for national statistical offices compiling national economic accounts. At present, we adopt the 2008 SNA version, although some treatments, such as the capitalization of expenditures on weapon systems, haven't been followed.

### 2. The framework of SNA

The purpose of SNA is to record economic flows and stocks. Economic flows include transactions in goods and services and transactions in financial instruments.

Transactions in goods and services are classified into 19 industries in accordance with the 10th edition of Statistical Classification of Industries, R.O.C. While transactions in financial instruments include 5 institutional sectors such as corporate and quasi-corporate enterprises of non-financial corporations, financial corporations, general government units, non-profit institutions serving households (NPISHs), and households and nonprofit institutions.

The statistical classification of economic stocks is the same as transactions in financial instruments.

### 3. The statistical scope of national accounts

The statistical scope of national accounts usually covers the whole country. However, it can also only cover a region. The accounting period is usually one year or one quarter.

The national accounts statistics provide the value of economic activities measured in monetary terms. The economic activities include production, consumption, investment, exports and imports, as well as income and saving etc.

## **B. Production**

### **1. Domestic Production**

Domestic Production represents the value of all goods and services produced by institutional units (households, enterprises, non-profit units, etc.) within a country (or an economic territory), regardless of these institutions being operated by nationals or foreigners. In an open economy, corporations or branches invested or set up by foreigners are common. In the case, although the production itself is included in the coverage of Domestic Production, the factor income is not attributed to residents. Therefore, GNI is equal to Domestic Production less primary incomes payable to non-resident units plus primary incomes receivable from non-resident units.

The economic territory of a country covers the area (including airspace) within the political boundary, and ships, aircraft and other transportation equipment owned by domestic enterprises in foreign territories.

Residents of a country refer to persons, companies, government agencies, and non-profit organizations having centre of predominant economic interest in the country (engage or intent to continue engaging in economic activities and transactions on a significant scale for one year or more). Institutions of extraterritoriality are regarded as territorial enclaves located in other countries signing political agreements with the host country. Therefore, staffs of embassies, consulates and military abroad should be regarded as domestic residents. On the other hand, nationals whose main economic interests located abroad are not domestic residents.

### **2. Gross Output**

Gross Output is the value of goods and services calculated at the producers' price. For example, a textile mill produces 1,000 units of fabrics every year, and sold by 3,000 dollars per unit. Therefore, an annual Gross Output of the textile mill is 3 million dollars.

### **3. Gross Domestic Product and Net Domestic Product**

Gross Output measures the value of goods and services rather than the value created by production activities, which Gross Domestic Product (GDP) measured. In the previous example, suppose the textile mill bought 2 million dollars of cotton yarns to produce fabrics worth 3 million dollars. The textile mill's contribution would be only 1 million dollars. Thus, yarns worth 2 million dollars are called Intermediate Consumption. From yarns to fabrics, 1 million dollars is the value of production, Gross Domestic Product,

created by the textile mill, which is same as the Gross Value Added. Gross Domestic Product subtracts the consumption of fixed assets (or depreciation) in the production process is called Net Domestic Product.

## **C. Incomes**

### **1. National Income and National Disposable Income**

The government imposes various taxes on production and imports, which constitutes a part of market prices. Without taxes on production and imports, national income will be identical no matter valued at factor cost (including wages, land rents, interests, profits, etc.) or at market prices. While usually, the national income at market prices is equal to the national income at factor cost plus the taxes on production and imports. The formula is as follows:

	Compensation of employees
Plus	: Operating surplus
Equal	: Domestic factor income
Plus	: Net factor income from the rest of the world
Equal	: National income at factor cost
Plus	: Net taxes on production and imports
Equal	: National income at market prices

Generally, national income refers to net national income (NNI) at market prices. While with additional footnotes, it can also refer to NNI at factor costs (income). Those income which is not generated by production activities, such as asset revaluation and donations from abroad, should not be included in national income.

National income at market prices plus net current transfers from the rest of the world equals national disposable income. Current transfers from the rest of the world are not generated by domestic productions, but can be dominated and utilized by residents, hence are included in national disposable income.

### **2. Factor income from the rest of the world**

Net factor income from the rest of the world is equal to the total primary incomes receivable (including compensation of employees and property incomes) by residents from non-residents minus the total primary incomes payable by residents to non-residents.

## **D. Final Consumption Expenditure**

## **1. Private Final Consumption Expenditure**

Private final consumption expenditure includes the expenses on goods and services incurred by households and NPISHs. There are two classifications of private final consumption expenditure, one is by purpose or function, and the other is by type of goods and services. The former contains, according to COICOP (the Classification of Individual Consumption according to Purpose), 12 breakdowns such as food and non-alcoholic beverages, alcoholic beverages and tobacco, clothing and footwear, housing water electricity gas and other fuels, furnishings household equipment and routine household maintenance, health, transport, communication, recreation and culture, education, restaurants and hotels, miscellaneous goods and services, as well as final consumption expenditure of NPISHs. The latter covers 4 breakdowns such as durable goods, semi-durable goods, non-durable goods and services.

## **2. Government Final Consumption Expenditure**

The general government consists of units of central or local governments, non-market NPIs, that are controlled by government units, such as nonprofit funds, foundations, non-departmental public bodies, as well as social security funds. General government units operate as both producers and final consumers. The value of the non-market output produced by government is estimated as the sum of costs of production including intermediate consumption, compensation of employees, net taxes on production and imports and imputed consumption of fixed capital.

