I. The Number of Agriculture, Forestry, Fishery and Animal Husbandry Enterprises

A. The number of enterprises which engaged in agriculture and fishery decreased continuously.

By the end of 2015, the number of census enterprises of agriculture, forestry, fishery and animal husbandry amounted to 844,621 enterprises, slightly increasing by 876 enterprises or 0.1% in 5 years. Affected by the increasing enterprises in renting out, lending, abandon farming, agricultural afforestation policy and higher fishery operation costs, 721,220 enterprises engaged in agriculture, with a slight decrease of 226 enterprises; 40,166 enterprises engaged in fishery, decreasing by 3,028 enterprises or 7.0%.

Table 1 Census enterprises of agriculture, forestry, fishery and animal husbandry

	End o	f 2015	End o	f 2010	End of 2005	
	Number	Comparing to last census	Number	Comparing to last census	Number	Comparing to last census
	(enterprise)	(%)	(enterprise)	(%)	(enterprise)	(%)
Census enterprises of agriculture,						
forestry, fishery and animal	844 621	0.10	843 745	2.37	824 226	6.73
husbandry						
Agriculture	780 256	-0.16	781 518	1.19	772 354	6.49
Farm households	778 930	-0.19	780 388	1.14	771 579	6.48
Farms	1 326	17.35	1 130	45.81	775	25.61
Agricultural service	4 123	-11.47	4 657	-0.53	4 682	-29.08
Forestry	87 466	4.99	83 312	21.80	68 398	32.85
Fishery	45 229	-7.00	48 634	-0.90	49 078	-4.09
Sole proprietorship fishery households	44 265	-6.08	47 130	1.02	46 653	-5.77
Non-sole proprietorship fishery households	964	-35.90	1 504	-37.98	2 425	46.26
The number of part-time enterprises in each industry	72 453	-2.59	74 376	5.82	70 286	14.30

Note: If there was any enterprise which operated more than two kinds of industry at the same time, then the enterprise was separately calculated into each industry which it operated, so that the accumulated number of all industries was larger than the number of census enterprise for agriculture, agricultural service, forestry, fishery; same conditions applied to the following tables.

B. The number of enterprises engaged in both agriculture and fishery in Tainan City ranked the first in Taiwan.

By the end of 2015, most enterprises which engaging in agriculture and fishery were mainly distributed in central and southern regions. The number of agriculture in Tainan City was 86,716 enterprises, Changhua County was 80,626 enterprises, and Yunlin County was 70,503 enterprises, which were the top 3 counties/cities, accounting for one third; the number of fishery in Tainan City was 6,845 enterprises, Kaohsiung City was 6,089 enterprises, and Pingtung County was 5,530 enterprises, which were the top 3 counties/cities, accounting for 46.0%.

Table 2 Change of enterprises in agriculture, by county/city

Unit: enterprise

		End of 2015			End of 2010				Number of comparison in 5 years		
	Total	Engaged in agriculture	%	Non-engaged in agriculture	Total	Engaged in agriculture	%	Non-engaged in agriculture	Total		Non-engaged in agriculture
Total	780 256	721 220	100.00	59 036	781 518	721 446	100.00	60 072	-1 262	-226	-1 036
Taiwan Area	776 576	719 250	99.73	57 326	777 841	719 423	99.72	58 418	-1 265	-173	-1 092
Northern Region	148 381	131 889	18.29	16 492	143 631	125 598	17.41	18 033	4750	6 291	-1 541
New Taipei City	34 310	28 918	4.01	5 392	30 640	26 645	3.69	3 995	3 670	2 273	1 397
Taipei City	8 825	7 091	0.98	1 734	9 244	7 355	1.02	1 889	-419	-264	-155
Taoyuan City	45 077	41 074	5.70	4 003	43 706	38 214	5.30	5 492	1 371	2 860	-1 489
Keelung City	1 277	979	0.14	298	1 222	1 088	0.15	134	55	-109	164
Hsinchu City	5 549	5 072	0.70	477	5 672	4 833	0.67	839	-123	239	-362
Yilan County	28 357	26 976	3.74	1 381	27 724	25 933	3.59	1 791	633	1 043	-410
Hsinchu County	24 986	21 779	3.02	3 207	25 423	21 530	2.98	3 893	-437	249	-686
Central Region	304 499	287 549	39.87	16 950	310 006	295 051	40.90	14 955	-5 507	-7 502	1995
Taichung City	66 875	62 691	8.69	4 184	65 398	62 666	8.69	2732	1 477	25	1 452
Miaoli County	37 609	33 872	4.70	3 737	39 488	35 403	4.91	4 085	-1 879	-1 531	-348
Changhua County	83 637	80 626	11.18	3 011	85 423	82 761	11.47	2 662	-1 786	-2 135	349
Nantou County	43 893	39 857	5.53	4 036	45 184	41 701	5.78	3 483	-1 291	-1 844	553
Yunlin County	72 485	70 503	9.78	1 982	74 513	72 520	10.05	1 993	-2 028	-2017	-11
Southern Region	290 847	271 026	37.58	19 821	289 178	267 132	37.03	22 046	1 669	3 894	-2 225
Tainan City	91 622	86716	12.02	4906	92 437	87 408	12.12	5 029	-815	-692	-123
Kaohsiung City	70 362	64 538	8.95	5 824	66 435	57 814	8.01	8 621	3 927	6724	-2797
Chiayi City	5 379	4 946	0.69	433	5 328	5 013	0.69	315	51	-67	118
Chiayi County	57 058	54 901	7.61	2 157	58 112	56 772	7.87	1 340	-1 054	-1 871	817
Pingtung County	60 316	56 449	7.83	3 867	61 034	57 167	7.92	3 867	-718	-718	_
Penghu County	6 110	3 476	0.48	2 634	5 832	2958	0.41	2 874	278	518	-240
Eastern Region	32 849	28 786	3.99	4 063	35 026	31 642	4.39	3 384	-2 177	-2856	679
Taitung County	16 120	13 809	1.91	2311	16 555	14 722	2.04	1 833	-435	-913	478
Hualien County	16 729	14 977	2.08	1 752	18 471	16 920	2.35	1 551	-1 742	-1 943	201
Kinma Area	3 680	1 970	0.27	1710	3 677	2 023	0.28	1 654	3	-53	56
Kinmen County	3 619	1917	0.27	1 702	3 614	1 963	0.27	1 651	5	-46	51
Lienchiang County	61	53	0.01	8	63	60	0.01	3	-2	-7	5

