## Earnings and Productivity Statistics in June 2015

In June 2015, the total nonagricultural payroll employment, at 7,369 thousand, increased by 5 thousand (or $0.07 \%$ ) than last month. In comparison with June 2014, payroll employees increased by 118 thousand (or $1.62 \%$ ). The average employment since January 2015 was 7,354 thousand, increased by 130 thousand (or $1.80 \%$ ) than the same period of last year. The average monthly hours of work in June 2015 was 177.3 hours, increased by 3.2 hours from last month and increased by 4.3 hours from the same month of last year. Since January 2015, the average working hours was 170.3 hours, 1.8 hours less than the same period of last year. The average regular earnings in June 2015 was $N T \$ 38,833,0.51 \%$ more than last month and $\mathbf{1 . 6 7 \%}$ more than the same month of last year. Average monthly earnings in June was NT\$44,581, which was $1.68 \%$ more than last month and $4.75 \%$ more than the same month of last year. The average regular earnings since January 2015 was NT\$38,547, which was $1.53 \%$ more than the same period of last year. The average monthly earnings since January 2015 was NT\$52,215, increased by 3.72 percent than the same period of last year.

## Employees

In June 2015, the total nonagricultural payroll employment, at 7,369 thousand, increased by 5 thousand (or $0.07 \%$ ) than last month. Among all industries, the service sector had shared $56.06 \%$. In comparison with June 2014, payroll employees increased by 118 thousand (or 1.62\%). The average employment since January 2015 was 7,354 thousand, increased by 130 thousand (or $1.80 \%$ ) than the same period of last year. The industrial sector increased $1.45 \%$ and the service sector increased $2.07 \%$. Among all industries, the employees increased mostly in Manufacturing (46 thousand), followed by Wholesale and Retail Trade (26 thousand) and Accommodation and Food Service Activities (16 thousand).

## Turnover Rate

The average accession rate within industry and service sectors in June 2015 came to 2.31 percent, increased by 0.06 percentage point than last month and decreased by 0.21 percentage point than the same month of last year, while the separation rate of 2.24 percent, up by 0.13 percentage point than last month and down by 0.14 percentage point than the same month of last year.

The average accession rate from January 2015 to June 2015 was 2.30 percent, down by 0.10 percentage point than the same period of last year. Between them, the industrial sector decreased by 0.20 percentage point and the service sector decreased by 0.04 percentage point. The average separation rate was $2.25 \%$, down by 0.05 percentage point than the same period of last year. The industrial sector reduced 0.09 percentage point, while the service sector reduced 0.01 percentage point.

## Earnings

The average regular earnings per employee at the industry and service sector in June 2015 was NT $\$ 38,833,0.51 \%$ increasing than last month and $1.67 \%$ increasing than the same month of last year. Average monthly earnings (including regular and irregular earnings) in June was NT\$44,581. Comparing with last month and a year ago, there was $1.68 \%$ increasing and $4.75 \%$ increasing respectively.

The average regular earnings since January 2015 was NT\$38,547, which increased $1.53 \%$ than the same period of last year and reached the highest level in record. The irregular earnings (including year-end bonuses, performance bonuses and overtime paid) was NT\$13,668, increased $10.42 \%$ than the same period of last year. Together with regular and irregular earnings, the average monthly earnings since January 2015 was NT\$52,215, increased by 3.72 percent than the same period of last year. After deflating by the consumer price index increasing rate ( $-0.65 \%$ ), the real average earnings based on 2011 price was NT\$50,758, rose $4.39 \%$ than last year. The real regular earnings was

NT\$37,472, 2.20\% more than the same period of last year.

## Hours of work

The average monthly hours of work for industry and service sector in June 2015 totaled to 177.3 hours, which increased by 3.2 hours from last month and increased by 4.3 hours from the same month of last year. The average working-hour since January 2015 was 170.3 hours, 1.8 hours less than the same period of last year. Included in the average working-hour, the regular working hours decreased by 1.8 hours while the overtime remained the same.

## Labor Productivity and Unit Output Labor Cost

In June 2015, the manufacturing sector's labor productivity index was 102.50 (2011=100), decreased by $2.35 \%$ than last month and down by $5.03 \%$ than the same month of last year. The manufacturing unit output labor cost index was 95.88 (2011=100), up by $1.54 \%$ than last month and up by $7.60 \%$ than the same month of last year.

The average labor productivity index since January 2015 was $1.92 \%$ more than the same period of last year, while the unit output labor cost index since January 2015 was reported $4.38 \%$ increasing.

Summary of Earnings and Productivity Statistics in Taiwan Area


Unit of compiled: DGBAS, EXECUTIVE YUAN
Date of compiled: Aug. 24, 2015
Notes: 1. Numbers in quotation are time-increased, time-decreased or percentage.
2. Monthly earnings of all employees are the total of regular (basic salary, monthly bonus, fixed subsidy and good attendance reward) and irregular (over-time, annul bonus, flexible bonus not paid by month) earnings of employees on payroll, but exclude the non-working reward such as insurance and pension.
3. Both Industry \& Services and Services Sectors statistics covered Education Industry (only other education and educational support activities are included) since January 2009.