Final consumption expenditure of government is equal to the output of general government less the value of goods and services sold to households and other producers (sales revenue) and the value of own-account gross fixed capital formation, plus the value of goods and services purchased from market producers for provision to households free or at economically insignificant prices (social benefits and assistance in kind purchased from market producers), and the purchase of the output of the Central Bank (estimated by the sum of the costs incurred in production).

To express the relationships by equations is as follows :

- Gross Output produced by government = Intermediate Consumption + Compensation of Employees + Net Taxes on Production and Imports + imputed Consumption of Fixed Capital
- Government Final Consumption = Gross Output produced by government – Sales revenue – own-account Gross Fixed Capital Formation + social benefits and assistance

in kind purchased from market producers + the output of the Central Bank

### **3. National Consumption Expenditure**

National consumption expenditure is defined as the total amount of final consumption of residents (including individuals and institutions), which is equal to private final consumption expenditures plus government final consumption expenditures.

### **4. Private and Government Actual Final Consumption Expenditure**

In the 1993 SNA, government final consumption expenditure is divided into provisions for community as a whole, as well as for individual households, according to the beneficiaries. The former, called collective consumption expenditure, is defined as government actual final consumption. And the latter, called individual consumption expenditure, together with private final consumption expenditure, constitutes private actual final consumption.

## **E. Saving**

National saving is derived from disposable income less national consumption expenditure, which can be classified into 4 sectors: general government, corporate enterprises, quasi-corporate enterprises, as well as households and NPISHs.

## **F. Capital Formation**

### **1. Gross Capital Formation**

Gross capital formation refers to products domestic producers acquire and not treat as intermediate consumption but as the increase of inventories or fixed assets during a specific period. The main distinction between intermediate consumption and gross capital formation depends on whether the goods and services involved are completely used up in the accounting period or not.

The coverage of gross capital formation is inconsistent with tangible assets in business accounting. For example, non-produced assets in business accounting, such as land, mineral, uncultivated forests and crop, are not regarded as gross capital formation in SNA.

### **2. Gross Fixed Capital Formation**

Gross fixed capital formation (GFCF) is measured by the value of acquisitions less disposals of products which can be repeatedly or continuously used in production



processes by producers over one year. Thus, GFCF includes:

- (1) The durable goods for production and intellectual property with durability more than one year. (However, land, mineral, non-cultivated forest and other similar natural resource are excluded.)
- (2) The expenditure of improvements on durable goods for extending their lives and enhancing their productive performance.
- (3) The expenditure on the land clearance and improvements as well as the development and formation of forest, mineral, orchard and cultivated plant.
- (4) The live stock or trees which can be used repeatedly over one year to produce products, such as breeding stocks, draught animals, dairy cattle and the like.
- (5) The commission and other costs of ownership transfer on the above-mentioned produced assets and non-produced ones such as land, mineral, and forest, etc.

GFCF can be divided into 8 types listed below: residential buildings, non-residential buildings, other construction except land improvements, land improvements and plantation and orchard development, transport equipment, machinery and equipment, breeding stock, draught animals, dairy cattle and the like, and intellectual property products.

### **3. Net Fixed Capital Formation**

Consumption of fixed capital is the decline during the course of the accounting period, in the current value of the stock of fixed assets owned and used by a producer as a result of physical deterioration, normal obsolescence or normal accidental damage. Gross fixed capital formation less consumption of fixed capital is equal to net fixed capital formation.

### **4. Changes in Inventories**

Inventories are stocks of outputs and purchased goods not used as fixed assets at a specific time and do not include commodities stored by households, government, and non-profit institutions. The change in inventories is equal to the difference between the level of inventories at the start and end of the period.

## **G. Government Current Receipts and Disbursements**

Government current receipts and disbursements include imputed items such as

imputed residential rent of all government units. The total amounts are net values obtained by deducting the inter-government transfers from the sums of all government units.

Government current receipts are divided into several categories, like property and entrepreneurial income (such as interest or dividends), revenue from taxes, and current transfers from residents and non-residents (such as fees or fines), etc. Government current disbursements are also divided into several categories, which include government final consumption expenditure, property expenses (such as government bond interest payments), subsidies, and current transfers to residents and non-residents (such as family allowances in cash or overseas assistance). The difference of current receipts and disbursements is the saving of government.

## **H. External Transactions**

### **1. Imports and Exports of Goods and Services**

#### **(1) Goods**

Imports and Exports of goods refer to merchandise transactions between residents and non-residents involving ownership transfers. It is compiled mainly according to customs data, combined with adjustment for classification, valuation, timing, coverage and ownership transfers.

According to the 6th Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (BPM6), imports and exports should be recorded on a strict change of ownership basis. That is, flows of goods between the country owning the goods and the country providing the processing services should not be recorded as imports and exports of goods. Instead, the fee paid to the processing unit should be recorded as the import of processing services by the country owning the goods and an export of processing services by the country providing them.

Merchanting is defined as the purchase of goods by a resident (of the compiling economy) from a non-resident combined with the subsequent resale of the same goods to another non-resident without the goods being present in the compiling economy.

The goods of merchanting are recorded as negative exports on acquisition and positive exports on disposal. The difference between sales over purchases of goods for merchanting is shown as the item “net exports of goods under merchanting.”