Table 3 Change of enterprises in fishery, by county/city

Unit: enterprise Number of comparison End of 2015 End of 2010 in 5 years Engaged in Non-engaged Engaged in Non-engaged Engaged Non-engaged Total Total Total fishery in fishery fishery % in fishery in fishery in fishery % **Total** 45 229 40 166 100.00 5 063 48 634 43 194 100.00 5 440 -3 405 -3 028 -377 Taiwan Area 39 685 44 546 98.80 4861 48 005 42 678 98.81 5 3 2 7 -3 459 -2993 -466 Northern Region 6124 5317 807 6393 5 443 12.60 950 -269 -126 -143 13.24 New Taipei City 176 2384 2 2 4 4 140 -19 2365 2 189 5.45 5.20 -55 36 Taipei City 186 156 0.39 30 165 139 0.32 26 21 17 4 Taoyuan City 496 1.23 57 1.10 72 23 553 545 473 8 -15 Keelung City 9 452 427 25 504 488 16 -52 1.06 1.13 -61 Hsinchu City 318 257 0.64 61 333 267 0.62 66 -15 -10 -5 Yilan County 2020 1598 3.98 422 22281613 3.73 615 -208 -15 -193 Hsinchu County 230 194 0.48 36 234 219 0.51 15 -4 -25 21 Central r Region 8 8 5 4 7 593 18.90 1 261 9712 8 021 18.57 1691 -858 -428 -430 Taichung City 562 137 709 536 1.33 173 699 1.30 10 -26 36 Miaoli County 632 536 1.33 96 654 600 1.39 54 -22 -64 42 Changhua County 2672 2347 5.84 325 3 194 26806.20 514 -522 -333 -189 Nantou County 0.19 78 108 0.25 1 -25 5 84 6 109 -30 Yunlin County 4096 985 -299 25 4757 10.20 661 5 0 5 6 40719.42 -324 Southern Region 28 102 25 568 63.66 2534 30 211 27 676 64.07 2 5 3 5 -2 109 -2 108 -1 Tainan City 7604 6845 17.04 759 8 0 6 0 7 177 16.62 883 -456 -332 -124 Kaohsiung City 6804 6089 15.16 715 7 222 6620 15.33 602 -418 -531 113 Chiayi City 93 78 0.19 15 78 59 0.14 19 15 19 -4 Chiayi County 5 5 7 8 4966 12.36 612 5 8 1 7 5 291 12.25 -239 -325 86 526 Pingtung County -742 5 883 5 5 3 0 395 -784 -42 13.77 353 6667 6272 14.52 Penghu County 2 140 2060 5.13 80 2367 2 2 5 7 5.23 110 -227 -197 -30 Eastern Region 108 1466 1207 3.01 259 1689 1538 3.56 151 -223 -331 Taitung County 928 733 195 1011 934 77 1.82 2.16 -83 -201 118 **Hualien County** 538 474 1.18 64 678 604 1.40 74 -140 -130 -10 Kinma Area 683 481 1.20 202 629 1.19 113 54 -35 89 516 Kinmen County 533 371 0.92 162 490 419 0.97 71 43 -48 91 Lienchiang County 150 110 0.27 40 139 97 0.22 42 11 13 -2

II. The Resource Distribution and Allocation of Agriculture, Forestry, Fishery and Animal Husbandry

A. The cultivated land area for crops planting increased 34,116 ha.

By the end of 2015, the cultivated land area of agriculture amounted to 564,857 ha., less 14,339 ha. or 2.5% than that of the end of 2010. Due to the influence of fallow activation policy, the cultivated land area for crops planting was 486,520 ha., increasing by 34,116 ha. or 7.5% in 5 years.

Table 4 Cultivated land area of agriculture, by main utilization

Unit: ha. Comparison in 5 years End of 2015 | End of 2010 | Increased/Decreased | Increased/Decreased number rate(%) **Total** 564 857 579 196 -14 339 -2.48 Crops planting 486 520 452 404 34 116 7.54 Green manure crops planting only* 27 767 78 164 -50 397 -64.48 Afforestation (6 years & below) 4 471 4 175 -297 -6.63 Abandoned area throughout the year and temporarily used for the purpose other than 46 396 44 157 5.07 2 2 3 9 crops growing*

Note: 1.The area for producing crops including production of long and short-term corps, as well as opened to visit, picking (including the community gardens); same conditions applied to the following tables.

B. Land area for forestry increased continuously.

By the end of 2015, the land area for forestry amounted to 1,884,920 ha., and due to incorporating into aboriginal reservation forestland, and the influence of afforestation, it increased continuously by 32,365 ha. or 1.7% in 5 years.

Table 5 Land area for forestry, by ownership and type of organization

								Unit: ha.
			Fo	rest land are	ea			Average
	Grand total	Total	Self-owned	On lease from public forest land forest la		Be consigned	forest land area	land area for forestry per enterprise
End of 2010 (Area	1 852 555	1 755 012	1 694 885	57 502	2 625	•••	97 543	22.24
End of 2010 { Percent(%)		100.00	96.57	3.28	0.15	•••		
End of 2015 { Area	1 884 920	1 795 287	1712792	52 699	3 319	26 477	89 633	21.55
Percent(%)		100.00	95.40	2.94	0.18	1.47		
Forestry households	128 064	127 812	89 766	36 580	884	582	252	1.47
Forestry farms	1 756 856	1 667 475	1 623 026	16 119	2 435	25 895	89 381	5 595.08
Public	1 752 185	1 662 853	1 620 566	14 261	2 132	25 893	89 332	9 420.35
Private	4 671	4 622	2 460	1 858	303	2	49	36.49

Note: In 2015, separately listed the item "accepted the entrusted operating", such as County/City Government or Township/Town/City/District Office managed the aboriginal reservation forest land, etc.

^{2.*}Among which included the area of rice cropping fallow area throughout the year. In 2015, the area was 25,206 ha., decreasing by 28,303 ha. comparing to 53,509 ha. in 2010.

^{3.} Abandoned area throughout the year included fallow/tuning the soil and no crops were planted throughout the year, nor for other purpose; temporarily used for the purpose other than growing crops included the cultivated land provided for agricultural recreation land, pasture land, etc., to be restored crops growing at any time.

C. The number of fishing crafts and aquaculture area decreased.

By the end of 2015, there were 16,092 fishing crafts, decreasing by 1,064 vessels or 6.2% in 5 years. Aquaculture area amounted to 41,958 ha., also decreasing by 2,124 ha. or 4.8%.

Table 6 Overview of fishing crafts

Unit: vessel

		Total	Powered fishing crafts	Non-powered sampans, rafts
End of 2010 {	Vessels	17 156	9 549	7 607
Elia of 2010 {	Percent(%)	100.00	55.66	44.34
End of 2015 { Vessels		16 092	9 820	6 272
End of 2015 (Percent(%)	100.00	61.02	38.98
With operation		14 170	9 016	5 154
Without operation throughout the year		1 922	804	1 118

Note: In 2010, powered fishing crafts excluded "non-powered sampans equipped with outboard motor", and in 2015, which were merged into powered fishing crafts, so that two censuses were not compared.

Table 7 Aquaculture area (excluding cage), by type of aquaculture

		End of 2015		End of 2010		
	Area Proportion		Number of comparing to last census	Area	Proportion	
	(ha.)	(%)	(ha.)	(ha.)	(%)	
Total	41 958	100.00	-2 124	44 082	100.00	
Pond culture	36 860	87.85	-96	36 956	83.83	
Shallow sea culture	2 909	6.93	-1 187	4 096	9.29	
Other culture	22	0.05	-19	41	0.09	
Suspend-culture	2 167	5.16	-822	2 989	6.78	

III. The Population of Farm Households and Agricultural Labor Force

A. Family population of farm household decreased continuously; education of managers improved, but trend in overall average age of managers was higher.

By the end of 2015, the population of farm households amounted to 2,710,680 persons, decreasing by 264,843 persons in 5 years; the average population per household was 3.5 persons, decreasing by 0.3 persons in 5 years, with higher decrease range than national average population per household. The average age of mangers engaging in agriculture was 63.5 years old, increasing 1.5 years old in 5 years; as for the education, senior high (vocational) school and above accounted for 32.7%, increasing by 6.9 percentage points.

Table 8 Population of farm households

		End of 2015		End of 2010			
	Number	Family population	Increased/ Decreased rate of comparing to last census	Number	Number Family population		
	(household)	(person)	(%)	(household)	(person)	(%)	
Farm households	778 930	2 710 680	-8.90	780 388	2 975 523	-12.93	
Accounting for national population (%)		11.54			12.85		

Table 9 Number of farm households, by family member

	End of	f 2015	End of	f 2010	Compariso	n in 5 years	
	Number	Proportion	Number	Proportion	Increased/ Decreased number	Proportion	
	(household)	(%)	(household)	(%)	(household)	(percentage point)	
Total	719 922	100.00	720 344	100.00	-422		
1~3 persons	391 988	54.45	347 506	48.24	44 482	6.21	
1 person	117 680	16.35	85 110	11.82	32 570	4.53	
2 persons	153 648	21.34	156 385	21.71	-2 737	-0.37	
3 persons	120 660	16.76	106 011	14.72	14 649	2.04	
4~6 persons	267 704	37.19	295 885	41.08	-28 181	-3.89	
4 persons	117 445	16.31	117 852	16.36	-407	-0.05	
5 persons	91 371	12.69	104 505	14.51	-13 134	-1.82	
6 persons	58 888	8.18	73 528	10.21	-14 640	-2.03	
7 persons and over	60 230	8.37	76 953	10.68	-16 723	-2.32	
Average population per household (persons)	3.53		3.9	85	-0.32		
The national average population per household (persons)			2.9	92	-0.15		

Table 10 Managers engaged in agriculture, by sex and age

	End of	f 2015	End of	f 2010	Comparis	son in 5 years	
	Number	Proportion	Number	Proportion	Increased/ Decreased number	Proportion	
	(person)	(%)	(person)	(%)	(person)	(percentage point)	
Total	721 220	100.00	721 446	100.00	-226		
By sex							
Male	570 528	79.11	584 706	81.05	-14 178	-1.94	
Female	150 692	20.89	136 740	18.95	13 952	1.94	
By age							
$15\sim24$ years old	560	0.08	641	0.09	-81	-0.01	
$25\sim44$ years old	40 234	5.58	56 510	7.83	-16 276	-2.25	
$45\sim64$ years old	349 329	48.44	347 333	48.15	1 996	0.29	
Over 65 years old	331 097	45.91	316 962	43.93	14 135	1.97	
Average age (years old)	63.51		62.	03	1.48		

Table 11 Managers engaged in agriculture, by education

Unit: %

			Ullit. /Ø				
	End o	f 2015	End o	f 2010	Comparison in 5 years		
	Numbers	Proportion	Numbers	Proportion	Increased/ Decreased number	Proportion	
	(person)	(%)	(person)	(%)	(person)	(percentage point)	
Total	721 220	100.00	721 446	100.00	-226		
Primary school and below	326 056	45.21	391 056	54.20	-65 000	-9.00	
Junior high school	159 360	22.10	144 005	19.96	15 355	2.14	
Senior high(vocational) school	172 047	23.85	136 931	18.98	35 116	4.87	
Junior college and above	63 757	8.84	49 454	6.86	14 303	1.99	

B. Up to 200,563 employees at peak were hired for crops planting monthly, and averagely 11,000 employees were hired for livestock & poultry raising monthly.

The employees engaging in agriculture were most affected by season. About 120,000 to 210,000 employees were hired for crops planting, livestock & poultry raising in each month of 2015, among which 170,000 to 200,000 employees were hired for crops planting

during the peak of April and November, and only 110,000 to 120,000 employees during the off-peak period of January and February. The employees hired for livestock & poultry raising were relatively stable, about 11,000 persons.