(2) Services: Imports and exports services refer to various service transactions between residents and non-residents.

(i) Transport

Transport services cover passenger transport, freight services, postal and courier services, etc.

(ii) Insurance Services Charges

Insurance services cover the provision of various types of insurance including freight insurance, direct insurance and reinsurance.

(iii) Maintenance and repair services

Maintenance and repair services cover repairs and maintenance on ships, aircraft, and other transport equipment. Cleaning of transport equipment, maintenance and repairs of computers and construction are excluded. Cleaning of transport equipment is included in transport services. Construction maintenance and repairs are included under construction. Maintenance and repairs of computers are included under computer services.

(iv) Charges of Travel

Travel services cover expenditures on goods and services while traveling abroad for less than one year.

(v) Charges of Financial Services

Financial services cover financial intermediary and auxiliary services. Financial services may be charged for by explicit charges or margins between interest payable and the reference rate on loans and deposits (called financial intermediation service charges indirectly measured, abbreviated as FISIM).

(vi) Other Services

Other Services cover manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others, construction services, telecommunications, computer, and information services, charges for the use of intellectual property, personal, cultural, and recreational services, government goods and services n.i.e., etc.

## **2. Factor Income**

Factor income from and to the rest of the world includes primary incomes receivable

from as well as payable to non-residents, as described in para. C.2.

### **3. Current Transfers**

Current transfers from and to the rest of the world refer to transactions between residents and non-residents in which real resources or financial items are provided without any counterpart. Examples include workers' remittances (resourced from compensation of foreign workers staying in the compiling economy for one year or longer), donations, remittances to support family, gifts and samples, insurance claims, etc.



## 附錄二 編算方法與資料來源

### Appendix II. Methods and Sources

## **Appendix II Methods and Sources**

Compilation of National Income statistics in our country is based on the System of National Accounts (SNA) developed by the United Nations, etc. and adjusted according to the need of our country. All classification and definitions of economic activities are basically consistent with SNA, except for the classification which follows the Statistical Classification of Industries, R.O.C. GDP is measured via expenditure, production and income approaches separately. Preliminary estimates of quarterly GDP should be released within two months after the end of every quarter. And since January 2011, advance estimates are published additionally within one month after every quarter for strengthening the timeliness of GDP statistics. Also, the economic growths for the following three to six quarters are predicted by the quarterly macro-econometric model.

### **A. Estimation of Domestic Production**

The value of domestic production with the production approach is estimated by summing up the value added through all stages of production process. For example, in the process of fabrics produced from cotton, the spinning mill spends NT\$1,000 to purchase cotton, NT\$200 for power, and NT\$300 for other materials to produce yarn. Then the spinning mill sells its product to the weaving mill at NT\$2,000 which is the gross output of the cotton yarn, while cotton, power, and other materials become the intermediate consumption. By subtracting the value of intermediate consumption (cotton, power and other materials) from the gross output, the difference or the value added of NT\$500 will be obtained. Since the value of cotton is derived from the farmer's production, the value of power is derived from the power company's production, and the value of other materials is derived from other enterprises, only that portion of value added, NT\$500, will be regarded as the contribution of the spinning mill. Likewise, for produce fabrics, the weaving mill spends NT\$2,000 on the purchase of cotton yarn, NT\$300 on power, and NT\$700 on other materials. Finally, the weaving mill sells all its products to garment makers at NT\$4,000 which is the gross output of fabrics. Taking out NT\$3,000 with the value of intermediate products (cotton yarn, power and other materials), the difference, NT\$1,000, is the value added of fabrics manufacturing and regarded as the weaving mill's contribution to fabrics thereafter. The sum of value added of all industries in the country is the total value of domestic production.

The advantage of the value-added method is that it can be calculated step by step based on the value created in the production process. The overall domestic production can be

entirely estimated without omitting or double counting, and the weights and importance of various industries in domestic production and changing trends can be separately indicated. But the value-added method needs more sources. In addition to the complete production statistics, it is necessary to apply cost-analysis data for various industries or products.

In the value-added method,

Gross Output is the value of all goods or services calculated at producers' prices, which is producers receiving from purchasers minus any value-added tax or similar deductible tax invoiced to purchasers, as well as transport charges.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the value of Gross Output less the value of Intermediate Consumption.

The factor cost is the expenditure of producers on the production factors such as labor, capital, land and entrepreneurship (wages and salaries, interests, dividends, land rents and profits). These expenditures are factor costs for the producers; on the other hand, it is a net income received by factors providers. Therefore, the Net Domestic Product measured by factor cost is also called factor income. In order to make their relationship more understandable, it is expressed as follows:

Consumption of Fixed Capital	Compensation of Employees	Operating Surplus (Interests, Dividends, Rents, Profits)	Net Taxes on Production and Imports	Intermediate Consumption
	Domestic Factor Income			
	Net Domestic Product			
Gross Domestic Product				
Gross Output				

GDP can be classified by industry. The industry classification is based on the Division (2-digit code) breakdowns in Statistical Classification of Industry, R.O.C. Rev.10 (2016), and adopt the establishment as the statistical unit.

About sources and calculation methods for GDP in various industries, the benchmark year is based on the Industry and Service Census and benchmark Supply and Use Tables (SUTs). The annual data sources and estimation processes are briefly described as follows:

**1. Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Animal Husbandry**

The main data sources are the Agricultural Statistics Yearbook and the Production Costs Survey, both conducted by the Council of Agriculture, Executive Yuan.