Table 12 Employees engaged in agriculture, by main industry and month

			Unit: person		
	Total	Crops planting	Livestock & poultry raising	Transition leisure	
January	122 441	111 450	10 667	324	
February	129 865	118 676	10 803	386	
March	159 615	148 131	11 160	324	
April	212 443	200 563	11 545	335	
May	152 081	140 796	10 953	332	
June	156 917	145 585	10 998	334	
July	159 950	148 711	10 858	381	
August	170 795	159 127	11 286	382	
September	181 858	170 412	11 099	347	
October	167 566	156 179	11 033	354	
November	187 197	176 025	10 829	343	
December	153 041	141 515	11 152	374	

IV. Number of Enterprises Producing Main Agricultural and Fishery Products

A. The number of corn (food) planting increased by 90.2%, and betel nut planting decreased by 20.0%.

In 2015, the number of rice planting was 257,400 enterprises, accounting for 36.3% of the total crops planting enterprises, and due to the influence of activation of fallow land, rice planting enterprises increased by 6.2% in 5 years. There were 33,521 enterprises to plant corn (food), increasing by 90.2%, and 34,666 enterprises plant betel nut, decreasing by 20.0%, due to wind damage and restrict planting in hillsides.

				201:	5			2010)	Comparison	n in 5 years
	Number	Proportion	Order	Main di	stributed cou (Top 3)	unty/city	% of planting enterprises of the category		Order	Increased /Decreased enterprises	Increased /Decreased rate
	(enterprise)	(%)					(%)	(enterprise)		(enterprise)	(%)
Crops planting enterprises*	710 070	100.00						714 266			
Rice	257 400	36.25	1	Changhua County	Yunlin County	Taichung City	47.59	242 448	1	14 952	6.17
Banana	36 747	5.18	2	Kaohsiung City	Pingtung County	Nantou County	48.47	29 234	4	7 513	25.70
Bamboo shoot	36 691	5.17	3	New Taipei City	Tainan City	Chiayi County	44.95	39 170	3	-2 479	-6.33
Betel nut	34 666	4.88	4	Pingtung County	Nantou County	Chiayi County	84.97	43 307	2	-8 641	-19.95
Com (Food)	33 521	4.72	5	Tainan City	Yunlin County	Kaohsiung City	51.84	17 622	12	15 899	90.22
Cabbage	31 915	4.49	6	New Taipei City	Taoyuan City	Hsinchu County	35.53	28 947	6	2 968	10.25
Peanut	31 719	4.47	7	Yunlin County	Changhua County	Penghu County	77.84	29 047	5	2 672	9.20
Citrus	30 510	4.30	8	Pingtung County	Taichung City	Hsinchu County	34.97	27 654	8	2 856	10.33
Mongo	30 171	4.25	9	Tainan City	Kaohsiung City	Pingtung County	80.89	27 807	7	2 364	8.50
Longan	24 650	3.47	10	Tainan City	Kaohsiung City	Taichung City	55.94	25 352	9	-702	-2.77

Table 13 Top 10 kinds of crops planting in agriculture

B. The cultivated land area with facilitated farming increased by 10.4%; the crops planting area without applying chemical fertilizers and synthetic pesticides speedily increased.

By the end of 2015, the cultivated land area with facilitated farming was 33,444 ha., increasing by 3,162 ha. or 10.4% in 5 years, and which mainly used with shelving and screen house. The crops planting area without applying chemical fertilizers and synthetic pesticides was 52,254 ha., increasing by 10,948 ha. or 26.5%, such that the increase range was higher than the 5.9% at the end of 2010.

Note: 1. * The crops planting enterprises refer to total enterprises planting crops, not the total enterprises planting 10 kinds of crops listed in the Table.

^{2.} If an enterprise planted more than two kinds of crops, the enterprise will be numbered into the enterprises planting each kind of crops.

^{3.} Top 10 kinds of crops exclude green manure crops.

	Number		Area –		
	Number	Proportion	Aica	Proportion	
	(enterprise)	(%)	(ha.)	(%)	
End of 2010	48 036		30 282		
End of 2015	50 541	100.00*	33 444	100.00	
Tunnel shed	1 473	2.91	1 452	4.34	
Shelving	25 202	49.86	14 947	44.69	
Screen house	16 517	32.68	11 839	35.40	
Plastic house	3 026	5.99	1 911	5.72	
Greenhouse	2 050	4.06	1 454	4.35	
Others	3 094	6.12	1 839	5.50	

Table 14 The status for cultivated land area with facilitated farming

Note: 1. Enterprise using agricultural facilities refers to using agricultural facilities to plant crops on cultivated land or non-cultivated land.

- 2. *If an enterprise used more than two kinds of agricultural facilities, then the enterprise was separately calculated into the number of the enterprises using that kind of agricultural facility, so that the accumulated number was larger than the total number of enterprises using agricultural facilities.
- 3. Others include general house or light steel mushroom house, and upright cultivation (such as pitaya), multi-shelf cultivation (such as strawberry), LED lighting (such as chrysanthemum), etc.

Table 15 The status for crops planting area with applying chemical fertilizers and synthetic pesticides

Unit: ha.

	Total	Without applied chemical fertilizers and synthetic pesticides	Applied chemical fertilizers and synthetic pesticides	Applied chemical fertilizers only	Applied synthetic pesticides only
End of 2010{area percent(%)	452 404 100.00	41 306 9.13	379 591 83.91	24 132 5.33	7 375 1.63
End of 2015{area percent(%)	486 520 100.00	52 254 10.74	387 927 79.74	38 310 7.87	8 029 1.65
Taiwan Area	484 812	52 025	386 633	38 143	8 011
Northern Region	50 310	8 821	34 699	5 850	940
Central Region	195 872	14 724	170 668	8 429	2 051
Southern Region	199 770	19 170	156 432	20 238	3 929
Eastern Region	38 860	9 310	24 833	3 626	1 090
Kinma Area	1 708	229	1 294	166	18

Note: By the end of 2005, the area for crops planting was 471,776 ha., of which 39,001 ha. on which no chemical fertilizers and synthetic pesticides were applied.

C. Hogs raised enterprises decreased by 18.6% and broiler raised enterprises decreased by 49.0%; however, the average hogs and broilers raising scale enlarged.

In 2015, among the enterprises raising livestock, 6,213 enterprises raising hogs were the most, decreasing by 18.6% in 5 years, and averagely each enterprise raised 759 hogs at

the end of 2015, with an increase range of 22.2%. As for the enterprises raising poultry, 9,669 enterprises raising broilers were the most, with a decrease range 49.0%. It was due to small-scale enterprises' recession. Averagely each enterprise raised 6,142 broilers at the end of 2015, with an increase range of 48.0%.

Table 16 Enterprises in agriculture by the number of hogs at year end

	End of	f 2015	End o	f 2010	Comparison in 5 years		
	Numbers	Proportion	Numbers	Proportion	Increased/ Decreased numbers	Increased/ Decreased rate	
	(enterprise)	(%)	(enterprise)	(%)	(enterprise)	(%)	
Total	6 213	100.00	7 633	100.00	-1 420	-18.60	
Under 50	1 652	26.59	2 981	39.05	-1 329	-44.58	
50~99	400	6.44	460	6.03	-60	-13.04	
100~499	1 656	26.65	1 789	23.44	-133	-7.43	
500~999	1 197	19.27	1 165	15.26	32	2.75	
1,000~1,999	814	13.10	790	10.35	24	3.04	
2,000 and over	494	7.95	448	5.87	46	10.27	
Average raised number per enterprise at the end of the year	759		62	21	138		

Note: The raising scale of hogs included the raising number of "piglets".

Table 17 Enterprises in agriculture by the number of broilers at year end

	End o	f 2015	End o	f 2010	Comparison in 5 years		
	Numbers	Proportion	Numbers	Proportion	Increased/ Decreased numbers	Increased/ Decreased rate	
	(enterprise)	(%)	(enterprise)	(%)	(enterprise)	(%)	
Total	9 669	100.00	18 960	100.00	-9 291	-49.00	
Under 50	5 855	60.55	14 408	75.99	-8 553	-59.36	
50~99	654	6.76	1 058	5.58	-404	-38.19	
100~999	945	9.77	1 108	5.85	-163	-14.71	
1,000~9,999	545	5.64	614	3.24	-69	-11.24	
10,000~49,999	1 371	14.18	1 394	7.35	-23	-1.65	
50,000 and over	299	3.09	378	1.99	-79	-20.90	
Average raised number per enterprise at the end of the year	6 142		4 1	.50	19	992	

Note: The enterprises raising broilers included the enterprises raising "white broilers", "colored broilers", and "breeders for chicken".

D. The number of enterprises cultivating grouper and hard clams increased, and the enterprises cultivated tilapia decreased.

In 2015, among the enterprises of aquaculture, 6,299 enterprises cultivating milkfish were the most, accounting for 24.6% of total cultivating enterprises, increasing by 0.6% in 5 years; 4,409 enterprises cultivating tilapia decreased by 19.6% due to influence of declined demand for exports. 3,536 enterprises cultivating hard clam, and 2,205 enterprises cultivating grouper increased by 9.8% and 18.9% respectively.

Comparison 2015 2010 in 5 years Increased/ Increased/ % of Number Proportion Number Decreased Decreased Main distributed County (City) aquaculture Order enterprises Order Top 3 of the category (enterprise) (%) (%) (enterprise) (enterprise) (%) Aquaculture 25 632 100.00 26 995 enterprises* Kaohsiung Chiavi Tainan Milkfish 6 299 95.05 6 260 24.57 39 0.62 City City County Tainan Chiavi Yunlin Tilapia 4 409 17.20 68.54 5 481 2 -1 072 -19.56 County County City Yunlin Changhua Chiayi Hard clam 13.80 3 90.38 3 221 315 9.78 3 5 3 6 County County County Tainan Chiayi Changhua 10.10 4 75.05 2 647 Oysters 2 589 -2.19-58 County City County Pingtung Kaohsiung Tainan Grouper 2 2 0 5 8.60 85.49 1 855 350 18.87 County City City Chiayi Tainan Pingtung 1 887 60.94 1 902 Whiteleg shrimp 7.36 -15 0.79 County City County Giant fresh Pingtung Kaohsiung Changhua 1 691 6.60 97.28 1 763 -4.08 -72 water prawn County City County Kaohsiung Chiayi Pingtung 4.23 80.74 1 210 8 Sea perch 1 085 -125 -10.33 City County County

Table 18 Top 8 species of aquaculture in fishery

Note: 1. * The aquaculture enterprises refer to total enterprises cultivating fish, not the total enterprises cultivating 8 species of fish listed in the Table.

V. The Main Distributors of Agricultural and Fishery Products

A. The number of distributors for rice planting was government purchase exceeding 20%; the most distributors for fruits planting and chickens raising were shippers & wholesaler exceeding 60%.

In 2015, among the main distributors of agricultural products, shippers and wholesaler were the most; the same for fruits planting and broilers raising were 65.1% and 68.8%

^{2.}If an enterprise cultivated more than two species of fish, the enterprise will be numbered into the enterprises cultivating each kind of crops.

respectively. The number of distributors for rice planting accounted for 22.2% due to government purchase, and that for vegetables planting directly sold to consumers also accounted for near 20.0%.