**2. Mining, Quarrying and Manufacturing**

The main data sources are the Industrial Production Statistics, Annual Statistical



Report of Mineral, and Factory Operation Census, all compiled by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, as well as Enterprise Annual Income Tax Return from the Ministry of Finance.

### **3. Electricity, Gas, Water Supply and Remediation Activities**

The main data sources are the annual financial reports of public enterprises.

### **4. Construction**

Commodity flow method is applied to estimate the inputs of the construction industry. Other sources mainly include the General Economic Survey of Construction Industry, conducted by the Ministry of the Interior.

### **5. Wholesale, Retail Trade, Accommodation and Food Service Activities**

The main data sources are the Business Sales from the Ministry of Finance, with the Sales of Wholesale, Retail and Food Services, and the Trade and Food Services Operations Surveys conducted by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, as well as Enterprise Annual Income Tax Return from the Ministry of Finance.

### **6. Transportation and Storage**

The main data sources are the annual financial reports of enterprises and the Report of Production Value Survey on Tourism, Transportation and Storage, conducted by the Ministry of Transportation and Communications.

### **7. Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Ownership of Dwellings**

The main data sources for Finance and Insurance are the annual financial reports of enterprises.

The method for estimating financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM) provided by financial institutions, is to deduct the interest payments to deposits from the interest receipts generated by loans. The FISIM should be allocated between users (lenders as well as borrowers) either as Intermediate Consumption by enterprises or as Final Consumption.

The estimates of the Real Estate Activities are based on the statistics of Business Sales and the Enterprise Annual Income Tax Return from the Ministry of Finance. The Gross Output of Dwellings included actual rent and imputed rent for owner-occupied dwellings, and the main data sources are the Survey of Family Income and Expenditure.

### **8. Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security**

The general government consists of agencies for public administration, compulsory social security, national defense and non-market NPIs wholly or mainly financed and controlled by government. The GDP should be the sum of Consumption of Fixed Capital,

Net Taxes on Production and Imports, and Compensation of Employees which are derived from budget and final accounting reports of government at all levels.

#### **9. Activities of Membership Organizations**

It covers all non-profit institutions financed by membership fees, donations, subsidies, gifts, and property income. The Gross Output is calculated by summing all production costs, including Intermediate Consumption, Net Taxes on Production and Imports, Consumption of Fixed Capital and Compensation of Employees. All estimates are based on the Civil Organizational Activities Condition Survey, Agricultural Statistics Yearbook, Supervision Report of National Fishermen's Association, etc.

#### **10. Activities of Households as Employers of Domestic Personnel**

Services produced by employed domestic staff are treated as domestic services, such as domestic helpers and housekeepers. The main data source is the Survey of Family Income and Expenditure.

#### **11. Other Industries**

Other industries include Information and Communication, Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities, Support Service Activities, Education, Human Health and Social Work Activities, Arts, Entertainment and Recreation, and Other Service Activities. The data sources mainly include the National Communications Commission, the Business Sales of the Ministry of Finance, the Survey of Family Income and Expenditure and the Vendor Operation Status Survey of the Directorate General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics, the Private Educational Consumption Survey, the statistics of Income and Expenditure of Private Colleges and Universities and Budget and Financial Statement of Public School of the Ministry of Education, the National Health Insurance Statistics of the Ministry of Health and Welfare, and Report of Civil Organizational Activities Condition Survey of the Ministry of the Interior.

### **B. Estimation of Private Final Consumption**

The compilation of private final consumption is mainly estimated by the expenditure method; the method of commodity flow is also employed. The estimates are based on the Sales of Wholesale, Retail and Food Services Statistics, the Survey of Family Income and Expenditure, Industrial Production Statistics, and Trade statistics, etc. The methods of estimation can be briefly described as follows:

1. **Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages:** The estimates are based on the Sales of Wholesale,

Retail and Food Services Statistics and the Survey of Family Income and Expenditure, etc.

2. **Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco:**

(1) Alcoholic beverages and tobacco : The commodity flow method is employed, the estimates are based on Industrial Production Statistics, Trade Statistics, etc.

(2) Betel nut : The estimates are based on the Agricultural Statistics Yearbook, etc.

3. **Clothing and Footwear:** The estimates are based on Sales of Wholesale, Retail and Food Services Statistics and the Survey of Family Income and Expenditure, etc.

4. **Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels:** The estimation methods and data sources are as follows :

(1) Housing services : The estimates are based on the data of residential floor area and rent prices.

(2) Water : The estimates are based on the residential water revenues and refuse disposal charge from water corporation, etc.

(3) Electricity, gas and other fuels : The estimates are based on the non-commercial electricity sales and revenues from electricity company, and residential consumption of natural gas, liquefied natural gas from Energy Statistics, etc.

5. **Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance:** The estimates are based on the Sales of Wholesale, Retail and Food Services Statistics, as well as related administrative statistics, etc.

6. **Health:** The estimates are based on the data of Outpatient Care Services, Inpatient Care Services, Outpatient and Inpatient Copayment of National Health Insurance Statistics, the Sales of Wholesale, Retail and Food Services Statistics, and the Survey of Family Income and Expenditure, etc.

7. **Transport:** The estimates are mainly based on administrative statistics such as purchase of vehicles, the sales of motor gasoline, registered motor vehicles, the revenue of railways, highways, MRT, highway tolls, etc.