Table 19 The main distributors of agricultural products by main industry

Unit: % Main distributor of agricultural Main distributors products sold % of main (Top 3) (enterprise) industry of the category Total 565 483 551 927 Shippers, wholesaler $50.21 \frac{Processing}{factory}$ 15.51 Government purchase 74.30 **Crop planting** 213 692 Shippers, wholesaler 36.57 Processing factory 34.32 Government purchase 22.16 Rice planting 93.05 47 707 Shippers, Coarse grains planting 58.62 Farmer group 24.28 Consumers 9.30 92.20 wholesaler 26 432 Shippers, wholesaler 35.83 Processing factory 32.25 Others Special crops planting 18.59 86.67 99 319 Shippers, wholesaler 19.40 Wholesale markets Vegetables planting 56.33 Consumers 14.49 90.22 153 077 Shippers, 65.07 Wholesale markets Fruits planting 17.53 Consumers 10.62 93.22 wholesaler 1 280 Shippers, 55.78 Processing factory 28.05 Wholesale markets Mushroom planting 6.09 89.92 wholesaler 4 719 Shippers, 39.39 Wholesale markets Flowers planting 33.76 Consumers 8.35 81.50 wholesaler 5 701 Shippers, wholesaler Other crops planting 60.06 Consumers 18.54 Retailers 8.84 87.44 13 556 Shippers, $54.40 \frac{\text{Processing}}{\text{factory}}$ 19.28 Wholesale markets Livestock & poultry 16.84 90.52 wholesaler raising 52.92 Shippers, 39.31 Wholesale markets 926 Processing factory Beef raising 3.46 95.68 wholesaler 5 407 Shippers, 49.07 Wholesale 32.03 Processing factory Hogs raising 12.80 93.90 markets wholesaler 1 506 Shippers, wholesaler 33.60 Processing factory 31.94 Consumers Other livestock raising 16.40 81.94 4 030 Shippers, 68.76 Processing factory 16.25 Wholesale markets **Broilers** raising 7.07 92.08 wholesaler 1 139 Shippers, 69.10 Processing Ducks raising 20.72 Others 5.18 95.00 wholesaler factory 262 Shippers, wholesaler 77.48 Wholesale markets $8.02 \frac{\text{Processing}}{\text{factory}}$ Other poultry raising 6.49 91.98 286 Shippers, wholesaler Other livestock & 31.47 Consumers 25.87 Retailers 16.43 73.78 poultry raising

Note: The statistics of main distributors in this table were based on the number of enterprises, rather than the yield distribution of agricultural products.

B. Nearly 60% of far sea fishery enterprises directly sold their fishery harvesting overseas; the number of distributors for coastal fishery were general consumers, accounting for 34.4%.

In 2015, the primary products of far sea fishery were most directly sold overseas, accounting for 59.2%; other industries still took shippers and wholesaler as the main distributors; coastal fishery main distributors was consumers, accounting for 34.4%. Aquaculture industry sold their products to shippers, wholesaler, accounting for 91.2%.

Table 20 The main distributors of fishery products by main industry

		Unit:%							
	Main distributor of agricultural products sold (enterprise)		Main distributors (Top 3)						
Total	35 661								
Fishing fishery	11 916	Shippers, wholesaler	37.55	Consumers	22.51	Wholesale markets	18.55	78.60	
Far sea	682	Foreign base	59.24	Shippers, wholesaler	21.70	Wholesale markets	10.26	91.20	
Offshore	4 777	Shippers, wholesaler	42.81	Wholesale markets	28.49	Fisher group	9.38	80.68	
Coastal	6 133	Shippers, wholesaler	35.94	Consumers	34.39	Wholesale markets	12.65	82.98	
Inland	324	Consumers		Shippers, wholesaler	23.77	Retailers	19.14	86.42	
Aquaculture	23 745	Shippers, wholesaler	91.16	Wholesale markets	3.50	Consumers	1.70	96.36	
Marine	2 425	Shippers, wholesaler	88.91	Consumers	5.11	Wholesale markets	2.76	96.78	
Inland brackish water	12 976	Shippers, wholesaler	92.96	Wholesale markets	3.07	Consumers	0.92	96.95	
Fresh water	8 344	Shippers, wholesaler	89.02	Wholesale markets	4.37	Consumers	1.93	95.33	

Note: The statistics of main distributors in this table were based on the number of enterprises, rather than the yield distribution of fishery products.

VI. Agriculture-related and Fishery-related Business

The agriculture-related and fishery-related business most were peddlers; more than 2,000 enterprises engaged in leisure agriculture and restaurants.

By the end of 2015, among the enterprises operating agriculture-related business, 30,121 enterprises operated peddlers as the most; 5,992 enterprises operated food

processing; 2,222 enterprises operated leisure agriculture and restaurants; 771 enterprises operated internet sales. As for fishery, also 2,537 enterprises operated peddlers as the most; 447 enterprises operated leisure fishery and restaurants.

Table 21 Enterprises of operating agriculture-related business

End of 2015 Unit: % Operating Food businesses processing agriculture Restaurants Leisure Retail Internet Export Peddler sales sales trade 346 Number (enterprise) 38 709 5 992 1876 1 685 771 30 121 196 Grand total { 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 **Proportion** By region Taiwan area 99.70 99.88 99.95 97.40 99.94 99.87 100.00 99.66 Northern region 34.37 22.81 31.88 37.57 28.49 37.79 10.71 13.62 Central region 34.24 34.80 41.90 22.54 46.11 26.46 33.20 50.00 Southern region 28.99 38.07 16.04 28.90 19.70 45.91 27.63 36.73 Eastern region 2.10 4.21 10.13 8.38 5.64 13.88 1.04 2.55 Kinma area 0.30 0.12 0.05 2.60 0.06 0.13 0.34 By main industry Crops planting 97.55 95.53 88.59 84.10 92.34 96.11 98.50 99.49 Rice planting 2.70 2.15 3.73 4.62 3.32 4.41 2.69 Coarse grains planting 7.48 0.65 0.96 1.16 1.60 3.63 9.34 0.51 Special crops planting 11.28 54.74 14.07 13.29 43.86 10.64 2.85 2.55 Vegetables planting 37.77 5.06 27.56 41.33 12.46 23.48 45.32 9.69 Fruits planting 34.41 26.29 31.40 19.08 15.37 47.86 36.35 31.63 Mushroom planting 1.12 6.49 0.59 1.45 1.54 1.30 0.11 Flowers planting 1.26 0.13 5.70 2.89 6.29 2.72 0.61 52.04 Other crops planting 1.52 0.02 4.58 0.29 7.89 2.08 1.23 3.06 Livestock & poultry raising 6.02 15.90 1.50 2.19 4.47 7.66 3.89 0.51 Livestock raising 1.03 2.32 3.84 4.91 4.09 1.30 0.64 Poultry raising 0.89 1.35 1.81 10.69 2.20 1.30 0.72 0.51 Other livestock & poultry raising 0.27 0.80 0.37 0.29 1.36 1.30 0.14 Transition leisure 0.26 5.38

Note: 1. With self-owned agricultural resources operated food processing and leisure agriculture, or operated related businesses (excluding internet sales and agricultural products export) outside of self-owned agricultural resources, and should have the input on self-owned agricultural products.