8. **Communication:** The estimates are based on the survey and administrative statistics, such as communication services revenue, the sales of mobile phone and the proportion of households, etc.

9. **Recreation and Culture:** The estimates are mainly based on the Sales of Wholesale,

Retail and Food Services Statistics and the Survey of Family Income and Expenditure, as well as the survey and administrative statistics of outbound travelers, Amusement tax, cable TV and lottery commission, etc.

10. **Education** : The estimates are based on the statistics of Income of Colleges and Universities and Survey of Education Expenditure Statistics, etc.
11. **Restaurants and Hotels** : The estimates are based on the Sales of Wholesale, Retail and Food Services Statistics, the administrative statistics of hotel and homestay, as well as the final financial reports of the governments, etc.
12. **Miscellaneous Goods and Services** : The estimates are based on the survey and administrative statistics on securities, finance, and insurance, as well as the Sales of Wholesale, Retail and Food Services Statistics, the Survey of Family Income and expenditure, Balance of Payments (BOP), etc.
13. **Final Consumption Expenditure of NPISHs** : The expenses are estimated according to the Gross Output of producers of institutions serving households, etc.

### **C. Estimation of Gross Capital formation**

Gross capital formation includes gross fixed capital formation (GFCF) and changes in inventories. GFCF is classified by type of asset and by owner. The former includes residential buildings, non-residential buildings, other constructions except land improvements, land improvements and plantation and orchard development, transport equipment, machinery and equipment, breeding stock, draught animals, dairy cattle and the like, and intellectual property products. The latter consists of private enterprises, public enterprises, and general governments. Changes in inventories are classified by owner, including private enterprises and public enterprises.

Except for intellectual property, the estimates of GFCF of public enterprises are based on the Final Financial Reports of all public enterprises. The data sources of GFCF of private enterprises are more complicated. Among them, the agriculture, forestry, fishing and animal husbandry industry is estimated according to the sources from Council of Agriculture. Manufacturing, wholesale, retail and food service industries are estimated according to the Manufacturing Investment and Operation Survey, Factory Operation Census, Sales of Wholesale, Retail and Food Services Operations Surveys conducted by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, etc. The estimates of capital formation of government are based on the budgets and the Final Financial Reports of the governments at all levels.

Intellectual property includes research and development (R&D), mineral exploration and evaluation, computer software and databases, etc. R&D is mainly estimated according to the Indicators of Science and Technology by National Science and Technology Council. Computer software and databases are estimated by the supply-side method, according to Computer and Information, Professional and Technical Services, Rental and Leasing Survey, Trade Statistics, BOP statistics, Survey of Earnings by Occupation, etc. The compilation of mineral exploration and evaluation is on the basis of exploration expenses of the public enterprise of petroleum manufacturing, CPC Corporation, Taiwan.

The level of inventories at the start and end of the period should be deflated into real terms and the real changes in inventories are estimated as the difference. The nominal changes of inventories are estimated by inflating the real terms. Those estimates are based on the sources from the Ministry of Economic Affairs, including Industrial Production, Shipment and Inventory Statistics, Manufacturing Investment and Operation Overview Survey, Sales of Trade and Food Services Survey, etc., as well as the relevant price indices and inventory turnover ratios.

Consumption of fixed capital (CFC) in the SNA is the current replacement costs on assets, distinct from the historical cost on business accounting. Hence CFC is imputed by estimating the capital stock according to GFCF time series and the declining balance method, instead of the financial reports.

## **D. Estimation of Receipts and Disbursements of Government**

The receipts of government are determined by net tax revenues, as well as other kinds of revenues, estimated by the sources from the general treasury. Besides, disbursements of government are derived from the budget and annual final accounting reports of government at all levels. Quarterly accounts are compiled according to monthly accounting reports and revised annually on the basis of final accounting reports. Although the classification of government disbursements on accounting reports is consistent with SNA rules approximately, some further processing and reclassifying still need to be made and the inter-government transfers have to be deducted to avoid double-counting, etc.

In SNA, tax revenues are classified into three categories including Taxes on Production and Imports, Current taxes on income, wealth, etc., and Capital Taxes.

The categories of tax revenues may be defined as follows :

Taxes on Production and Imports = Import Duties+ Taxes on Production

Taxes on Imports = Customs Duties + Commodity Tax on imports + Tobacco and

Alcohol Tax on imports + Health and Welfare Surcharge on imported Tobacco + Specifically Selected Goods and Services Tax on imports + Harbor Construction Dues on imports

Taxes on Production = Commodity Tax + Tobacco and Alcohol Tax + Health and Welfare Surcharge on Tobacco + Specifically Selected Goods and Services Tax (all above components exclude taxes on imports) + Mining Concession Tax + Business Tax + Land Value Tax + House Tax + Vehicle License Tax paid by producers + Stamp Tax + Amusement Tax + Education Surtax (Surtax on Deed Tax is excluded) + Monopoly Revenues + Financial Enterprises Business Tax + Special and Provisional Tax Levies + Charges and Fees paid by producers

Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. = Income Tax + Securities Transaction Tax + Futures Transaction Tax + Land Value Increment Tax + Deed Tax (Education Surtax is included) + Vehicle License Tax paid by households

Capital Taxes = Estate Tax + Gift Tax

## **E. Estimation of External Transactions**

1. External transactions comprehensively reflect the economic activities between domestic economic sectors and the rest of the world. Among them, the current transactions include the imports and exports of goods and services, factor income from the rest of the world, and transfers from the rest of the world.
2. The definitions and scopes for items in external transactions of National Accounts are consistent with the Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual released by the International Monetary Fund (IMF). Therefore, most of the external transactions can be directly estimated according to the BOP data compiled by the Central Bank. The estimation of BOP is mainly based on Trade Statistics of Customs, Depository Institution, Overseas Banking Unit (OBU), Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Transportation and Communications, etc. There are some differences between external transactions statistics and BOP, among which merchanting and merchanting with manufacturing services are the major ones, mainly owing to the distinct complication sources.

## **F. Estimation of Savings**

The savings of non-financial corporate and quasi-corporate enterprises, financial institutions, the general government, NPISHs, as well as households and unincorporated enterprises, are estimated separately based on the primary distribution (compensation of employees, operating surplus, net taxes on production and imports, as well as property income) and the secondary distribution (current transfers).

The data sources are as follows :

1. In consideration of the soundness of the accounting system, public enterprises and financial institutions savings are compiled based on annual final accounting reports.
2. The general government saving is compiled based on the final receipts and disbursements from accounting reports.
3. Private enterprises saving is compiled based on financial reports provided by stock listed companies and cost analysis of profit-seeking enterprises.
4. Private nonprofit institutions saving is compiled based on relevant data on the survey of civil organizations at all levels.
5. Households and unincorporated enterprises saving is compiled based on the Survey of Family Income and Expenditure, and net balance of income and outlay in the above sectors.
6. Income and outlay from the rest of the world is based on the BOP compiled by the Central Bank.

## **G. The Growth Rates in Chained Dollars**

### **1. The measurement of economic growth rate**

Nominal GDP changes over time result both from changes in prices and in volume. According to SNA, the economic growth should be measured in volume terms and hence the effect of price changes should be eliminated. The volume measure of GDP is referred as the real GDP.

When calculating the real GDP, the volume of different products could not be added up directly, hence prices are applied as the weights to convert volume units into monetary units. In order to ensure that the difference of changes over time in the real GDP only reflects the changes in volume, the price weights used among periods must be remained constant.

### **2. Chain-linked approach**

We have adopted chain-linked approach since November 2014. The main difference

between chain-linked approach and fixed-based method is that prices in the latest period are adopted as weights under the former instead of prices in the base period under the latter<sup>1</sup>. For example, real GDP in year t+1 is compiled by the weights of prices in year t (Namely, year t is the base period.) and real GDP in year t+2 is compiled by the weights of prices in year t+1 (year t+1 is the base period), etc. Therefore, the base period varies in chain-linked approach. For a N-year time series of GDP, there will exist N-1 groups of real GDP where every group includes data of 2 years with the same base period (More specifically, data in year t and t+1 are grouped, data in year t+1 and t+2 are groups, etc.). Annual economic growth rate is calculated by the changes of real GDP in every group.

Hence, if we set one year as 100 (This year is called reference year.) and chain (multiply) annual growth rate in every year, an index series without the effect of price changes is formed which is called chained volume index. Also, a chained dollar series is compiled by nominal amount in reference year multiplied by chained volume index. The annual growth rates of chained volume index and chained dollar are equal and not changed by the altering of the reference year. The annual growth rates in chained volume index or chained dollars of GDP is economic growth rate.

### GDP Chained Volume Index and Chained Dollar

Unit : 100 Million NT\$ ; %

Year	Nominal GDP (At Current Prices)	Economic Growth Rate	Chained Volume Index (B)	Real GDP (Chained (2016) dollars) (A*B)
2015	170,551	1.47	97.88 <sup>①</sup>	171,832
2016	175,553 <sup>(A)</sup>	2.17	100.00	175,553
2017	179,833	3.31	103.31 <sup>②</sup>	181,366
2018	183,750	2.79	106.19 <sup>③</sup>	186,420

Explanation : <sup>①</sup>=100/1.0217  
<sup>②</sup>=100\*1.0331  
<sup>③</sup>=100\*1.0331\*1.0279

### 3. Application of chained dollars

Compared with the fix-based estimates, the chain-linked ones eliminate the substitution bias and enhance the accuracy of the economic growth rate, but raise the difficulty of calculation and the inconvenience of application as well.

Unlike the real GDP calculated by the fixed-based method with additively (the sum of the components is equal to the aggregate.), the chained dollars of GDP are not additive (non-additivity), i.e.  $GDP \neq C+I+G+X-M$ . Therefore the applications of chained dollar

<sup>1</sup> We adopt prices in the preceding year as weights.



estimates are more limited than those of fix-based ones. Examples are listed as follows:

- (1) The share of each component to GDP, measured in chained dollar, does not represent the “real” share. The relative importance of each component should be measured by the shares of nominal estimates (measured in current prices) for each component.
- (2) Some formulas of the generic economic model (such as  $\text{real GDP} = C + I + G + X - M$ ) are not applicable.

## H. Real Income

To convert the real products into real income, it goes through the adjustments in trading gains and losses from changes in the terms of trade. The main reason is that the terms of trade improvement will increase the purchasing power of domestic products, that is, more goods or services can be purchased with the same quantity of goods or services being exported, and boost domestic consumptions and investments. Therefore, economic welfare will be enhanced. On the other hand, if the terms of trade deteriorate, the effects can be counterproductive.