^{2.}If an enterprise operating more than two kind's related businesses at one time, it should be included in the related businesses respectively.

Table 22 Enterprises of operating fishery-related business

End of 2015 Unit: % Operating Food Leisure Retail Internet Export Restaurants Peddler related businesses processing fishery sales sales trade 329 **Number (enterprise)** 3 362 70 323 124 **75** 34 2 5 3 7 **Grand total { Proportion** 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00 By region 98.14 Taiwan area 97.50 95.71 95.16 97.33 100.00 97.16 100.00 Northern region 44.50 25.71 42.72 39.52 38.67 26.47 51.64 0.61 Central region 18.57 17.65 9.33 8.82 0.30 13.41 11.29 14.66 Southern region 47.14 29.10 58.82 99.09 37.63 31.45 44.00 29.96 Eastern region 4.29 5.88 1.96 8.67 12.90 5.33 0.91 Kinma area 2.50 4.29 1.86 4.84 2.67 2.84 By main operation type Fishing fishery 75.70 40.00 24.15 47.58 52.00 11.76 81.75 93.62 Far sea 9.22 4.29 0.31 0.81 1.33 93.62 Offshore 16.66 20.00 11.76 25.00 21.33 2.94 18.80 Coastal 47.38 12.86 10.22 19.35 29.33 8.82 60.15 Inland 2.44 2.86 1.86 2.42 2.80 Aquaculture 19.39 60.00 24.77 52.42 48.00 88.24 18.25 6.38 Marine 4.29 1.86 5.88 0.61 5.15 4.84 6.67 6.15 Inland brackish water 38.57 7.12 13.71 21.33 55.88 7.61 2.13 7.85 Fresh water 6.40 17.14 15.79 33.87 20.00 26.47 4.49 3.65 Transition leisure

4.91

51.08

Note: 1. With self-owned fishery resources operated food processing and leisure fishery, or operated related businesses (excluding internet sales and fishery products export) outside of self-owned fishery resources, and should have the input on self-owned primary fishery products.

^{2.} If an enterprise operating more than two kind's related businesses at one time, it should be included in the related businesses respectively.

VII. Gross Income of Agriculture and Fishery

A. Gross income of agriculture and fishery increased.

In 2015, gross income of agriculture amounted to NT\$272,262 million, increasing NT\$73,176 million or 36.8% in 5 years, among which gross income of coarse grains planting increased by 1.2 times, due to the promotion of fallowed agricultural land activation. Average gross income per family of farm households was NT\$428,000, increasing by 33.3%. Gross income of fishery amounted to NT\$76,733 million, increasing by NT\$9,350 million or 13.9%, among which the export trade demand on inland brackish water aquaculture increased by 64.9%; average gross income per family of sole proprietorship fishery households was NT\$1,561,000, increasing by 43.3%.

Table 23 Gross income of agriculture and fishery

		20	15		2010				
	Enterprises	Enterprises with gross income	Average annual gross income per enterprise	Enterprises without gross income	Enterprises	Enterprises with gross income	Average annual gross income per enterprise	Enterprises without gross income	
	(enterprise)	(enterprise)	(NT\$1,000)	(enterprise)	(enterprise)	(enterprise)	(NT\$1,000)	(enterprise)	
Agriculture	721 220	565 796	481	155 424	721 446	551 815	361	169 631	
Farm households	719 922	564 569	428	155 353	720 344	550 798	321	169 546	
Farms	1 298	1 227	24 740	71	1 102	1 017	21 867	85	
Fishery	40 166	35 821	2 142	4 345	43 194	40 955	1 645	2 239	
Sole proprietorship Fishery households	39 279	34 949	1 561	4 330	41 749	39 540	1 089	2 209	
Non-sole proprietorship Fishery households	887	872	25 433	15	1 445	1 415	17 179	30	

Note: Gross income excluded agricultural and fishery subsidies; same conditions applied to the following tables.

Table 24 Annual gross income of agriculture, by main industry

	20	15	20	10	Comp	years	
	Gross income	Proportion	Gross income	Proportion	Increased/ Decreased number	Proportion	Increased/ Decreased rate
	(NTD Million)	()	(NTD Million)	(, , ,	(NTD Million)	(%)	(%)
Total	272 262	100.00	199 086	100.00	73 176	100.00	36.76
Crop planting	184 304	67.69	127 750	64.17	56 553	77.28	44.27
Rice planting	34 258	12.58	27 674	13.90	6 583	9.00	23.79
Coarse grains planting	9 248	3.40	4 222	2.12	5 026	6.87	119.06
Special crops planting	14 693	5.40	10 933	5.49	3 760	5.14	34.39
Vegetables planting	40 240	14.78	25 228	12.67	15 013	20.52	59.51
Fruits planting	62 991	23.14	46 446	23.33	16 545	22.61	35.62
Mushroom planting	6 980	2.56	3 606	1.81	3 374	4.61	93.57
Flowers planting	11 237	4.13	7 506	3.77	3 731	5.10	49.71
Other crops planting	4 657	1.71	2 136	1.07	2 521	3.44	118.01
Livestock & poultry raising	87 414	32.11	70 449	35.39	16 965	23.18	24.08
Livestock raising	53 053	19.49	43 777	21.99	9 275	12.67	21.19
Beef raising	11 626	4.27	8 479	4.26	3 147	4.30	37.11
Hogs raising	39 434	14.48	33 751	16.95	5 682	7.77	16.84
Other livestock raising	1 993	0.73	1 547	0.78	446	0.61	28.80
Poultry raising	34 016	12.49	26 466	13.29	7 550	10.32	28.53
Broilers raising	30 014	11.02	23 034	11.57	6 979	9.54	30.30
Ducks raising	3 170	1.16	2 327	1.17	843	1.15	36.23
Other poultry raising	832	0.31	1 105	0.56	-273	-0.37	-24.68
Other livestock & poultry raising	345	0.13	205	0.10	140	0.19	68.48
Transition leisure	545	0.20	887	0.45	-342	-0.47	-38.54