### 1. Estimation of trading gains and losses from changes in the terms of trade

In brief, the method of estimating the trading gains and losses from changes in the terms of trade is to deflate the total imports at current prices (under the condition of trade surplus) or total exports at current prices (under trade deficit) first by the import price index and then by the export price index. The difference between both of the deflated imports (exports) is the trading gains and losses from changes in the terms of trade. The calculation is as follows :

- (1) When the total exports at current prices exceed the total imports at current prices (trade surplus) :

$$T = M \left( \frac{1}{P_M} - \frac{1}{P_E} \right) \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

- (2) When the total imports at current prices exceed the total exports at current prices (trade deficit) :

$$T' = E \left( \frac{1}{P_M} - \frac{1}{P_E} \right) \dots \dots \dots (2)$$

Where  $T$  or  $T'$  represents trading gains and losses from changes (could be positive or negative figures) and

$M$  represents total imports at current prices;

$E$  represents total exports at current prices;

$P_M$  represents import price index;

$P_E$  represents export price index;

It is well recognized that if there is no net factor income and current transfers from the rest of the world and  $N$  is surplus of the current account, the external current account at current prices will be expressed as the following equation:

$$E = M + N \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

Namely, the total exports equal the total imports plus the surplus of the current account. At constant prices,  $E$  must be deflated by  $P_E$ , and  $M$  must be deflated by  $P_M$ . If  $N$  is positive, it means that  $E$  is larger than  $M$ (trade surplus) and  $N$  can be regarded as a part of exports which are not needed to pay for imports; hence  $N$  needs to be deflated by  $P_E$ , Therefore, surplus of current account at constant prices should be :

$$\frac{N}{P_E} = \frac{E}{P_E} - \frac{M}{P_M} \dots\dots\dots(4)$$

The difference between the surplus of the current account at constant prices and trade surplus at constant prices is trading gains and losses from changes in the terms of trade at constant prices. Then equation (4) becomes

$$T = \frac{N}{P_E} - \left( \frac{E}{P_E} - \frac{M}{P_M} \right) = M \left( \frac{1}{P_M} - \frac{1}{P_E} \right) \dots\dots\dots (5)$$

If the total imports at current prices exceed the total exports (trade deficit),  $N$  will be negative and can be regarded as a part of imports. Therefore it needs to be deflated by the import price index. That is:

$$\frac{N}{P_M} = \frac{E}{P_M} - \frac{M}{P_M} \dots\dots\dots (6)$$

Consequently, trading gains and losses from changes in the terms of trade at constant prices is

$$T' = \frac{N}{P_M} - \left( \frac{E}{P_E} - \frac{M}{P_M} \right) = E \left( \frac{1}{P_M} - \frac{1}{P_E} \right) = \frac{E}{P_M} - \frac{E}{P_E} \dots\dots\dots(7)$$

Under the chain-linked method,  $T$  and  $T'$  are calculated by the difference of the chain-dollars of  $M/P_M$  and  $M/P_E$  or  $E/P_M$  and  $E/P_E$ .

## 2. Adjustment for trading gains and losses from changes in the terms of trade

The adjustment of trading gains and losses from changes in the terms of trade and the terminology after adjustment have been discussed. In order to meet the general concepts and the actual needs of the public, the National Income Statistics Commission has decided to adopt the following procedure:

	Real gross domestic product
Plus	: Real net factor income from the rest of the world
	Trading gains and losses from changes in the terms of trade
Equals	: Real gross national income
Less	: Consumption of fixed capital in real terms
	Real statistical discrepancy
Equal	: Real national income at market prices
Less	: Net taxes on production and imports in real terms
Equal	: Real national income at factor cost

To clarify the difference between GDP and GNI, the 147th meeting of National Income Statistics Committee in November 1994 has reached a resolution as below: Economic growth which indicates a long-term economic development trend shall be calculated by the change of real GDP without adjustment of trading gains and losses from changes in the terms of trade. Meanwhile, the change in real GNI which indicate a change in economic welfare should include the adjustment of trading gains and losses from changes in terms of trade.

### I. Statistical Discrepancy (SD)

GDP can be derived from the production, income, and expenditure approaches. In theory, there is consistency between the three measures of GDP. However, in practice, because of the different data sources and the survey errors and statistical omissions, SD could exist between the results for each measure; if any certain components of GDP is taken as a balancing item contains a SD, this will distort statistical results for that component.

The 206th meeting of National Income Statistics Committee on August 20, 2009 has made a resolution that Taiwan's GDP would be based on the expenditure side and SD should be expressed as a balancing item and shown separately on the production and income sides instead of incorporating into other components to avoid information distortion.

## **J. Domestic Production and National Income**

According to the resolutions of National Income Statistics Committee, the domestic production and national income data should be released in accordance with the following principles.

1. According to the resolution of National Income Statistics Committee in November 1994 and May 2012, respectively, economic growth has been defined as annual growth rate of real gross domestic product (GDP) instead of real GNP defined previously and should have been calculated in chain-linking method since November 2014.
2. According to the resolution of National Income Statistics Committee in November 2014, the term of gross national product (GNP) has been revised to the gross national income (GNI).
3. The term of national income is defined as the national income measured at market prices, and referred to as "national income (NI)". National income measured at factor costs is equal to national income less net taxes on production and imports.

## **K. Implicit Price Deflators**

The sources of deflators compilation for each item are listed on the following page.

Items of Deflators	Source Data	Source Agencies
1.Private final consumption expenditure		
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	Consumer price indices of food, non-alcoholic beverages	Directorate-General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics Executive Yuan, Republic of China (DGBAS)
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	Consumer price indices of alcoholic beverages, tobacco and betel nuts	
Clothing and footwear	Consumer price indices of clothing	
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	Consumer price indices of residential rent, water, gas and the related data of value and volume	
Furnishings, household equipment, and routine household maintenance	Consumer price indices of household appliances and household operations and the related indices	
Health care	Consumer price indices of health and the related indices	
Transportation	Consumer price indices of transportation and the related indices	
Communication	Consumer price indices of communication and the related indices; value and volume data of telecommunications service	
Recreation and culture	Consumer price indices of domestic travel fees, equipment for entertainment, and the related indices	
Education	Consumer price indices of tuition and miscellaneous fees and tutorial fees.	
Restaurant and hotels	Consumer price indices of food away from home, hotel accommodation fees and student accommodation fees	
Miscellaneous goods and services	Consumer price indices of miscellaneous and the related indices, as well as value and volume data of the financial services.	
Final consumption expenditure of NPISHs	Deflators for the gross output of NPISHs.	
2.Government final consumption		
Compensation of employees	Refer to numbers, educational attainment, rank, seniority, etc. data to estimate the deflator.	DGBAS; Ministry of Civil Service; Ministry of Education; Ministry of National Defense.
Consumption of fixed capital	Government fixed capital deflator by type of asset.	DGBAS
Intermediate consumption	Consumer price indices of commodity (excluding food) and services.	DGBAS
Sales	Consumer price indices of commodity (excluding food), services, education and entertainment services.	DGBAS
3. Gross fixed capital formation		
Construction	Deflators for the gross outputs of construction and real estate activities and construction cost indices	DGBAS
Transport equipment	Consumer price indices of transport equipment, wholesale price indices of domestic transport equipment sales, and US civilian aircraft index of producer price index.	DGBAS; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)
Machinery and equipment	Wholesale price indices of domestic machinery and equipment sales.	DGBAS
Intellectual property products	Average monthly earnings of employees on payrolls of establishments, as well as intermediate inputs price indices of related industries, and U.S. package software publishers of producer price index, etc.	DGBAS; Ministry of Labor; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)
4.Changes in inventories		
Raw materials	Wholesale price indices and intermediate input price indices of related industries.	DGBAS
Work in progress	Wholesale price indices and output price indices of related industries.	DGBAS
Finished goods	Wholesale price indices, consumer price indices, and output price indices of related industries.	DGBAS
5.Exports of goods and services		
Merchandise, transport,	Export price indices, export unit value index and merchanting gross profit ratio index.	DGBAS; Ministry of Finance
Exports of other services	Consumer price index., and the related manufacturing services indices.	DGBAS
6.Imports of goods and services		
Merchandise, transport,	Import price indices and import unit value index.	DGBAS; Ministry of Finance
Imports of other services	Consumer price index, consumer price indices, relative exchange rates in main destination countries of natives outbound travelling, and the related manufacturing services indices.	DGBAS; Price Indices of the Rest of the World; Central Bank
7.Net factor income from the rest of the world	Consumer price index.	DGBAS

Items of Deflators	Source Data	Source Agencies
8.Net taxes on production and imports	Consumer price indices, import price indices, and average effective tax rates.	DGBAS; Ministry of Finance
9.Consumption of fixed capital	Deflators for gross fixed capital formation	DGBAS

# 國民所得統計年報工作人員

蔡 鈺 泰 行政院主計總處綜合統計處處長  
王 淑 娟 行政院主計總處綜合統計處副處長  
吳 佩 璇 行政院主計總處綜合統計處專門委員  
高 志 祥 行政院主計總處綜合統計處專門委員  
游 敏 君 行政院主計總處綜合統計處專門委員  
江 心 怡 行政院主計總處綜合統計處簡任視察  
王 翠 華 行政院主計總處綜合統計處國民所得科科长  
蔡 秀 慧 行政院主計總處綜合統計處經濟預測科科长  
王 怡 程 行政院主計總處綜合統計處產業關聯科科长

## 生產帳之查編

林 志 宇 黃 玉 玲 林 吟 紋 周 治 良  
曾 仁 人 莊 又 全 歐 怡 樺 連 子 惠  
嚴 珮 文 賴 以 代 周 聖 淦 劉 昌 旻  
王 筱 薇 許 皓 評 溫 軒 德 何 德 賢  
莊 榕 家 許 銘 修 吳 詩 強

## 需求面、資本帳及公營帳之查編

楊 翠 華 黃 玉 均 董 曉 翠 黃 耀 民  
黃 逸 芯 邱 創 賦 單 易 何 秋 穎  
游 珮 筠 卓 錡 楓 林 秀 峯 劉 軒 宇  
李 彥 儒 劉 承 易

## 政府部門帳之查編

林 芳 如 林 雪 娟 許 國 安 胡 芳 綺  
江 云 王 慧 蓮 賴 節 禎

## 對外交易帳及所得收支帳之查編

吳 嘉 馨 林 佳 慧 陳 叡 晴 黃 向 義

## 經濟分析及預測

陳 巧 芸 鄭 存 漢 林 佑 儒 傅 裕 佳