Table 25 Annual gross income of fishery, by main industry

	2015		20	10	Comparison in 5 years			
	Gross income	Proportion	Gross income	Proportion	Increased/ Decreased number	Proportion	Increased/ Decreased rate	
	(NTD Million)	(%)	(NTD Million)	(%)	(NTD Million)	(%)	(%)	
Total	76 733	100.00	67 383	100.00	9 350	100.00	13.88	
Fishing fishery	36 425	47.47	35 934	53.33	491	5.25	1.37	
Far Sea	21 682	28.26	25 499	37.84	-3 817	-40.82	-14.97	
Offshore	12 266	15.99	7 966	11.82	4 300	45.99	53.99	
Coastal	2 429	3.17	2 419	3.59	10	0.11	0.42	
Inland	47	0.06	50	0.07	-3	-0.03	-5.20	
Aquaculture	40 120	52.29	31 315	46.47	8 805	94.17	28.12	
Marine	2 403	3.13	1 994	2.96	409	4.38	20.54	
Inland brackish water	23 455	30.57	14 223	21.11	9 231	98.73	64.90	
Fresh water	14 262	18.59	15 098	22.41	-836	-8.94	-5.53	
Transition leisure	188	0.24	134	0.20	54	0.58	40.16	

B. Diversified operation was better than traditional operation both in agriculture and fishery.

In 2015, the average gross income of diversified operation per farm household and sole-proprietorship fishery household was NT\$1,538,000 and NT\$1,679,000 respectively, higher than NT\$414,000 and NT\$1,560,000 of traditional operation in same industry respectively.

Table 26 Annual gross income of traditional and diversified operation of agriculture,

by type of organization and main industry

		Tradition	al operation		Diversified operation				
	Total		with gross ome Ave. annual gross income per enterprise	Enterprises without gross income	Total	Enterprises inco		Enterprises without gross income	
	(enterprise)	(enterprise)	(NT\$1,000)	(enterprise)	(enterprise)	(enterprise)	(NT\$1,000)	(enterprise)	
2010	713 490	543 913	340	169 577	7 956	7 902	1 807	54	
2015	713 647	558 228	449	155 419	7 573	7 568	2 881	5	
Farm households	712 672	557 322	414	155 350	7 250	7 247	1 538	3	
Crops planting	699 313	544 694	295	154 619	6 903	6 900	1 479	3	
Rice planting	264 880	213 485	159	51 395	184	184	1 444	_	
Coarse grains planting	59 617	47 638	187	11 979	51	51	850	_	
Special crops planting	30 492	23 018	309	7 474	3 346	3 345	1 365	1	
Vegetables planting	141 893	98 517	381	43 376	736	736	1 157	_	
Fruits planting	183 362	151 007	400	32 355	2 036	2 034	897	2	
Mushroom planting	876	866	3 084	10	391	391	5 941	_	
Flowers planting	4 992	4 544	1 366	448	84	84	2 617	_	
Other crops planting	13 201	5 619	713	7 582	75	75	1 436	_	
Livestock & poultry raising	13 359	12 628	5 543	731	268	268	3 294	_	
Livestock raising	7 537	7 329	5 515	208	123	123	3 728	_	
Poultry raising	5 589	5 068	5 792	521	97	97	3 690	_	
Other livestock & poultry raising	233	231	954	2	48	48	1 380	_	
Transition leisure	_	_	_	_	79	79	782	_	
Farms	975	906	21 739	69	323	321	33 211	2	
Growing of Crops	378	318	24 415	60	220	218	25 574	2	
Animal Husbandry	597	588	20 293	9	81	81	56 815	_	
Transition leisure	_	_	_	_	22	22	21 974	_	

Note: 1.Traditional operation refers to the enterprises which operated agricultural production without food processing or leisure.

^{2.} Diversified operation refers to the enterprises which operated food processing or leisure with agricultural production.

Table 27 Annual gross income of traditional and diversified operation of fishery, by type of organization and main industry

		Traditiona	l operation		Diversified operation				
	Total		es with gross come Ave. annual gross income	Enterprises without gross income	Total		es with gross come Ave. annual gross income	Enterprises without gross income	
	(enterprise)	(enterprise)	per enterprise (NT\$1,000)	(enterprise)	(enterprise)	(enterprise)	per enterprise (NT\$1,000)	(enterprise)	
2010	42 760	40 521	1 637	2 239	434	434	2 417	_	
2015	39 778	35 433	2 117	4 345	388	388	4 462	_	
Sole proprietorship fishery households	38 914	34 584	1 560	4 330	365	365	1 679	_	
Fishing fishery	13 613	11 014	1 353	2 599	98	98	1 445	_	
Far sea	306	306	10 840	_	2	2	10 751	_	
Offshore	5 030	4 356	2 163	674	47	47	1 549	_	
Coastal	7 923	6 036	352	1 887	41	41	1 070	_	
Inland	354	316	139	38	8	8	437	_	
Aquaculture	25 301	23 570	1 656	1 731	111	111	3 155	_	
Marine	2 586	2 407	929	179	9	9	1 755	_	
Inland brackish Water	13 637	12 908	1 779	729	44	44	4 429	_	
Fresh water	9 078	8 255	1 676	823	58	58	2 405	_	
Transition leisure	_	_	_	_	156	156	776	_	
Non-sole proprietorship Fishery households	864	849	24 805	15	23	23	48 628	_	
Fishing fishery	799	797	25 647	2	6	6	155 917	_	
Aquaculture	65	52	11 893	13	8	8	14 515	_	
Transition leisure	_	_	_	_	9	9	7 424	_	

Note: 1. Traditional operation refers to the enterprises which operated fishery production without food processing or leisure.

^{2.} Diversified operation refers to the enterprises which operated food processing or leisure with fishery production.